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Títol

Seabed and scour protection interaction

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ABSTRACT

This study treats the removal of sediment from between one and two layers armour blocks on a 1:13 slope. The study is based on experimental data on this purpose. It has been studied spilling, plunging and surging breakers on a 1:13 slope. One mechanism is described depending the ratio between sediment and armour blocks d/D . The governed parameters are, in addition to d/D , the breaking parameter $A = \frac{T^2 g}{H}$ and the mobility number $\Psi = \frac{(H/T)^2}{g(s-1)d}$ where H can be the offshore wave height or the local wave height. Design diagrams for Ψ mobility number are given in the case of offshore wave heights and local wave heights. It has also done the comparison of the design diagrams between the slope 1:13 and the slope 1:30 studied earlier. The application of the design diagrams are shown in an example. Finally a briefly part of conclusions is given.

RESUM

Aquesta investigació tracta de l'extracció de sediment entre una i dues capes de roques com a protecció. Aquesta investigació està basada en dades experimentals obtingudes per a aquest propòsit. Han estat estudiats els trencaments d'ona *spilling*, *plunging* i *surging* per a una pendent 1:13. Un mecanisme és descrit depenent de la relació entre el tamany del sediment i el de la protecció, d/D . Els paràmetres governants són, a més de d/D , el paràmetre de trencament $A = \frac{T^2 g}{H}$ i el número de mobilitat $\Psi = \frac{(H/T)^2}{g(s-1)d}$ on H pot ser l'altura d'ona offshore (alta mar) o l'altura d'ona local. Són presentats diagrames per al disseny en funció del número de mobilitat tant per altures d'ona offshore com per altures d'ona locals. S'han comparat els diagrames de disseny per una capa i dues capes, per a una pendent 1:13. També s'ha dut a terme la comparació dels diagrames de disseny per una capa de protecció entre les pendent 1:13 i 1:30

(aquesta última estudiada anteriorment). Finalment es mostra una petita part de conclusions.

PREFACE

This report is a master thesis (tesina in catalan) carried out in the period from the end of September 2008 to the end of June 2009 at the section of Coastal and River Engineering, a part of the Departament of Mechanical Engineering (MEK) at the Technical University of Denmark (DTU). The report was carried out under supervision of Professor B. Mutlu Sumer and Professor Octavio César Mösso Aranda.

This report is divided into six chapters. First a short introduction to the problem of suction of sediment in breaking waves. The second chapter is about the experimental setup and the procedures behind the experiments. Chapter three is about the test conditions. Both the conditions and the results are listed in tables. Chapter four leads the reader through the mechanism of suction caused by spilling and plunging breakers on a 1:30 slope. Chapter five is about the dimensionless parameters used in the study and the idea behind them. Finally chapter six gives the design diagrams for critical suction on a 1:13 slope, several comparisons between design diagrams, and a practical example about the application of these design diagrams.

I would like to thank Professor Mutlu Sumer, Professor Octavio César Mösso Aranda and Anders Wedel Nielsen for their guidance and help. Also thanks to the staff in the laboratory for their help and assistance.

Note: All the data and results are not allowed to be used in any case without the authorization of the author by third parts.

NOMENCLATURE

A	wave breaking parameter
c_D	drag coefficient
D	armour layer stone size, if nothing else noticed D_{50} (the diameter corresponding to 50% of the material being finer)
d	particle or sediment diameter, if nothing else noticed d_{50} (the diameter corresponding to 50% of the material being finer)
De	Dean Number
g	acceleration due to gravity (9.81m/s^2)
H	wave height
H_0	deep water wave height
h	water depth
h_0	'deep' water depth
h_{hole}	local height in a hole. Measured from base bottom
L	wave length
L_0	deep water wave length
l	local horizontal distance
l_{break}	Distance from point of breaking to measurement section
l_{mes}	the distance from the beginning of the slope to the measurements section
m	mass
m_p	mass of particle
N	number of waves
s	specific gravity of particle or sediment
S	distance from beginning of slope to the shore line
T	wave period
U_m	maximum horizontal velocity of wave measured at $y = D$
w_s	fall velocity
α	angle of a descending eddy
β	bed slope angle
η	local water elevation

ν	kinematic viscosity ($10^{-6}\text{m}^2/\text{s}$)
ξ_0	surf similarity parameter (or Iribarren number)
ρ	density
σ	standard deviation
ψ	Mobility number
ω	angular frequency of waves or descending eddies

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1. INTRODUCTION

One of the main objectives in coastal engineering is to avoid the erosion of a sand bed. Included in the term erosion, exists specifically the term scour. The meaning of the term scour is the removal of sand bed (granular bed material) due to the hydrodynamic forces in the proximity of coastal structures. This study will treat the case of the failure of the scour protection due to breaking waves.

Rock dumping is one of the methods widely used for scour protection. The Rock Dumping method has several applications such as: protection of the subsea constructions (mattresses, platforms, pipelines, etc.), levelling of the seabed before installing platforms or pipelines Interesting applications related to this study are the protection of the foundations of a structure built in the surf zone (for example: the piles of a bridge or a windmill) or the protection of a beach at the foot of a cliff.

A type of protection is armour (rock) layers which can be designed in many different forms. The simplest type is one layer of big stones where more layers can be added to improve the effect of the protection.

Regarding the removal of sediment from between armour blocks, some studies have been made. Sumer et al. [2001] investigated the process of suction from a base sediment bed covered by an armour block/stone layer in steady current. It was determined the mechanism responsible for the suction process, critical conditions for the onset of suction and implications for the armour layer. Hatipoglu et al. [2008] made an extension of Sumer's work in the case of waves and combined waves and currents. Nielsen [2004] found the mechanism of removal of sediment from between one layer of armour blocks/stones in the case of breaking waves and made design diagrams for the onset of suction.

The experimental work in this report is a follow up to Nielsen [2004] and it has the objective to study the process of removal of sediment from between one and two layers of armour blocks/stones, to compare the results with the work of Nielsen [2004], and to make design diagrams for the onset of suction considering: one and two layers of armour stones, and two different slopes for the base sediment bed. Dimensionless parameters for sediment mobility and the breaking have been used to carry out the composition of the diagrams.

2. EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

2.1 The Flume

All the experimentation was executed in a water flume with the following dimensions: 4m in width, 1m in depth and 34m in length. The effective length of the flume (without wave maker and outlet) is 28m. Waves were generated with a piston type wave maker controlled by DHI Wave Synthesizer with AWACS version 2.15 (Active Wave Absorption Control System). The flume has also the possibility for generation of a current by recirculation of the water. This possibility was not used during these experiments. The water depth in the experiments was maintained at $h=0.40$ m. In some cases it was changed to produce the breaking of waves at the same distance from the toe of the slope.

The active wave absorber works in the following way: 3 wave gauges were fixed on 3 girders across the flume. 2 were static and 1 was dynamic. The two statics were placed: one in the offshore and the other one on the toe of the slope. The dynamic one was placed in the surf zone. A calibration was carried out comparing the wave height measured on the gauges with the wave height required by the amplitude wave theory, which of course results in a smaller wave height. If it is too low the flap will move forward, giving a higher wave. For further details about active wave absorption see e.g. Dean and Dalrymple [1984] p 178.



Figure 2.1: The flume where the experiments have been carried out

2.2 The sloping bed

The slope was constructed of sand. A big amount of sand was placed in the flume. See figure 2.2. The inclination of the slope was set to be 1:13 which was chosen from the previous study of Nielsen [2008]. That inclination was chosen because it was double steeper than the slope Nielsen used. The toe of the slope was located 8,20 m. after the wave generator.

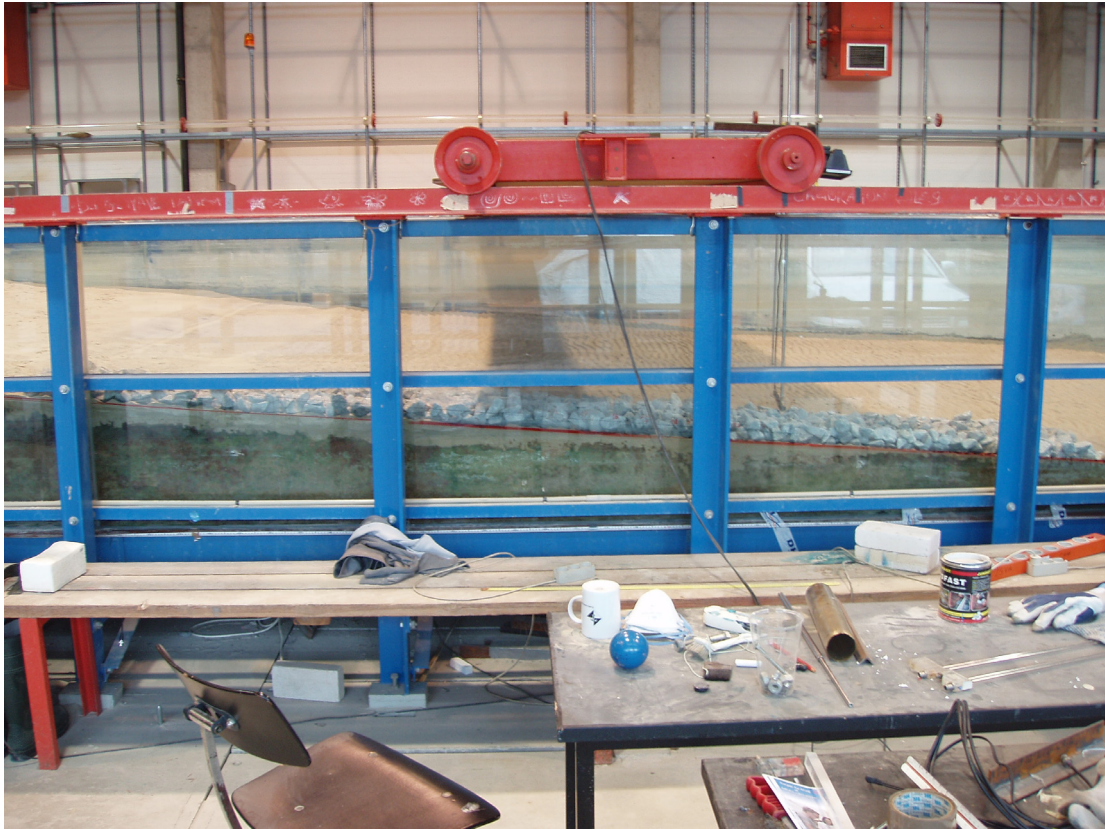


Figure 2.2: View of sloping bed and two layers of stones ($D_{50}=4\text{cm}$) of armour protection

2.3 Wave gauges

Wave heights were measured with ordinary impedance wave gauges. In order to calibrate the wave gauges, the voltage that was corresponding to a certain level of surface elevation was sampled, thus a relation between the surface elevation and voltage was obtained. For each different case of study, the calibration procedure was repeated. The calibration plots for each of the gauges in each of the sections can be found in Appendix B.

Three wave gauges were used at different locations. Two were static and one was dynamic. The two static gauges were fixed on steel girders across the flume. One of them was placed after the filter and the other was placed above the toe of the slope. The dynamic gauge was fixed in a mobile platform in order to measure the wave height in the breaking wave line for all the tests.



Figure 2.3: Wave gauge

2.4 Stones for the armour layer

The stones were placed on the slope and additionally on the box in the case of having different sediment than fine sand. They were placed in an area of 0.5 m wide and between 2 and 3 m length. Three kinds of stones were used:

- (1) $D_{50} = 2.5\text{cm}$. Crushed stones.
- (2) $D_{50} = 4.0\text{cm}$. Crushed stones.
- (3) $D_{50} = 8.5\text{cm}$. Rounded natural stones.

These statistics were obtained from random samples (the size of these samples was 30). In the tests, the stones were laid one-layer deep and two-layer stone cover.

2.5 Sediment-Bed Experiments

Two kinds of sediment-bed experiments were made:

1. The sediment in the first experiments was the same sand that created the slope and the critical condition for suction was studied. See chapter 6.1.
2. The sediment in the second experiments was placed in a box 0.9 m in length, 0.17 m in depth, and about 0.6 m in width. This box was placed in-between the forming-sand slope. The surface of the sediment in the box was flush with the sand slope. The box is shown in figure 2.4.



Figure 2.4: The box in between the flume sand containing plastic particles ($d_{50} = 3.80\text{cm}$)

Four kinds of different bed sediment were used:

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (1) Fine sand(flume sand) | $d_{50} = 0.17 \text{ mm.}$ |
| (2) Single plastic particles | $d_{50} = 3.80 \text{ mm.}$ |
| (3) Medium sand | $d_{50} = 1.40 \text{ mm.}$ |
| (4) Thick sand | $d_{50} = 2.80 \text{ mm.}$ |

The properties of these materials are given in the table 3.1 (chapter 3)

2.5.1 Relative density and Specific gravity

The relative gravity, which is a dimensionless parameter,

$$s = \frac{\gamma_s}{\gamma}$$

is the ratio of the specific gravity γ_s of the grains and γ which is the specific gravity of the water at 4°C. For sand sediments it is often close to 2.65.

The determination of the specific gravity was carried out by the fall velocity. The particle was dropped in a vertical pipe filled with water and the time of fall was measured. The formula used to calculate the specific gravity was (Fredsoe and Deigaard [1992] p. 199):

$$s = 1 + \frac{3C_D \omega_s^2}{4gd}$$

where the drag coefficient C_D was found in “Schlichting diagram” (Schlichting [1979])

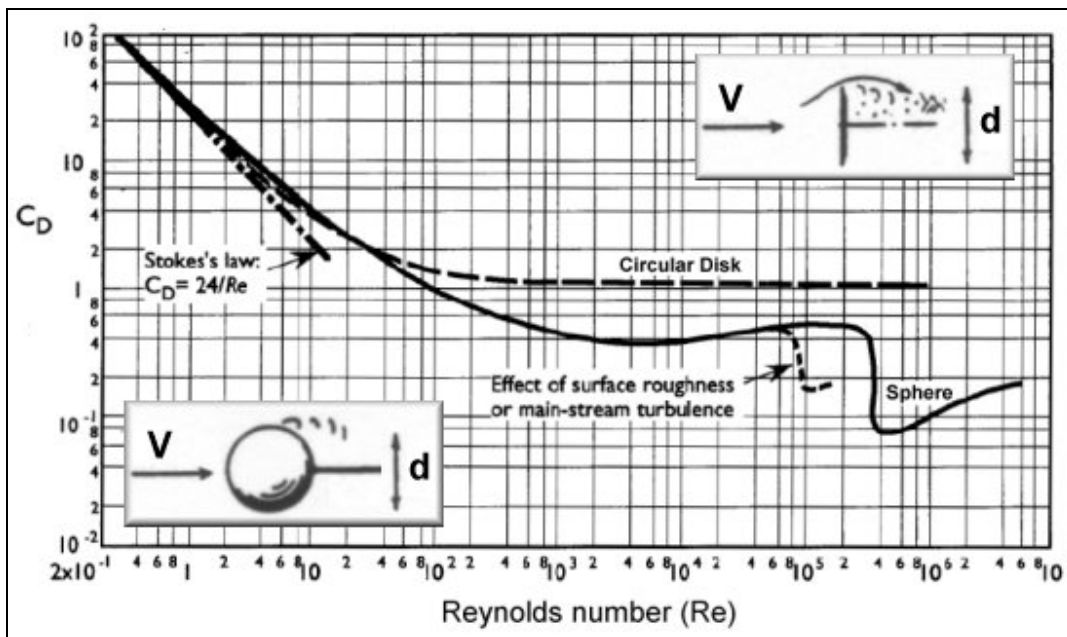


Figure 2.4: Drag coefficient of a circular disk and a sphere versus Reynolds number.

Font: www.aerospaceweb.org

Reynolds number is defined as: $Re = \frac{\omega_s d}{\nu}$

For a wide range of values of Re, the drag coefficient can be calculated as:

$$C_D = \frac{24}{Re} + \frac{6}{1 + \sqrt{Re}} + 0.4$$

2.5.2 Particle size. Sieve analysis

The most usual and convenient method for the analysis of particle size distribution is the sieve analysis, which is not applicable for particle sizes smaller than 0.06 mm. In figure 2.8 the grain-size distribution curves for a log-normal grain size distribution are plotted.



Figure 2.5: Sieve test machine



Figure 2.6: Thick sand, medium sand and flume sand



Figure 2.7: Precision weight

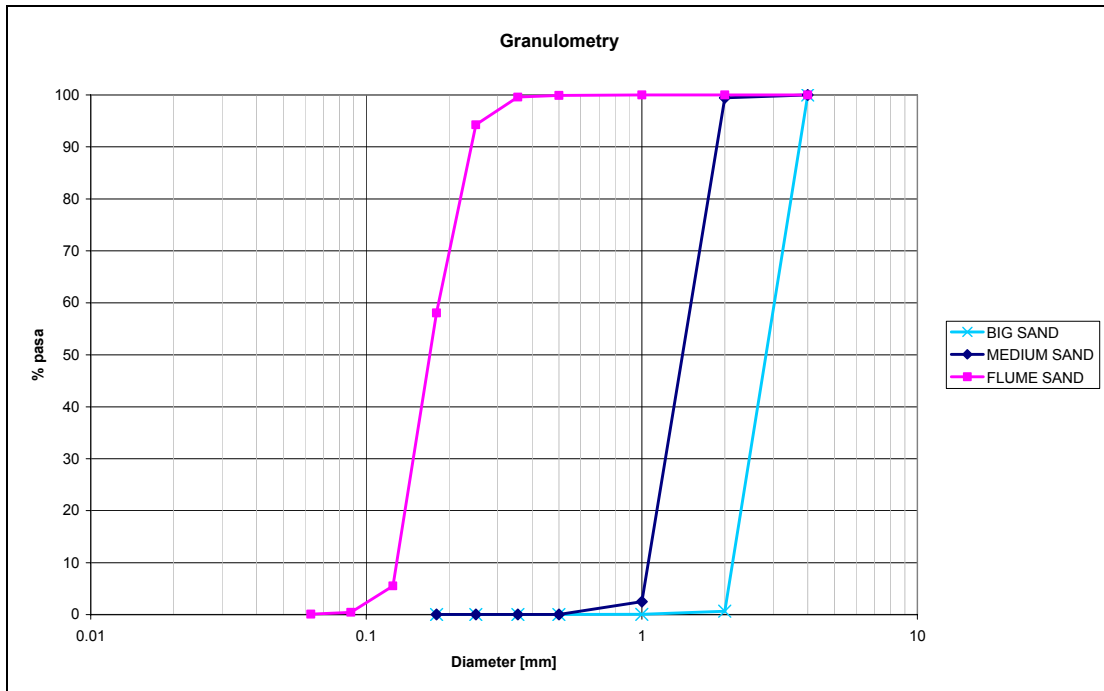


Figure 2.8: Grain-size distribution for the sediment sand used in the experiments

3. TEST CONDITIONS

The aim of the tests is to find the critical values of wave height H , wave period T on a fixed water depth h that causes suction of the flume sand bed.

3.1 Procedure of the tests

- Set the sediment in the box between the sand of the flume.
- Flat the sand of the flume in the right slope: 1:13
- Set the stones, in one or two layers, on the sediment. 70 cm. x 2.5 m.
- Fill the flume, normally $h_0 = 40$ cm.
- Calibration of the 3 gauges
- Turn on the wave maker
- Run a first regular small wave (low wave height) and a decided wave period to see if it breaks in the section wanted (normally on the box of sediment) for a short period of time.
- Fill up or empty the flume if the waves before don't break on the box of the sediment.
- Mark 3 or 4 holes (depending on the D_{50}) with coloured sticks.
- Put the waterproof camera focusing the holes which have been marked.



Figure 3.1: Waterproof camera and 3 coloured sticks marking the holes to check if there is suction in a two layers of $D_{50}=4$ cm. stones protection

- Run a regular wave with a small wave height and with a decided wave period for 2 minutes.
- While the waves are running, check with human eye and with the camera eye, if the sediment is suctioned in between the armour stones layer/s.
- Write if there is suction or not in each of the holes.
- Run again a test but increasing the wave height with the same or very similar wave period.
- When there has been suction in all the holes, the test is finished.

Table 3.1 contains the results of the **critical suction experiments**. Appendix A contains all the tests carried out.

Table 3.1: Results of the suction tests experiments (continuation)

TEST INFORMATION				STONES			SEDIMENT					d/D	FLOW PROPERTIES			
Test Number	Case number	number of holes to study per section	holes with suction	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	d ₅₀ [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ	w _s [cm/s]	Material	Single/Sediment		h ₀ [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]
1	1	4	4	2.5	1	Crushed Stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.12	366.875	0.0638	34.779	54.632
2	1	4	4	2.5	1	Crushed Stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.12	36.125	0.0588	53.612	7.66
3	1	4	4	2.5	1	Crushed Stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.12	348.125	0.0875	65.383	70.643
4	2	4	4	2.5	1	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.056	373.125	0.0475	33.458	51.846
5	2	4	4	2.5	1	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.056	36	0.04	35.337	31.859
6	2	4	4	2.5	1	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.056	36.125	0.0419	3.28	39.689
7	3	4	4	4	2 of 2.5 cm	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.035	380.625	0.0837	44.988	73.786
8	3	4	4	4	2 of 2.5 cm	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.035	38.625	0.0775	67.722	76.661
9	3	4	4	4	2 of 2.5 cm	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.035	39.25	0.1294	103.369	66.443
10	4	4	4	7.5	2 of 4.0 cm	Crushed Stones	0.38	1.39	11.3	Plastic	Single	0.0507	38.5	0.0575	44.016	53.343
11	4	4	4	7.5	2 of 4.0 cm	Crushed Stones	0.38	1.39	11.3	Plastic	Single	0.0507	38	0.0581	46.976	5.092
12	5	4	4	4	1	Crushed Stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.075	38.75	0.0837	62.676	62.881
13	5	4	4	4	1	Crushed Stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.075	38.875	0.0925	8.167	82.274
14	5	4	4	4	1	Crushed Stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.075	37	0.085	67.728	56.585
15	6	4	4	4	1	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.035	37.25	0.0412	39.393	33.465
16	6	4	4	4	1	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.035	36	0.04	28.882	45.652
17	6	4	4	4	1	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.035	36.5	0.075	52.837	55.406
18	7	4	4	7.5	2 of 4.0 cm	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.0187	394.375	0.09	64.588	8.748
19	7	4	4	7.5	2 of 4.0 cm	Crushed Stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.0187	39.125	0.1375	132.717	83.956
20	8	3	3	8.5	1	Rounded stones	0.38	1.39	11.3	Plastic	Single	0.0447	391.667	0.0433	39.413	3.468
21	9	3	1	8.5	1	Rounded stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.0353	41	0.1	81.345	81.569
22	9	3	3	8.5	1	Rounded stones	0.3	2.65	23.3	Sand	Sediment	0.0353	39.5	0.08	59.409	88.306
23	10	3	3	8.5	1	Rounded stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.0165	420.333	0.1117	91.443	7.026
24	10	3	3	8.5	1	Rounded stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.0165	38.4	0.05	34.471	54.961
25	10	3	3	8.5	1	Rounded stones	0.14	2.65	16	Sand	Sediment	0.0165	38.4	0.045	56.275	54.568

Table 3.1: Results of the suction tests experiments

FLOW PROPERTIES									
T [s]	ψ_0	ψ_{mes}	A_0	A_{mes}	$\sigma\psi_0$	L_{mes} [m]	L_0 [m]	ξ_0	Type of breaking
54.625	0.0008	0.0021	84.339.026	54.503.574	0.0001	4.37	46.588	3.51	Surging
3.375	0.0052	0.0107	20.880.036	14.953.752	0.0001	4.25	17.784	2.26	Plunging
14.125	0.0443	0.0523	2.996.324	2.783.285	0.0018	4.1	3.115	0.78	Plunging
5.15	0.0019	0.0048	79.925.768	55.409.022	0.0007	4.35	41.410	3.84	Surging
3	0.0063	0.0054	26.059.788	30.592.386	0.0013	4.275	14.052	2.44	Surging
1.1	0.0391	0.0577	3.653.594	3.102.916	0.0089	4.1	1.889	0.87	Plunging
55.125	0.003	0.008	68.289.918	40.909.982	0.0009	4.37	47.445	3.10	Surging
33.875	0.0178	0.0226	1.667.462	14.772.073	0.0017	4.3	17.916	1.98	Plunging
1.1	0.3956	0.1622	1.165.573	1.801.427	0.1057	4.1	1.889	0.50	Plunging
2.575	0.0211	0.042	14.716.714	10.523.893	0.0052	4.3	10.352	1.74	Plunging
1.2	0.1378	0.1374	2.687.531	2.697.739	0.0393	4.2	2.248	0.81	Plunging
1.275	0.0548	0.0513	2.989.128	2.600.531	0.0167	4.4	2.538	0.72	Plunging
3.375	0.0122	0.0126	13.791.434	13.936.188	0.001	4.4	17.784	1.80	Plunging
5.1	0.0037	0.0025	3.799.788	45.242.444	0.0007	4.24	40.610	2.84	Surging
49.875	0.0029	0.0021	63.740.641	79.617.121	0.001	4.32	38.838	3.99	Surging
3	0.0043	0.0107	32.133.908	20.292.024	0.0015	4.28	14.052	2.44	Surging
1.1	0.1071	0.1141	2.378.593	2.192.937	0.0523	4.1	1.889	0.65	Plunging
51.125	0.0071	0.013	40.028.778	2.951.089	0.001	4.32	40.809	2.77	Surging
3	0.0873	0.0347	6.734.185	10.551.895	0.0171	4.12	14.052	1.31	Plunging
1.5	0.1094	0.0845	2.544.025	2.898.198	0.0305	4.34	3.513	1.17	Plunging
2.5	0.0055	0.0055	3.038.791	30.072.963	0	4.3	9.758	1.28	Plunging
3	0.0085	0.0186	15.650.919	10.452.262	0.0038	4.2	14.052	1.72	Plunging
1.625	0.2726	0.1618	1.483.459	1.913.594	0.0638	42.767	4.123	0.79	Plunging
3	0.0062	0.0154	28.478.167	1.693.032	0.0024	4.25	14.052	2.18	Surging
4.5	0.0057	0.0053	44.948.138	45.375.323	0.0018	4.25	31.617	3.45	Surging

Table 3.1: Results of the suction tests experiments

4. THE MECHANISM OF REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT UNDER BREAKING WAVES

In order to describe the mechanism of removal of sediment, Nielsen's [2004] investigation for the mechanism of removal of sediment in the case of one armour stones layer will be shown.

In Nielsen [2004], a visualisation of the flow with different techniques was done. A detailed resume of the results are next shown.

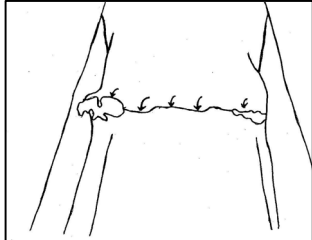
The experimentation was done in a flume with the following dimensions: 34 m long, 0.6 m wide and 0.8 m deep.

4.1 The 1:30 slope

On the 1:30 slope it was possible to generate spilling and plunging breakers. The main difference between both breakers is the power of breaking. The plunging breaker is more powerful than the spilling breaker, especially in the beginning of the breaking process.

The plunging breaker process for $T=3.0s$ and $H=14.5cm$:

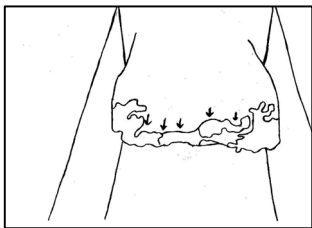
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Just before the breaking. Small undulations can be seen at the wave front

$$\omega\Delta t = 0.0^\circ$$

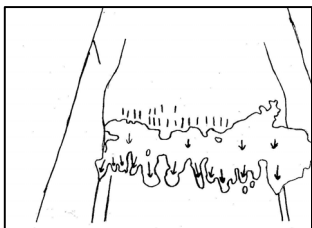
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The wave starts the break.

$$\omega\Delta t = 9.6^\circ$$

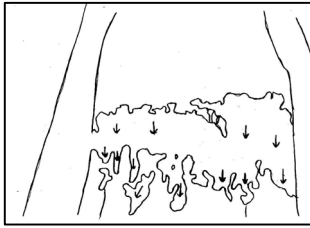
3



A number of “fingers” are sticking out from the bore. These are part of the wave crest. The fingers have moved faster than the rest of the wave crest.

$$\omega\Delta t = 24.0^\circ$$

4



$$\omega\Delta t = 33.6^\circ$$

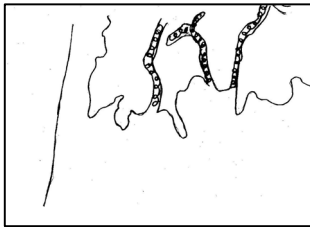
5



$$\omega\Delta t = 67.2^\circ$$

The “fingers” get bigger (4) and in (5) the rest of the wave finally breaks.

6

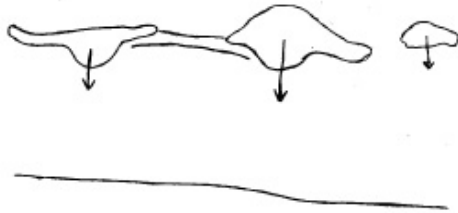


$$\omega\Delta t = 105.6^\circ$$

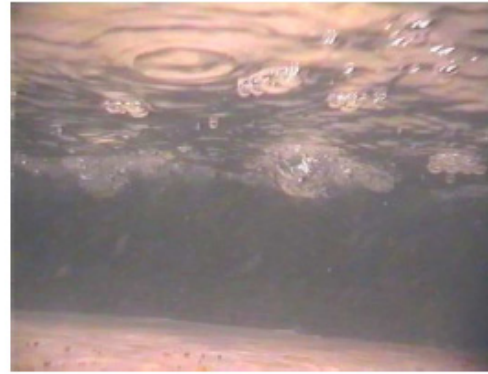
The wave is nearly passed but a number of descending eddies can be seen (the dark “tubes” of bubbles).

4.2 Descending eddies

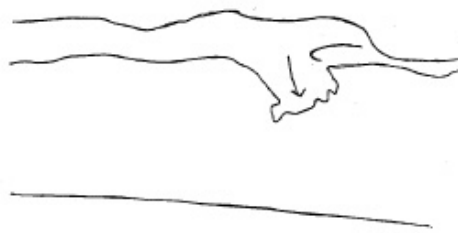
As the descending eddies can be watched underwater to understand their generation, visualization underwater was done with the results shown in the figure 4.1.



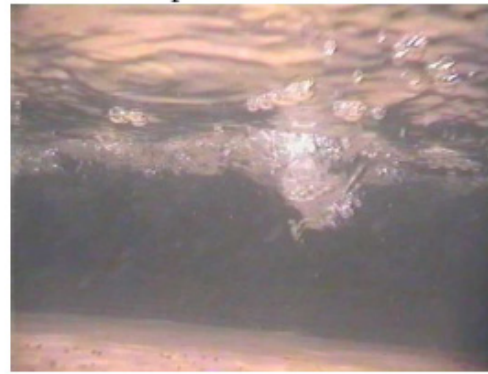
$$\omega\Delta t = 0.0^\circ$$



Snapshot $\omega\Delta t = 0.0^\circ$



$$\omega\Delta t = 4.8^\circ$$



Snapshot $\omega\Delta t = 4.8^\circ$



$$\omega\Delta t = 9.6^\circ$$



Snapshot $\omega\Delta t = 9.6^\circ$

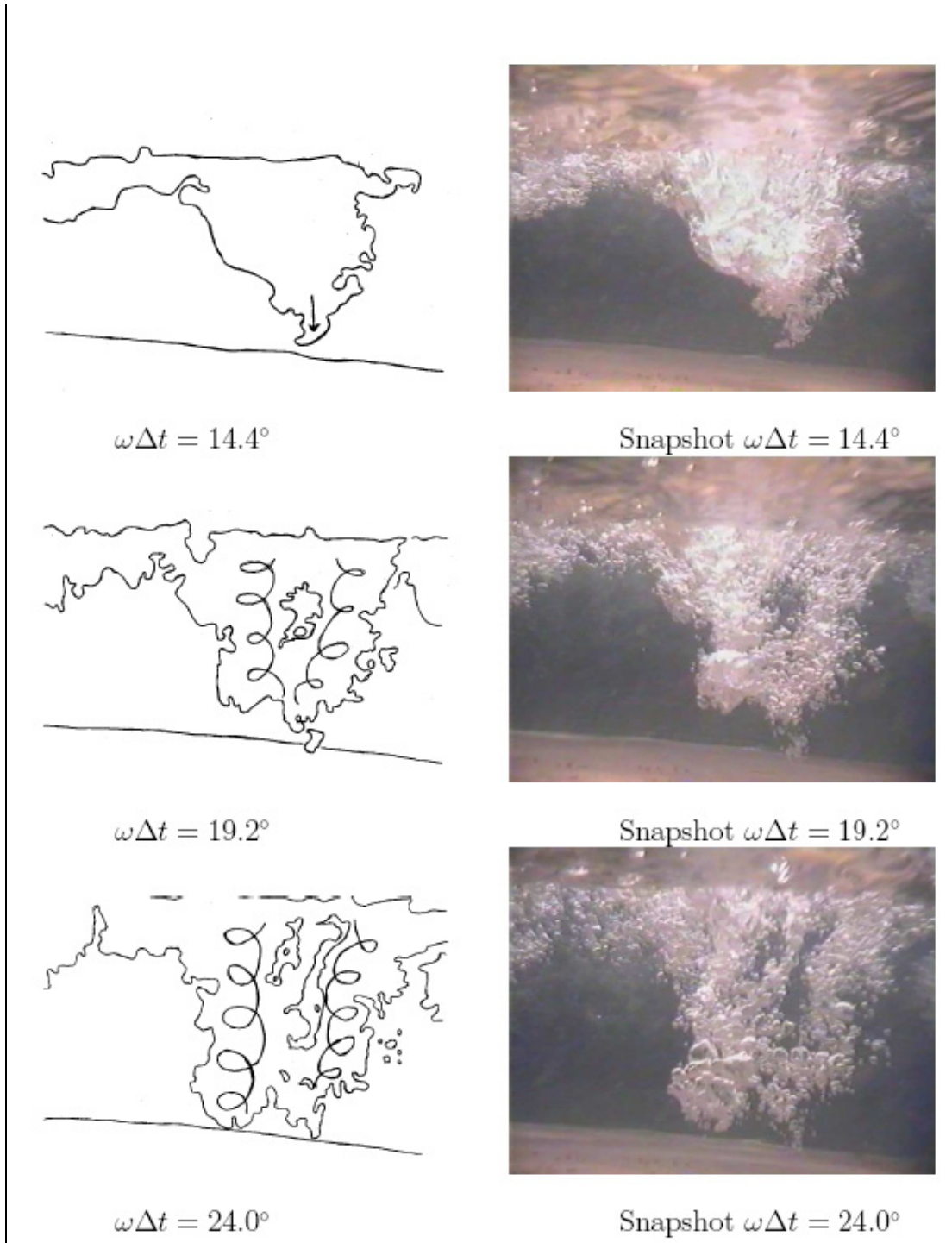


Figure 4.1. The generation of a descending eddy. The camera is fixed and the direction is offshore. Wave conditions: $T=3.0$ s and $H=12.9$ cm.

At the $\omega\Delta t = 0.0^\circ$ the finger has penetrated the surface. The finger continues down, but because of the velocity difference between the finger and the main body of water, the wave breaks. This will of course generate shear stresses, which will cause a bended eddy surrounding the finger. Because of the friction near the bed and the shape bend, the connection between the sides of the finger gets destroyed. Then the finger ends up either with two eddies rotating in opposite directions or with a pair of oblique descending eddies (see the last two frames).

During the investigation of the breaking wave, Nadaoka et al. [1989] measured the flow in front of the bore. These measurements show that the flow was backward when the bore was moving forward. When the finger penetrates the surface it will move with the velocity of the bore and then accelerate to the velocity of the main body. Because of the opposite flow directions, the eddies in a pair will rotate away from each other as shown on figure 4.3.

Nadaoka et al. [1989] also described that the breaking generated a series of horizontal eddies in the turbulent bore of the wave. These eddies acts like sub-waves and breaks in the same manner, which create new descending eddies, which explain that descending eddies of decreasing strength can be observed from a little after the breaking point to the swash zone.

A series of videos have been made from the breaking point and 1.4 m onshore, in order to see the development in the mechanism of removal. The result of these tests can be seen on figure 4.4, 4.5 and 4.6. Figure 4.4 shows the situation just after breaking. In this section the suction mechanism is the same as under non-breaking wave, described by Hatipoglu et al. [2008].

In the next section the breaking has generated turbulence still not reached before $t = 0.88$ s, where it causes some weak suction in the left side of the picture. On

the other hand is the power of the non-breaking mechanism decreasing due to the decreasing wave height and pressure.

In the last section, see figure 4.6, is the absolute most important mechanisms that one's leaded by the descending eddies. The mechanism for non-breaking waves will still have an influence, because of the pressure gradient, but it is really weak and will in most cases not result in any suction.

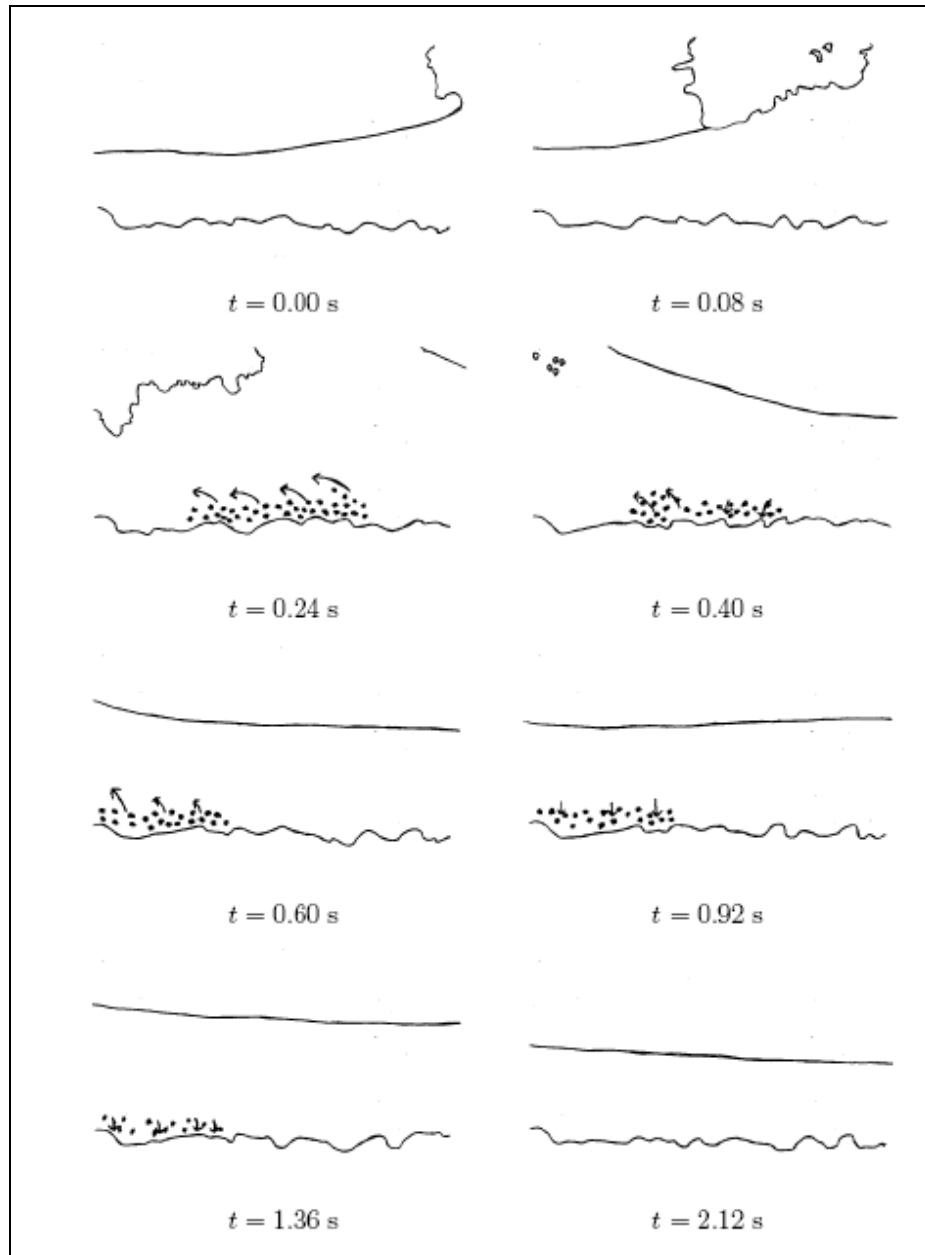


Figure 4.4: The breaking process 3.4 m to 3.75 m from the beginning of the slope. The wave conditions were $T = 4.5 \text{ s}$ and $H = 13.9 \text{ cm}$.

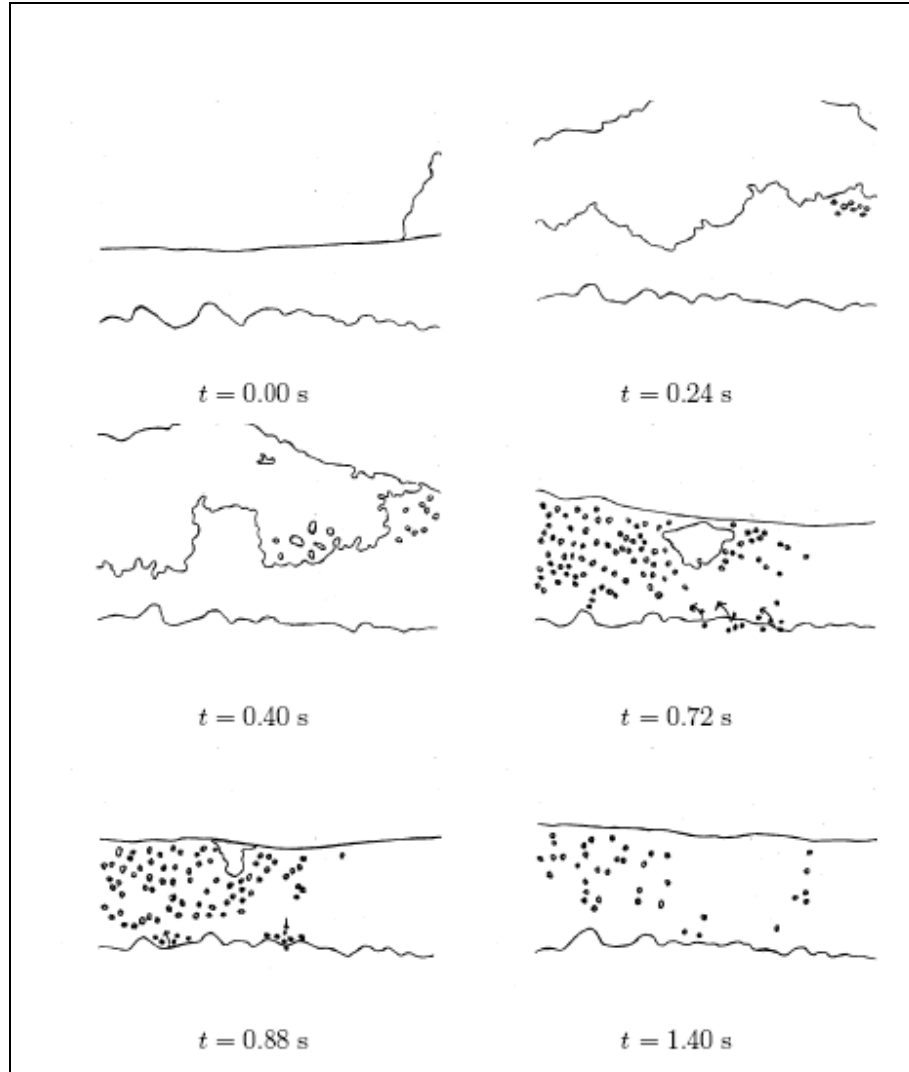


Figure 4.5: The breaking process 3.95 m to 4.35 m from the beginning of the slope. The wave conditions were $T = 4.5 \text{ s}$ and $H = 13.9 \text{ cm}$.

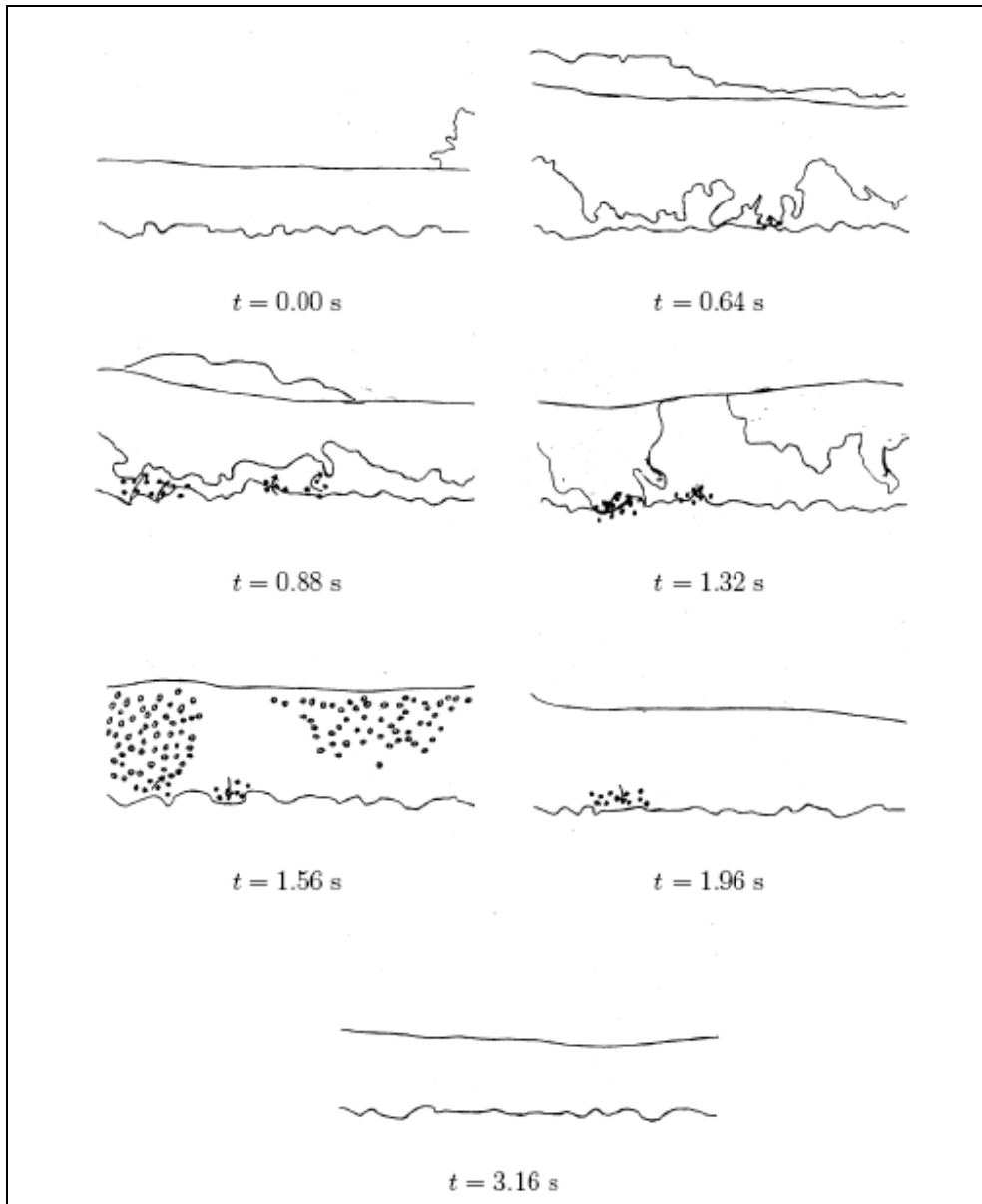


Figure 4.6: The breaking process 4.50 m to 4.80 m from the beginning of the slope. The wave conditions were $T = 4.5$ s and $H = 13.9$ cm.

4.3 The mechanism of removal of sediment

The conclusion of these experiments is that the mechanism of removal changes during the breaking process.

Just at the breaking point, the mechanism is very similar to that one under non-breaking waves, where the removal is equal under the crest and trough (sinusoidal waves) described by Hatipoglu et al. [2008]. But because of the asymmetry of the wave, the suction under the crest is more powerful than the suction under the trough. The asymmetry is going to be even more dominant further onshore (Davidsen [2003]). This mechanism becomes secondary at a certain point where the turbulence due to the breaking reaches the bed. At this point the obliquely descending eddies (or just descending eddies) described by Nadaoka et al. [1989] take over as the most important mechanism of the suction of sediment under a protection layer. (Davidsen [2003]).

4.4 A detailed description of removal of fine sediment ($d/D < 0.08$): The swirling mechanism

A series of combined video and velocity measurements were made, in order to find a relation between turbulence and suction and to determine the mechanism of suction of fine material. The tests were carried out approximately 1.6 m from the breaking point. Accordingly to Deigaard et al. [1991] this is sufficiently far away from the breaking point, where the descending eddies have reached the bed.

Two waves were used: One with period $T = 1.6$ s (spilling breaker) and one with period $T = 4.5$ s (plunging breaker). Crushed burned clay was used as sediment. The properties of this material is $d_{50} = 1.8$ mm with a standard deviation of $\sigma = 2.65$. The specific gravity is $s = 1.35$ and the fall velocity $\omega_s = 7.1$ cm/s. For further details see table 4.1.2. The results for $l_{hole} = 0.7$ cm and $l_{hole} = 2.3$ cm gave similar results.

T[s]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	l _{hole} [cm]	h _{bed} [cm]
1.6	14.2	12.4	0.7	4.5
4.5	14.4	14.3	0.7	4.5
1.6	14.0	12.2	1.5	4.5
4.5	14.2	15.5	1.5	4.5
1.6	14.0	12.3	2.3	4.5
4.5	14.4	14.3	2.3	4.5

Table 4.1: Combined laser measurements and video recording. l_{hole} is the distanced from the offshore side of the hole and h_{bed} is the height over the bed.

By comparing the combined velocity measurements and video records a clear correlation between the arrival of air bubbles, sediment entrainment, and turbulence in the velocity measurements is seen.

When a descending eddy hits the hole, it causes some rather large influence fluctuations in the horizontal and vertical directions, as seen on figure 4.7 and 4.8. It may be noticed that the turbulence is much stronger in case of a plunging breaker compared with a spilling breaker (around 50°) and stopping before as well (around 90°). For the spilling breaker the turbulence starts relatively late (100°), but exists until a new wave passes. These small differences are not changing the fact that the processes are the same in the two cases. The $\omega t = 0^\circ$ is defined as the time t where the up crossing wave passes still water level.

4.5 The effect of the descending eddies on entrainment

The descending eddy is rotating around its own centre axis. When the space is limited like in the hole, the centrifugal force caused by this rotation will generate a secondary current: The water flows upward in the middle of the hole and down again along sides, if the eddy is strong enough this secondary current will be so strong that it will bring up the sediment, which will be exposed for the main body of the water and transported away. The reason why the sediment is transported up along the offshore side of the hole is inclination of the descending eddy.

This effect is the same as seen in river bends. The water level in river bends is deepest in the outside part of the bend and lowest in the inside, because the secondary current transports the sediment to the inside of the bend. An even better analogy is the effect seen when stirring for example a cup of tea: If you stir gently tea leaves and other small particles will be transported to the middle of the cup. By stirring faster the particles can be brought into suspension and raised to the surface where they are transported to the sides (no main flow to take them away) and fall down again and so on.

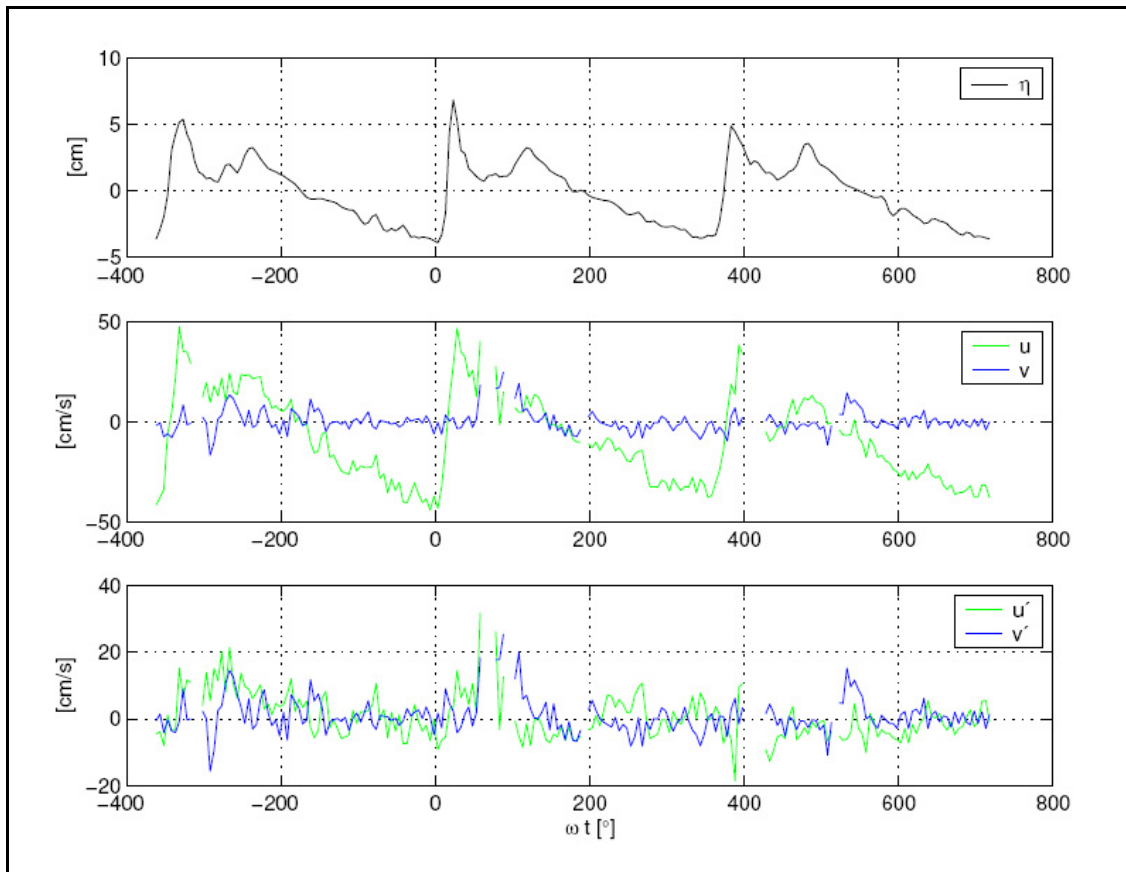


Figure 4.7: Time series for a plunging breaker ($T = 4.5$ s and $H = 14.2$ cm).

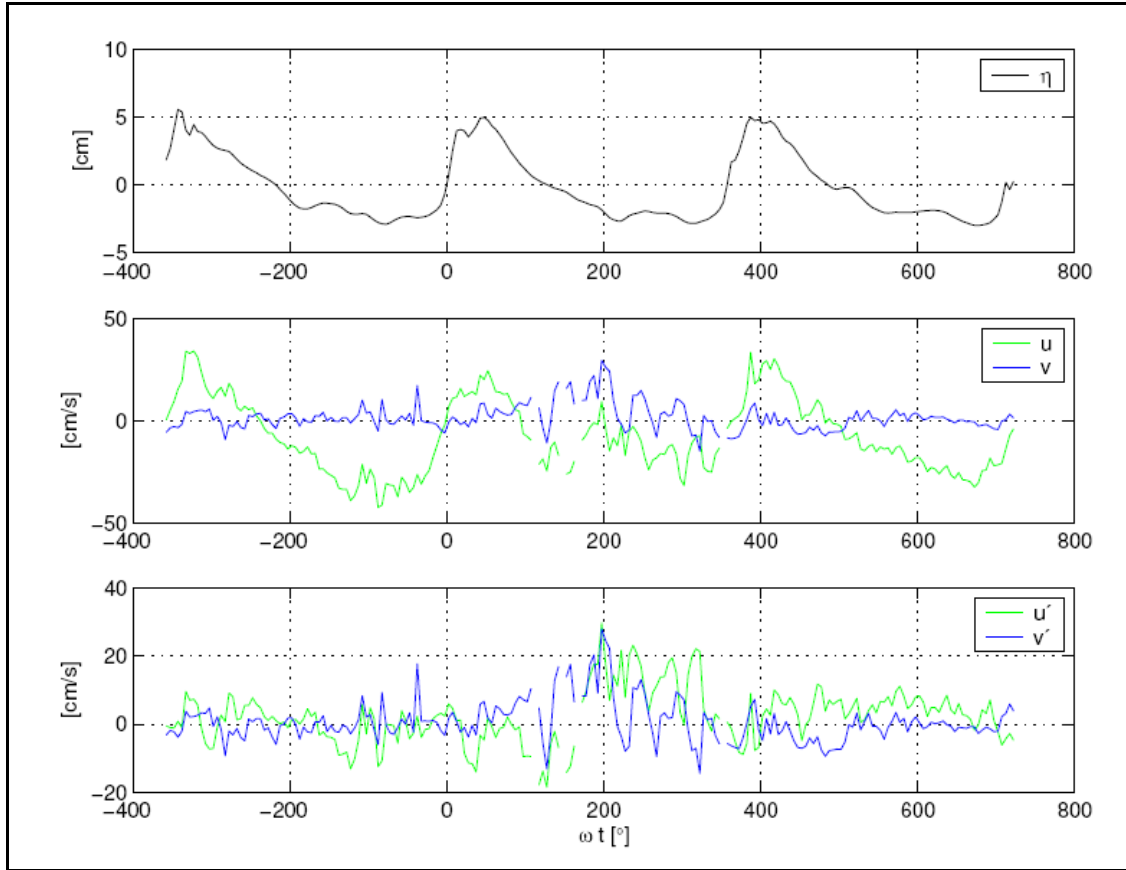


Figure 4.8: Time series for a spilling breaker ($T = 4.5$ s and $H = 14.2$ cm).

5. GOVERNING PARAMETERS

5.1 The sediment parameters ψ and De

The initiation of sediment motion is a discussed theme of investigation. It is difficult to deal with because in the nature, this process depends on a wide range of complicating variables. For example, the sand bed is never perfectly smooth from previous events.

The initiation of sediment motion can be controlled with two different dimensionless parameters in the case of breaking waves: The mobility number and the Dean number. Many different definitions of mobility number can be found depending on the case of study. The case of this study is the removal of sediment in breaking waves.

The mobility number represents the ratio of two forces F_A/F_R , in which F_A =agitating force that sucks the sediment out of the hole, while F_R =resistance force that opposes it. F_A =sum of the following forces:

- Vertical pressure-gradient force that causes the entrainment of the water in the “cavities” between the stones
- Drag force in the vertical direction (the drag exerted on the sediment particle by the water, as the sediment particle is carried by the entrained water).
- All other agitating forces

The mobility number for breaking waves is defined by Nielsen [2004]:

$$\Psi = \frac{(H/T)^2}{g(s-1)d}$$

This definition of the mobility number is an adaptation for the breaking wave's case. It is modified from the definition of the mobility number used in the previous works for the cases of non-breaking waves and currents (e.g. Hatipoglu et al. [2008] and Sumer et al. [2001]).

Instead of using $(H/T)^2$ in the two other works is used U_m^2 . U_m = maximum value of the orbital velocity corresponding to the crest half-period measured at $y=D$ from the top of the stones. In breaking waves it is very difficult to determine U_m .

The Dean number (Dean [1973]) is defined as:

$$De = \frac{H}{T\omega_s}$$

where ω_s is the fall velocity of sand particle.

The fall velocity ω_s depends mainly on the specific gravity, grain size, shape and the dynamic viscosity of the fluid. Particularly, the fall velocity for a spherical shape is:

$$\omega_s = \sqrt{\frac{4g(s-1)d}{3c_D}}$$

Where c_D is the dimensionless drag coefficient

Consequently, the Dean number can be rewritten as:

$$De = \frac{H}{T \sqrt{\frac{4g(s-1)d}{3c_D}}}$$

It can be observed that the difference between the two numbers (Mobility Number and Dean Number) is only that the squared Dean Number is proportional to the mobility number by the drag coefficient.

So, it can be shown how the modification of the mobility number for the case of breaking waves is found:

$$De^2 = \left(\frac{H}{T\omega_s} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{H^2}{T^2 \frac{4g(s-1)d}{3c_D}} \right) = \frac{3}{4} c_D \frac{(H/T)^2}{g(s-1)d} \propto c_D \frac{(H/T)^2}{g(s-1)d}$$

5.1.1 Comments about Ψ (mobility number)

Regarding the measure of the particle size of the sediment, the mobility number uses the spherical diameter d_v , defined as the diameter of a sphere with the same volume of the particle. So, the problem is that d_v ignores the shape of the grains.

The only case in which the mobility number Ψ takes the shape of the sediment grains into account is when the so called fall diameter d_f is used.

The fall diameter (Fredsøe and Deigaard [1992]) is the diameter of a sphere which has the same fall velocity and geomechanic properties in water at 24°C.

For example, a particle with a certain volume will have a smaller d_f for rounded shaped grains than for angular shaped grains.

This is the case where the Dean number is equivalent to the mobility number, because the Dean number is calculated by the fall velocity.

This problem has not important influence in the case of small sand grains sediments because they have very regular simple shapes, such as spheres or cubes.

When the size of the sand grains is bigger than approximately ($d \approx 0.1\text{mm}$), some grains may have adopted complex shapes, such as flat shape, and it may have a considerable influence into the calculus of the mobility number.

In this study only three different sizes of sand and cylindrical single particles have been used as sediment.

5.2 The breaking parameter A

5.2.1 Breaking waves

The wave breaking is related with a transformation of energy from the wave energy to turbulence and to heat. In the surf zone, the sediment transport is very notable. The turbulence due to the wave-breaking jointly with the shallow water produces an agitation and recirculation of the sediment from the bed.

When waves are arriving to shallower water, their wave height increases until they can not increase more and they collapse (the wave breaks). The relation between water depth and wave height on a constant sloping bed is $h \approx 0.8H$.

The waves break because their steepness becomes very large as the depth becomes shallower. Due to the strong energy dissipation, the wave height decreases towards the shore in the surf zone.

5.2.2 Type of breaking

The breaking waves can be classified into several different types depending on the wave steepness and the slope. Galvin found a relationship between these two parameters to differentiate between the 3 most important breaking waves types:

$$\xi_0 = \frac{\tan \beta}{\sqrt{\frac{H_0}{L_0}}}$$

The wave height H_0 is measured at the toe of the slope and

$$L_0 = gT^2/2\pi$$

From Galvin's experimental data:

Spilling breakers:	$\xi_0 < 0.5$
Plunging breakers:	$0.5 < \xi_0 < 3.3$
Surging breakers:	$3.3 < \xi_0$

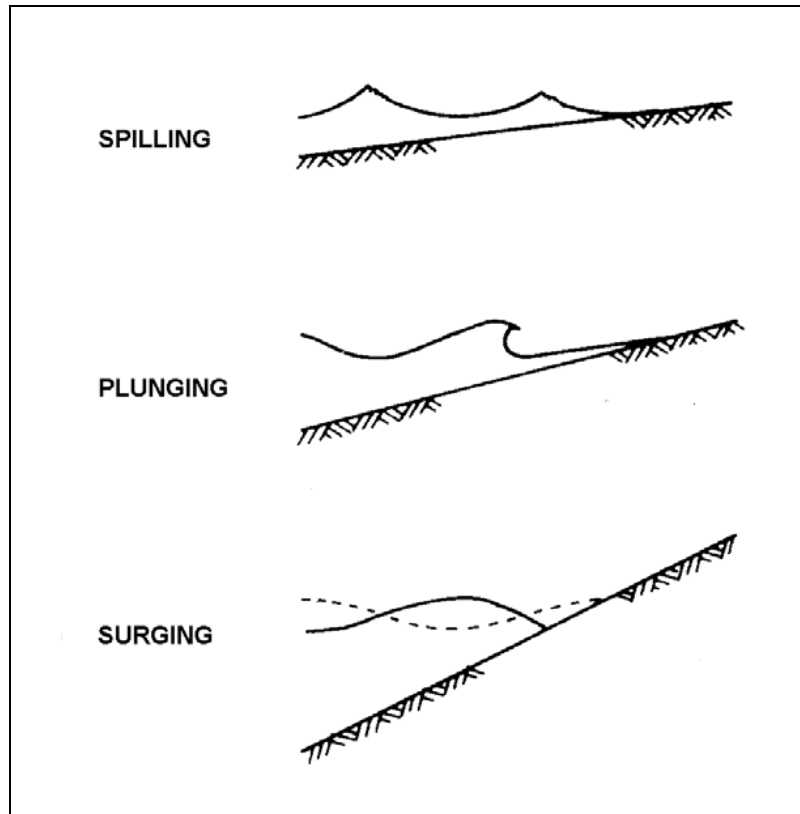


Figure 5.1. Types of breaking waves. Font: <http://www.liv.ac.uk/~ec22/topics/hedges.html>

The Galvin classification is equivalent to the 'surf similarity parameter' or the Iribarren number.

$$N_I = \xi_0 = \frac{\tan \beta}{\sqrt{H / L_0}}$$

The wave height H is measured at the toe of the slope and

$$L_0 = gT^2 / 2\pi$$

In the case of a slope of 1:13, the only type of breaking waves observed was the plunging breaker. In Nielsen's [2004] data where a slope of 1:30 was used, two

kinds of wave breakers were observed: the plunging breaker and the spilling breaker.

The plunging breaker is characterized by the fact that the crest of the wave curls right over the forward face. The impact of the curled mass of water (also called jet) generates a large turbulence and creates large vortices, which can reach the bottom and cause scour.

In the spilling type, the crest spills down the forward face. It can also be observed in figure 5.1 that the slope is very flat for the spilling breakers, while it gets steeper for plunging breakers (and very steep in the case of surging breakers).

5.2.3 Intensity of breaking

Each type of breaking can have different intensities of breaking and for this reason it is important to define a parameter, which gives information about the grade of intensity of the breaking.

In a plunging breaker it can be seen (Sumer and Fredsøe [2002]) that the scour depends principally on the following properties:

- The velocity of the penetrating curled mass of water of the plunging breaker at the point of entrance to the main body of water
- The size (distance unit) of the amount of the penetrating water (the falling jet) at the point of entrance to the main body of the water.
- The distance of penetration. In this case the water depth.

Given the breakwater and the sediment, and for critical removal sediment conditions (mobility number $\Psi > \Psi_{cr}$ critical mobility number) the scour will depend only on the dimensionless parameter:

$$\frac{T\sqrt{gH}}{h}$$

If a small analysis of the parameter is done, it can be seen that for a larger numerator of the parameter, the scour is deeper (the parameter is larger).

If the water depth h_o is larger (the value of the breaking parameter will be smaller), it will be more difficult for the penetrating mass of water (the jet) and to reach the bottom. Consequently it will be more difficult to generate recirculation of the sediment (the scour).

This parameter is a simple model of the really complicated breaking process, where the water is not falling like a jet, but is generating descending eddies, see section 4.1. The analogy seems to work anyway because the production of turbulent energy is proportional to the energy of the “falling jet”.

The modification from the breaking parameter defined by Sumer and Fredsøe [2002] done by Nielsen [2004] is the substitution of the water depth for its proportional relation to the wave height for constant sloping beds: $h \approx 0.8H$

Therefore, the A parameter (Intensity of breaking parameter) will be defined as:

$$\frac{T\sqrt{gH}}{h} = \frac{T\sqrt{gH}}{h} \Leftrightarrow \frac{T^2gH}{(0.8H)^2} = \frac{T^2gH}{0.8^2H^2} \Leftrightarrow \frac{T^2gH}{(0.8H)^2} = \frac{T^2g}{0.8^2H} \Leftrightarrow \frac{T^2g}{0.8^2H} \propto \frac{T^2g}{H}$$

$$\boxed{A = \frac{T^2g}{H}}$$

It must be noticed that the A parameter is also a dimensionless parameter.

6 ONSET OF SUCTION

The aim of this part of the experiment is to determine the critical mobility number, where suction begins to occur, for different sizes of particles and sediments.

6.1 First Calculations Case Zero

A first overview of which values of the wave parameters and mobility number of sediment can cause suction of the seabed sediment in the surf zone can be extracted with a preliminary analysis calculation. The first case consists on:

Slope 1:13

One armour layer stone size: 4 cm.

Sediment diameter: 0.02 cm.

Specific gravity of sediment: 2.65

The breaking parameter A and Ψ_0 (mobility number) have been calculated for several wave heights and periods. Three tables have been made depending on the range of values of the A parameter. The tables contain the Ψ_0 .

$$A = \frac{T^2 \cdot g}{H} \text{ [Dimensionless]}$$

$$\Psi_0 = \frac{(H/T)^2}{g \cdot (s-1) \cdot d} \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$$

Where:

T= wave period

g= gravity

H= wave height

s= specific gravity of sediment

d= sediment diameter

H(m)	T(s)				
	1	2	3	4	5
0.05	0.7722				
0.06					
0.07					
0.08					
0.09					
0.1					
0.11					
0.12					
0.13					
0.14					
0.15					
0.16					

Table 6.1: Values of $\Psi_0 [m^2]$ for A between [180 – 220]

H(m)	T(s)				
	1	2	3	4	5
0.05		0.1931			
0.06		0.278			
0.07					
0.08					
0.09			0.278		
0.1			0.3432		
0.11			0.4153		
0.12			0.4942		
0.13			0.58		
0.14			0.6727		
0.15					
0.16				0.4942	

Table 6.2: Values of $\Psi_0 [m^2]$ for A between [600 – 1000]

H(m)	T(s)				
	1	2	3	4	5
0.05			0.0858		
0.06			0.1236		
0.07				0.0946	
0.08				0.1236	
0.09				0.1564	
0.1				0.1931	
0.11				0.2336	0.1495
0.12					0.1779
0.13					0.2088
0.14					0.2422
0.15					0.278
0.16					0.3163

Table 6.3: Values of $\Psi_0 [m^2]$ for A between [1400 – 2300]

As it can be observed in the above tables, none of the Ψ_0 values were found to overlap because A parameter and Ψ_0 are dependent and both also depend on H and T. Therefore the 3 tables can be joined in 1. At the same time, in this final table it is checked if all the waves found above satisfy a wave maximum steepness value defined as: $k \cdot h \approx 1$ where:

$$k = \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{L}, \text{ wave number.}$$

$$\omega = \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{T}, \text{ wave angular frequency.}$$

Where:

L= wave length [m]

This table (*table 4*) includes which is the H and T values which the study will start with.

T(s)	1			2			3			4			5		
	w	L	k*h	w	L	k*h	w	L	k*h	w	L	k*h	w	L	k*h
H(m)	6.283	0.679	0.462	3.141	1.382	0.227	2.094	2.103	0.149	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.05	-	-	-	3.141	1.526	0.247	2.094	2.280	0.165	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.06	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.570	3.288	0.133	-	-	-
0.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.570	3.549	0.141	-	-	-
0.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0944	2.8137	0.201	1.570	3.725	0.151	-	-	-
0.09	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.094	2.935	0.214	1.570	3.964	0.158	-	-	-
0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.094	3.105	0.222	1.570	4.115	0.167	1.256	5.153	0.134
0.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0944	3.2104	0.2349	-	-	-	1.256	5.380	0.140
0.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.094	3.338	0.244	-	-	-	1.256	5.598	0.145
0.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.094	3.462	0.254	-	-	-	1.256	5.808	0.151
0.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.256	6.011	0.156
0.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.570	4.953	0.202	1.256	6.206	0.162
0.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.4: Calculation of the steepness of the waves (k^*h)

6.2 Sensitivity Test

As the lowest mobility number in the table 6.4 was supposed to cause suction, when comparing with Nielsen's [2004] results, a test has been done to check, with the conditions of the first case, which is the minimum wave height with a wave period of 1 second that can produce suction of the bed sediment. This height was 4cm.

Because there was suction with really small wave heights, in this case zero, the conclusion was that doing tests with the kind of sand used as sediment was unnecessary because there is always suction with this sand. This is because no critical suction situations could be found.

6.3 Results. Design diagrams from Cases 1 – 10

The critical suction happens when the sediment is exposed to the main flow and is transported away. For lower mobility numbers movements of the sediment can take place in the holes and between the stones.

The critical mobility can be seen in the following figures 6.2 to 6.5. The results make good sense. For decreasing d/D , the critical mobility number increases. That corresponds to what was expected. The smaller the d/D , the better the sediment would be protected. This is because the longer distance the descending eddy has to do between the holes of the protection (one or two layers of stones), the longer distance the sediment needs to be lifted out of the holes of the protection. This gives that the sediment must be more mobile if it has to be removed (suction).

For the small values of d/D the distance between the curves seems to decrease. This indicates that there may be a vertical or inclined asymptote for all the curves, but to be certain, data with even smaller d/D must be obtained.

In the figures where the comparison of the results for the two slopes is plotted, it makes sense that for the same sediment and wave conditions, a higher mobility number is required for the smoother slope 1:30 than for the steeper slope 1:13.

The first design diagrams are the ones elaborated from the offshore measurements and the second from the local measurements.

In each of these two groups the following elements are plotted:

- All the results for one and two layers for all the cases studied.
- Design diagram with the results for only one layer of armour protection
- Design diagram with the results for only two layers of armour protection
- Design diagrams comparing one and two layers of armour protection for a similar range of the parameter A values.
- Design diagrams comparing the slope 1:13 and 1:30 with one layer of armour protection.

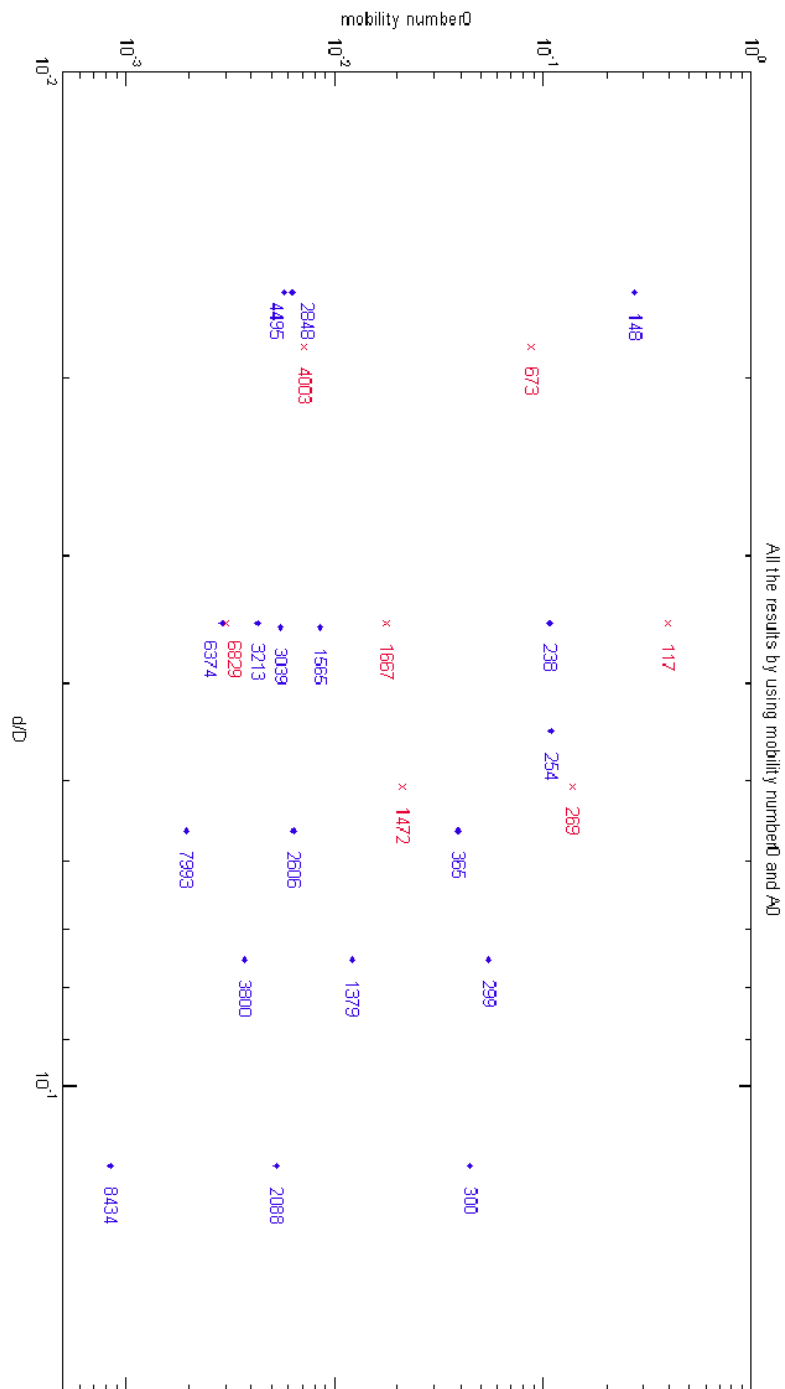


Figure 6.1: All the results by using ψ_0 and A_0 . Slope 1:13 Blue dots: one layer. Red crosses: two layers.

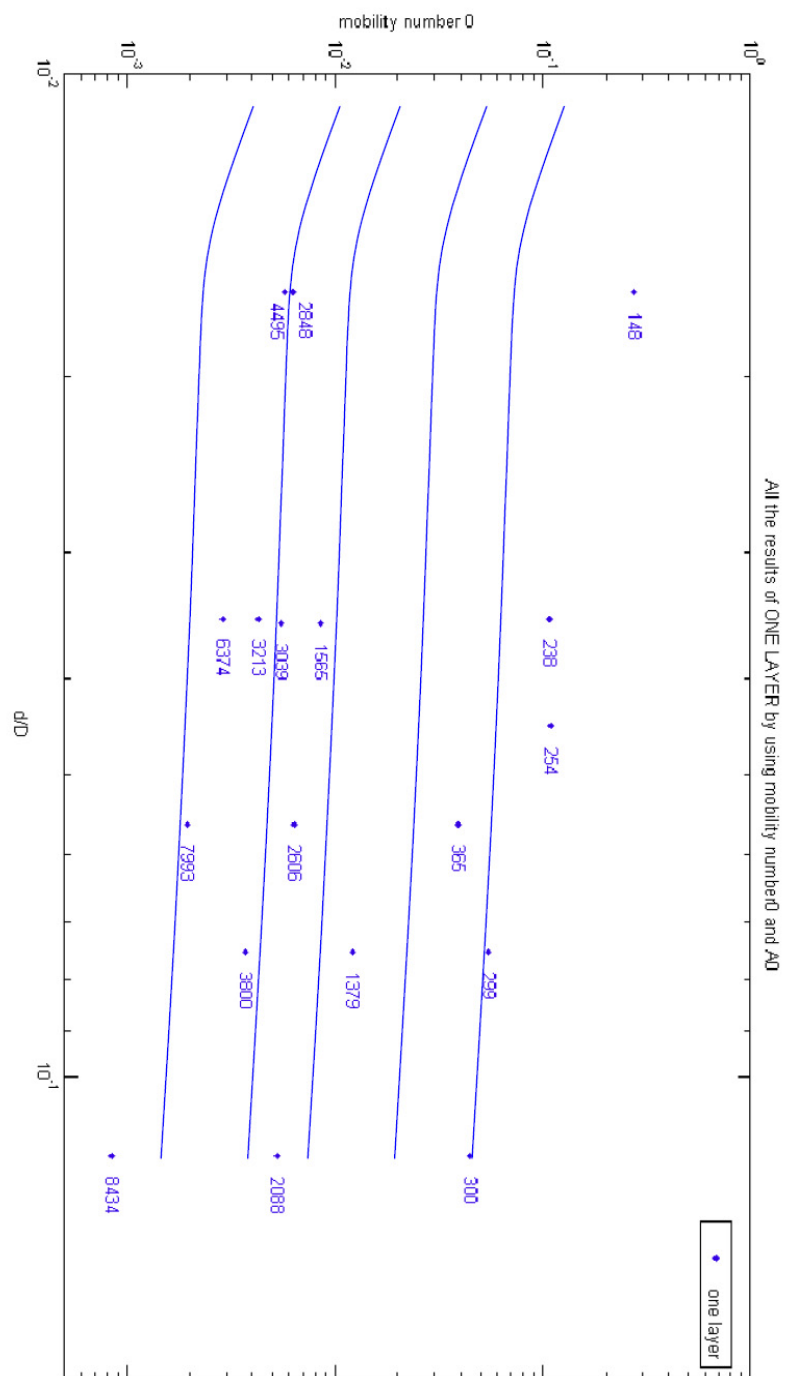


Figure 6.2: All the results of one layer of scour protection by using ψ_0 and A_0 . Slope 1:13

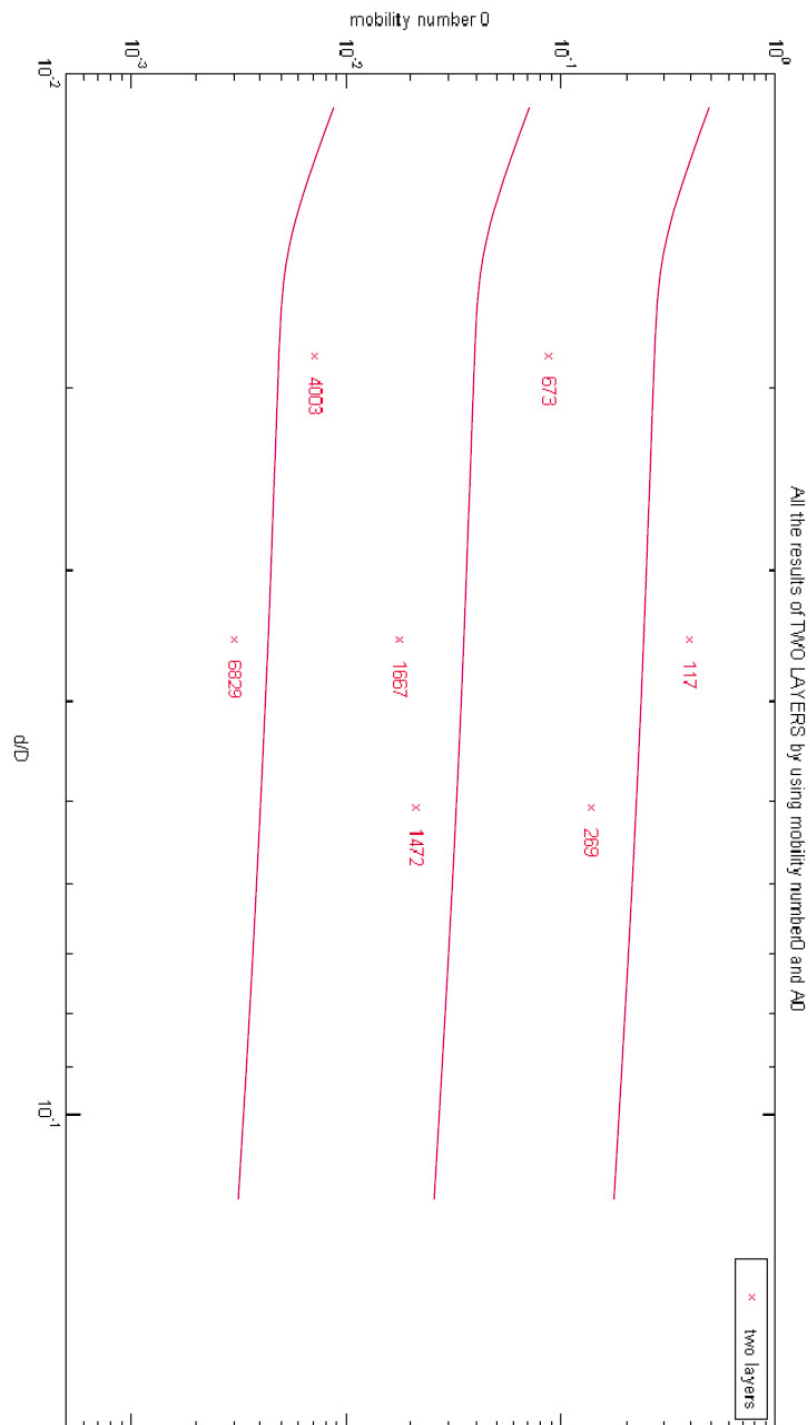


Figure 6.3: All the results of two layers of scour protection by using ψ_0 and A_0 . Slope 1:13

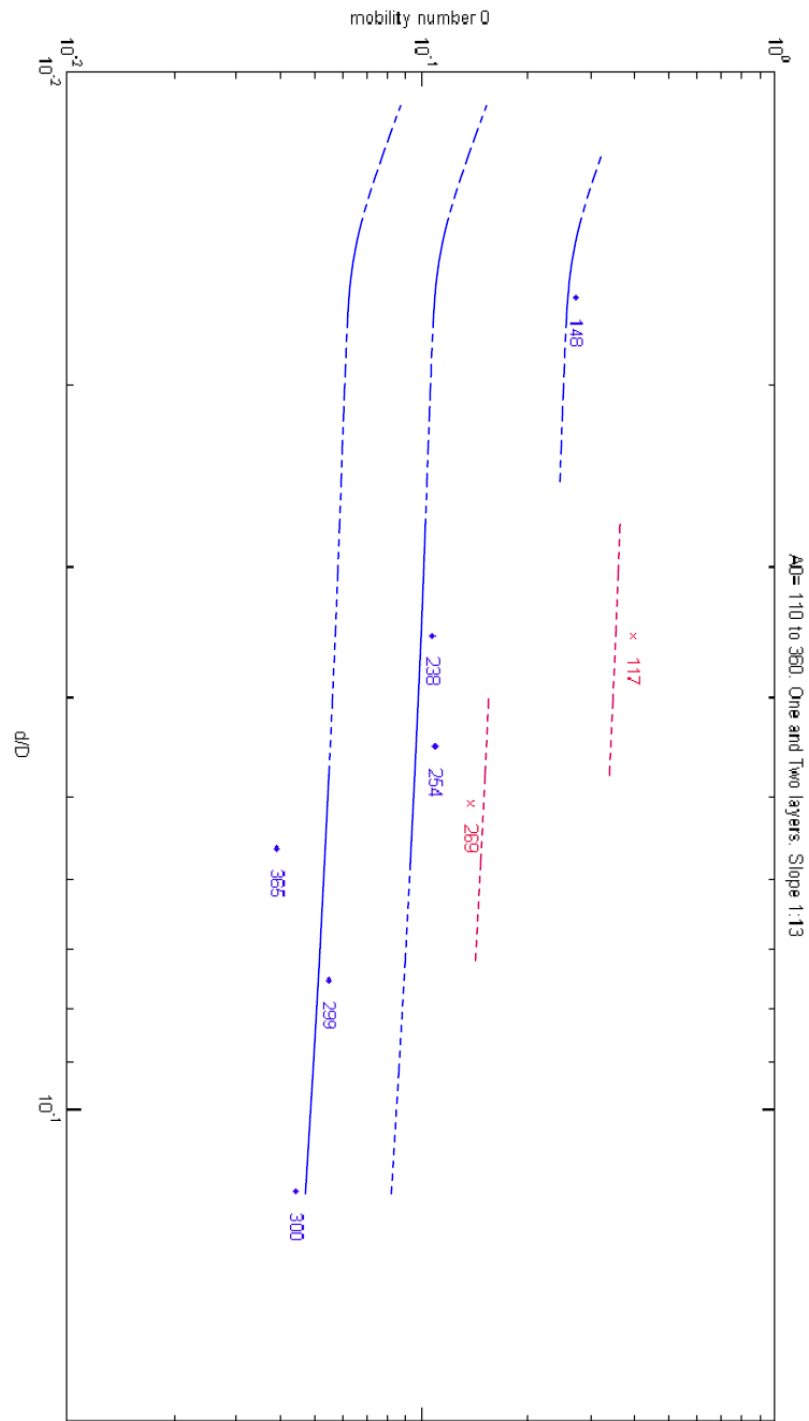


Figure 6.4: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using ψ_0 and $A_0=110$ to 350 . Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

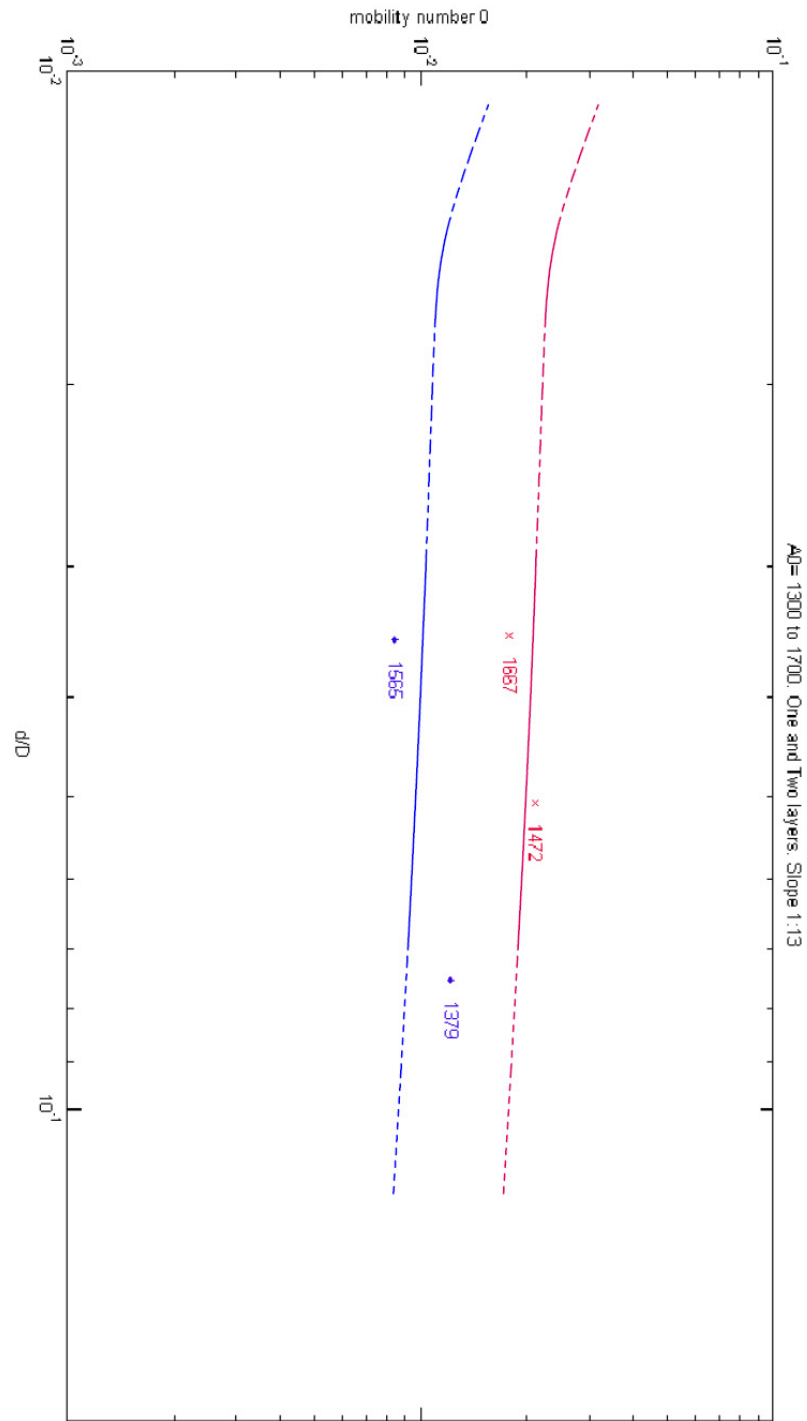


Figure 6.5: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using ψ_0 and $A_0=1300$ to 1700 . Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

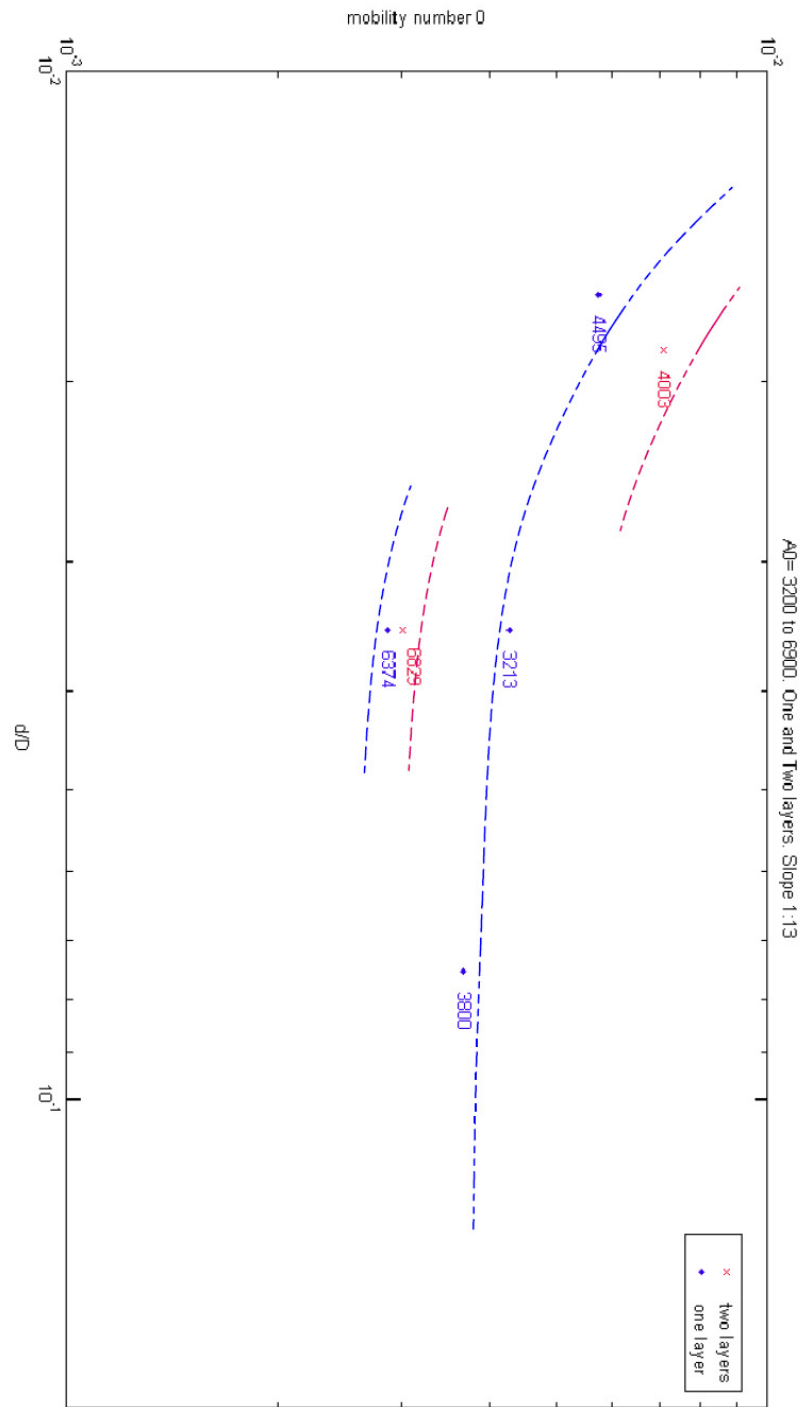


Figure 6.6: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using ψ_0 and $A_0=1300$ to 1700 . Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

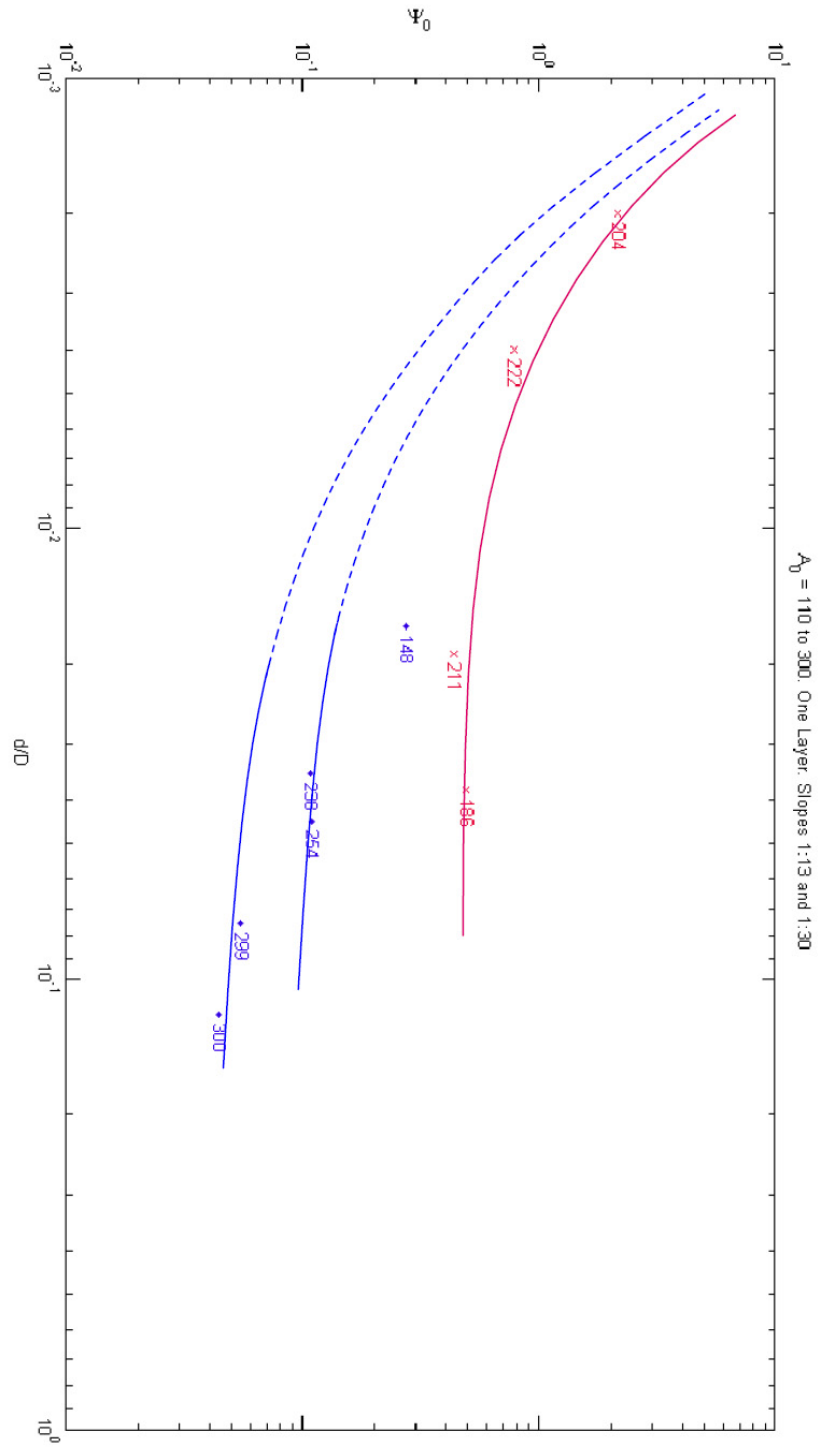


Figure 6.7: Comparison of the results for two slopes with one layer of scour protection by using ψ_0 and $A_0 = 110$ to 300 . Blue dots: slope 1:13. Red crosses: slope 1:30

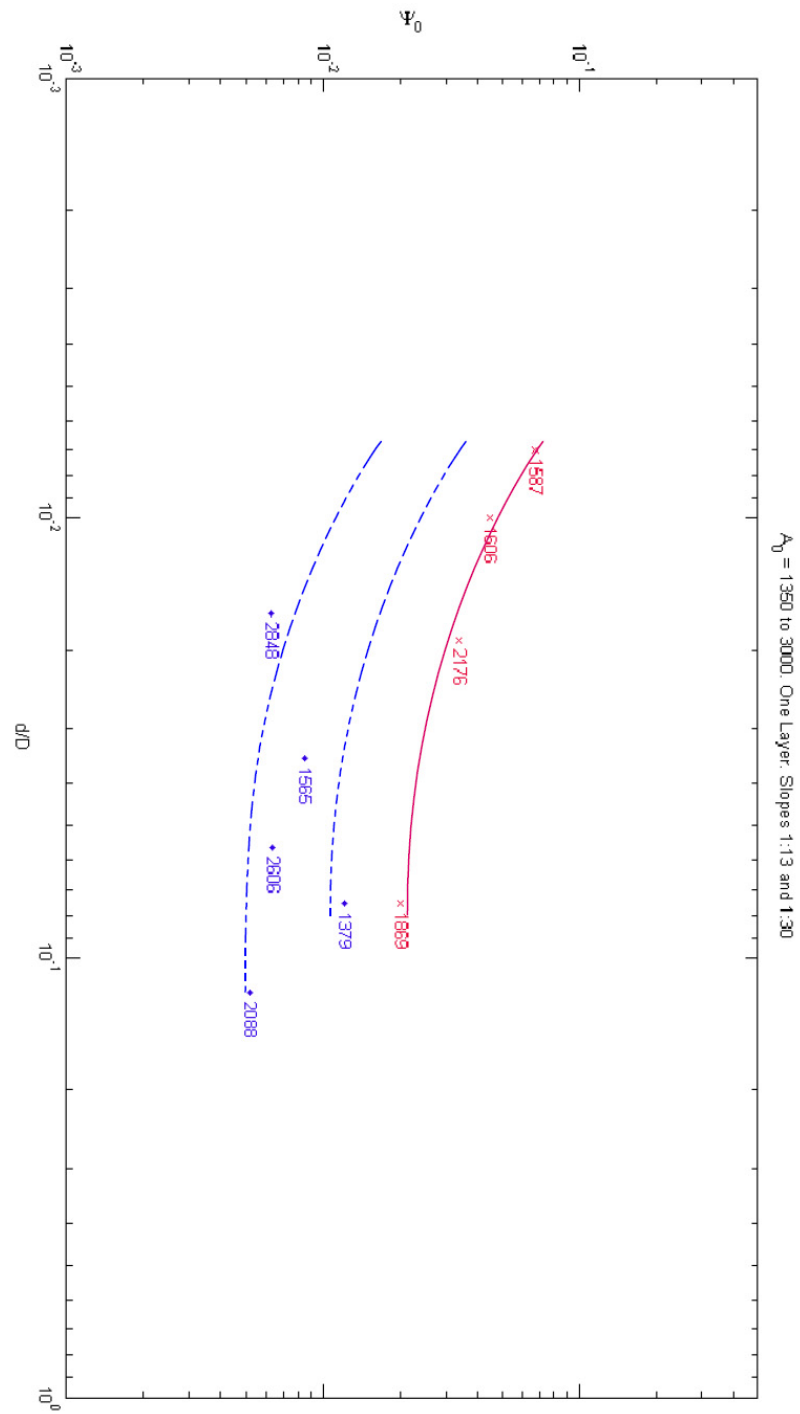


Figure 6.8: Comparison of the results for two slopes with one layer of scour protection by using ψ_0 and $A_0 = 1350$ to 3000 . Blue dots: slope 1:13. Red crosses: slope 1:30

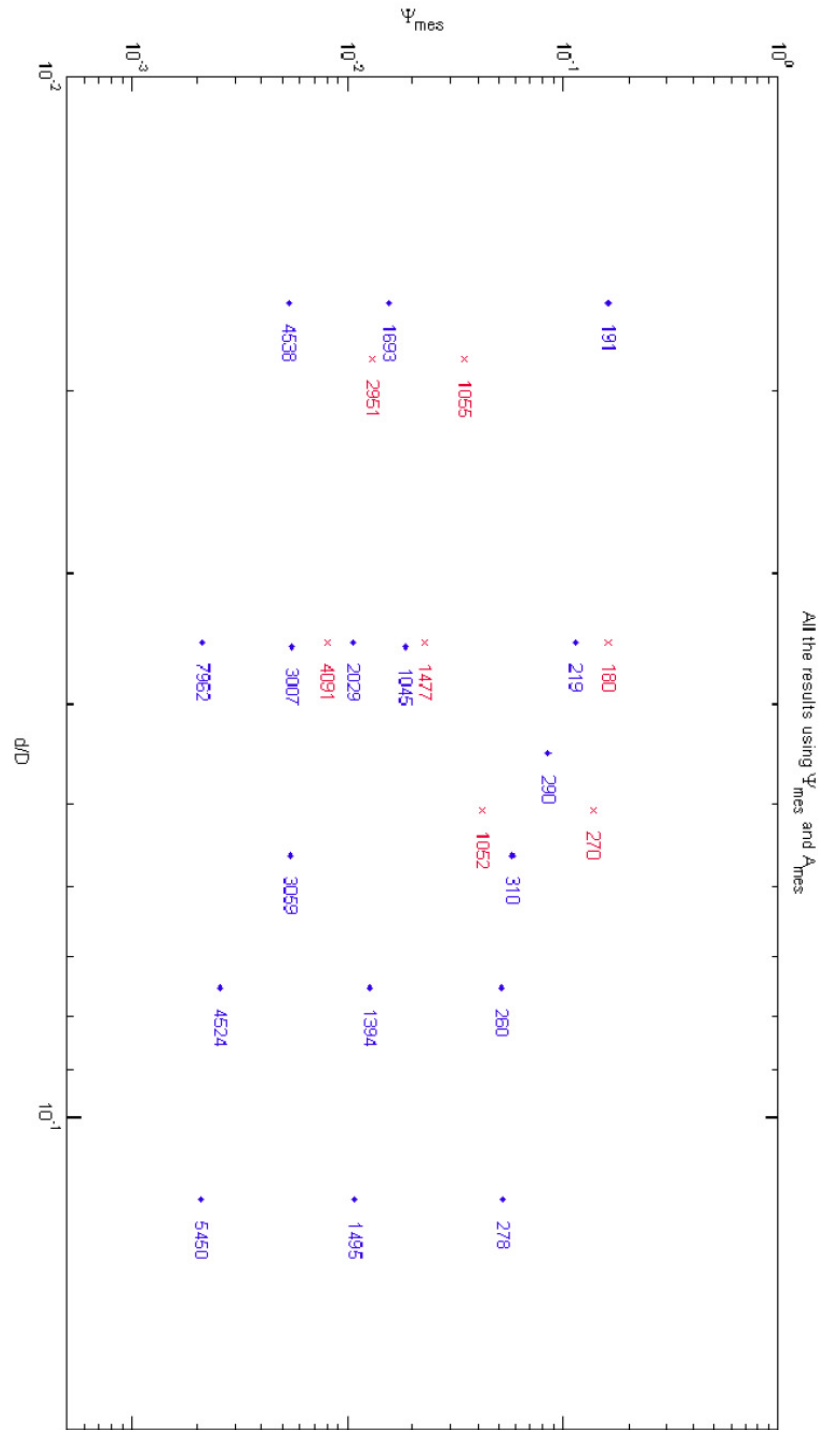


Figure 6.9: All the results by using ψ_{mes} and A_{mes} . Slope 1:13 Blue dots: one layer. Red crosses: two layers.

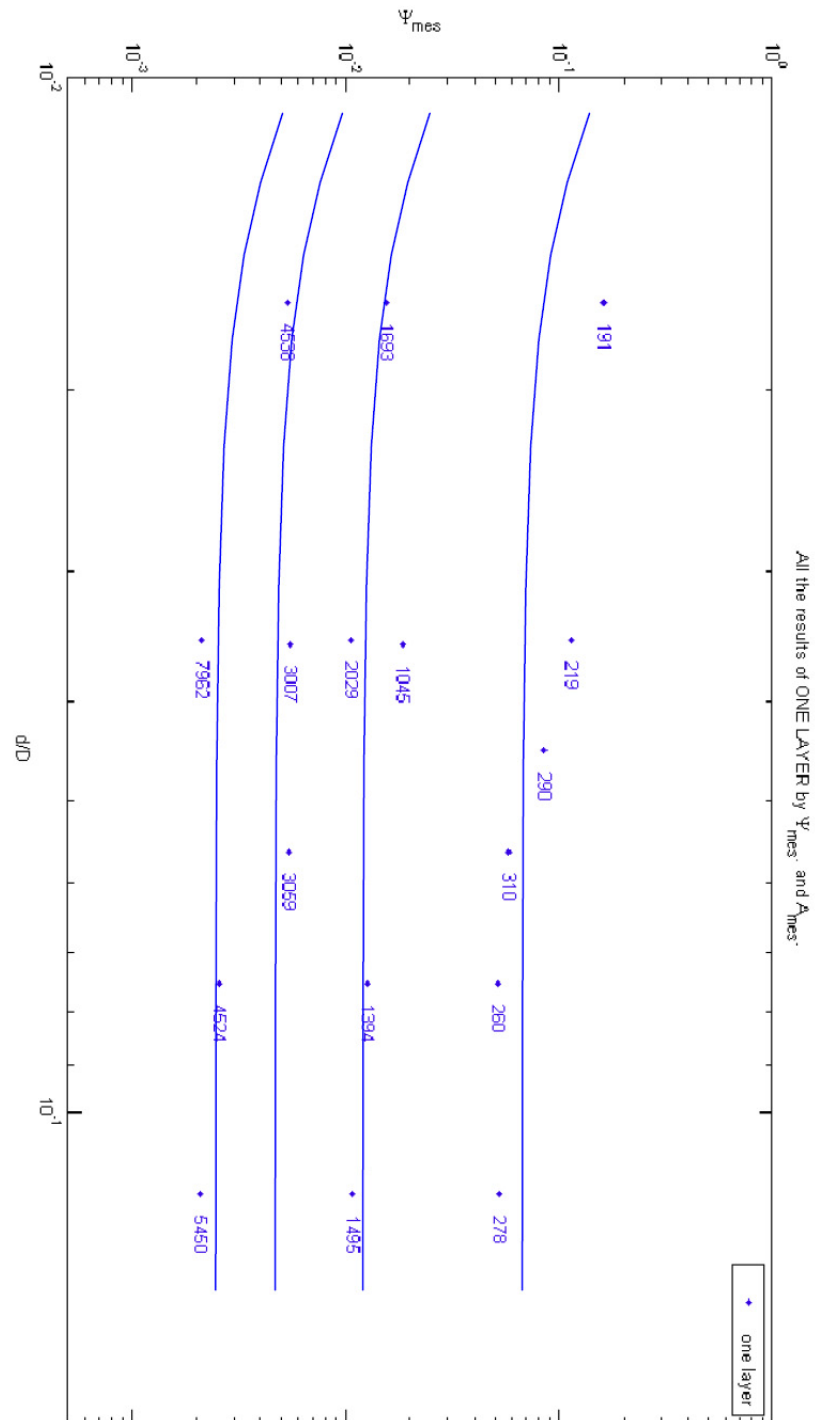


Figure 6.10: All the results of one layer of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and A_{mes} . Slope 1:13

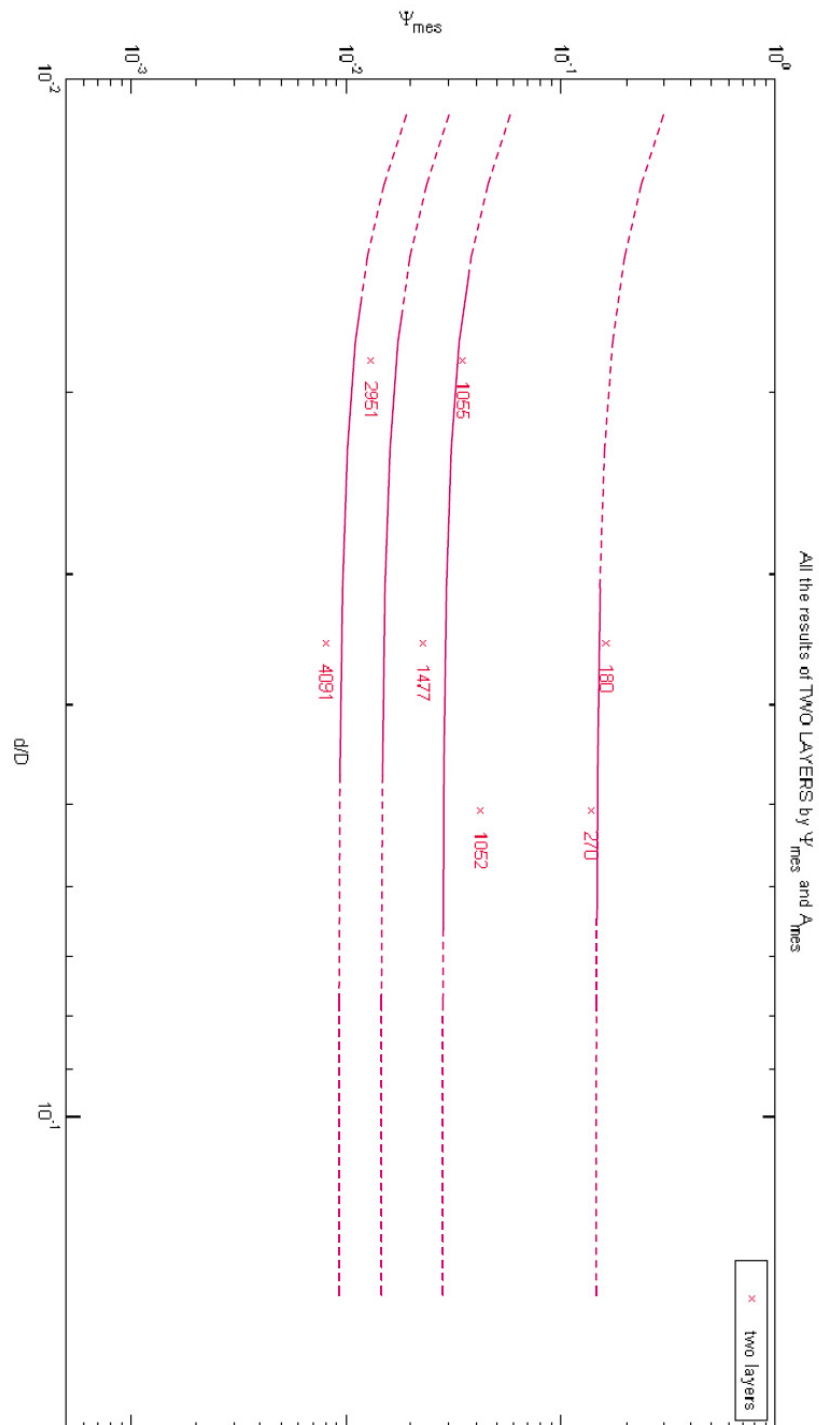


Figure 6.11: All the results of two layers of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and A_{mes} . Slope 1:13

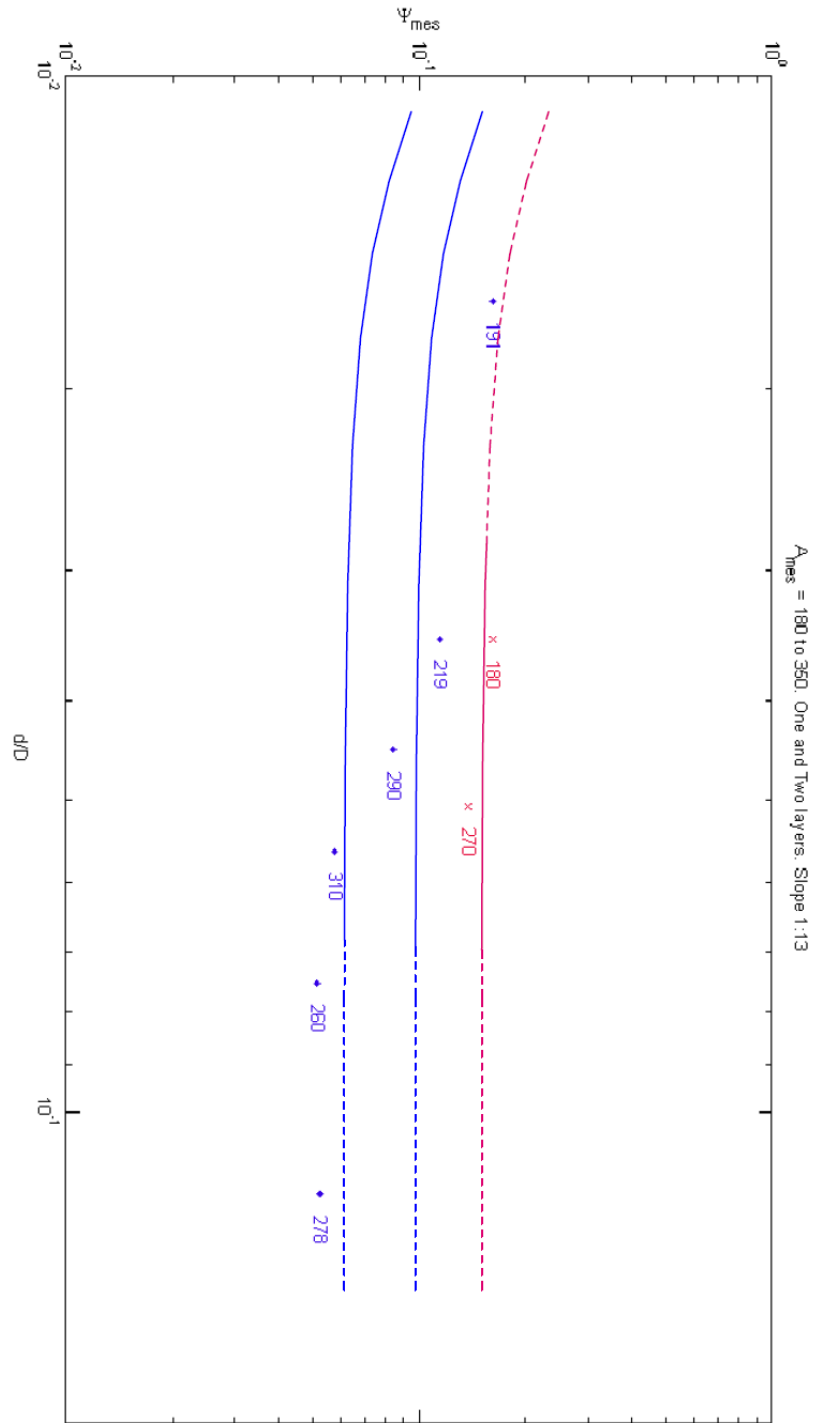


Figure 6.11: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes}=180$ to 350. Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

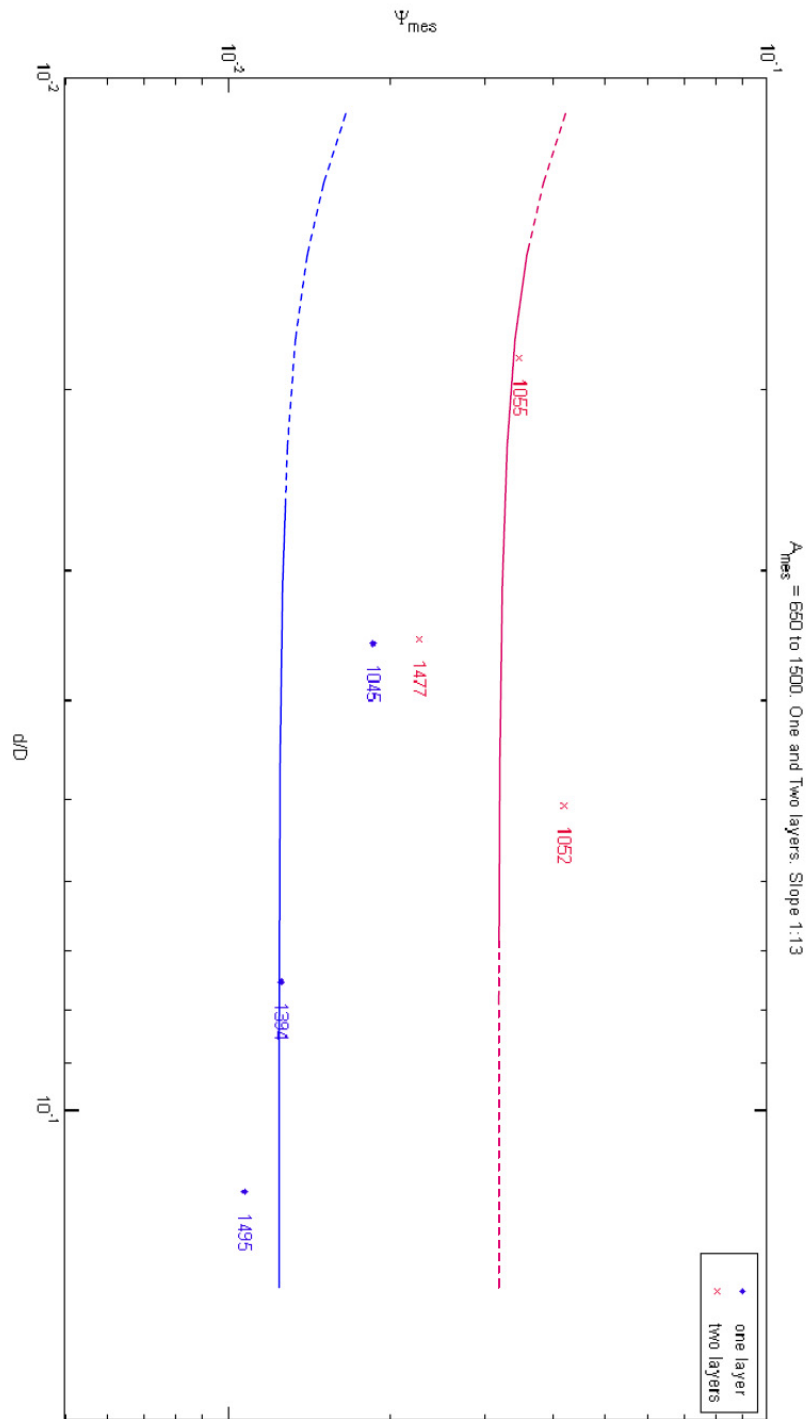


Figure 6.12: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes}=650$ to 1500 . Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

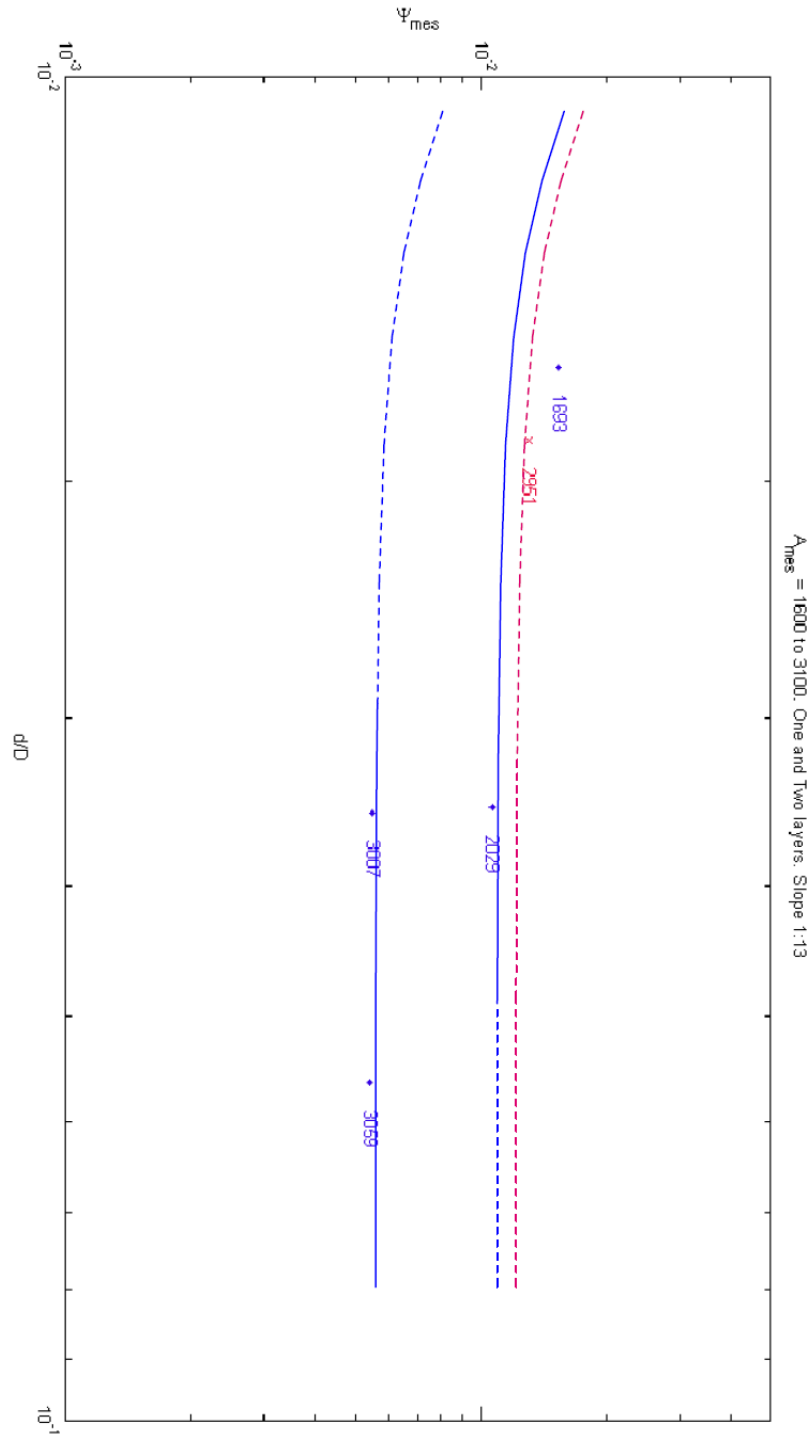


Figure 6.13: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes}=1600$ to 3100 . Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

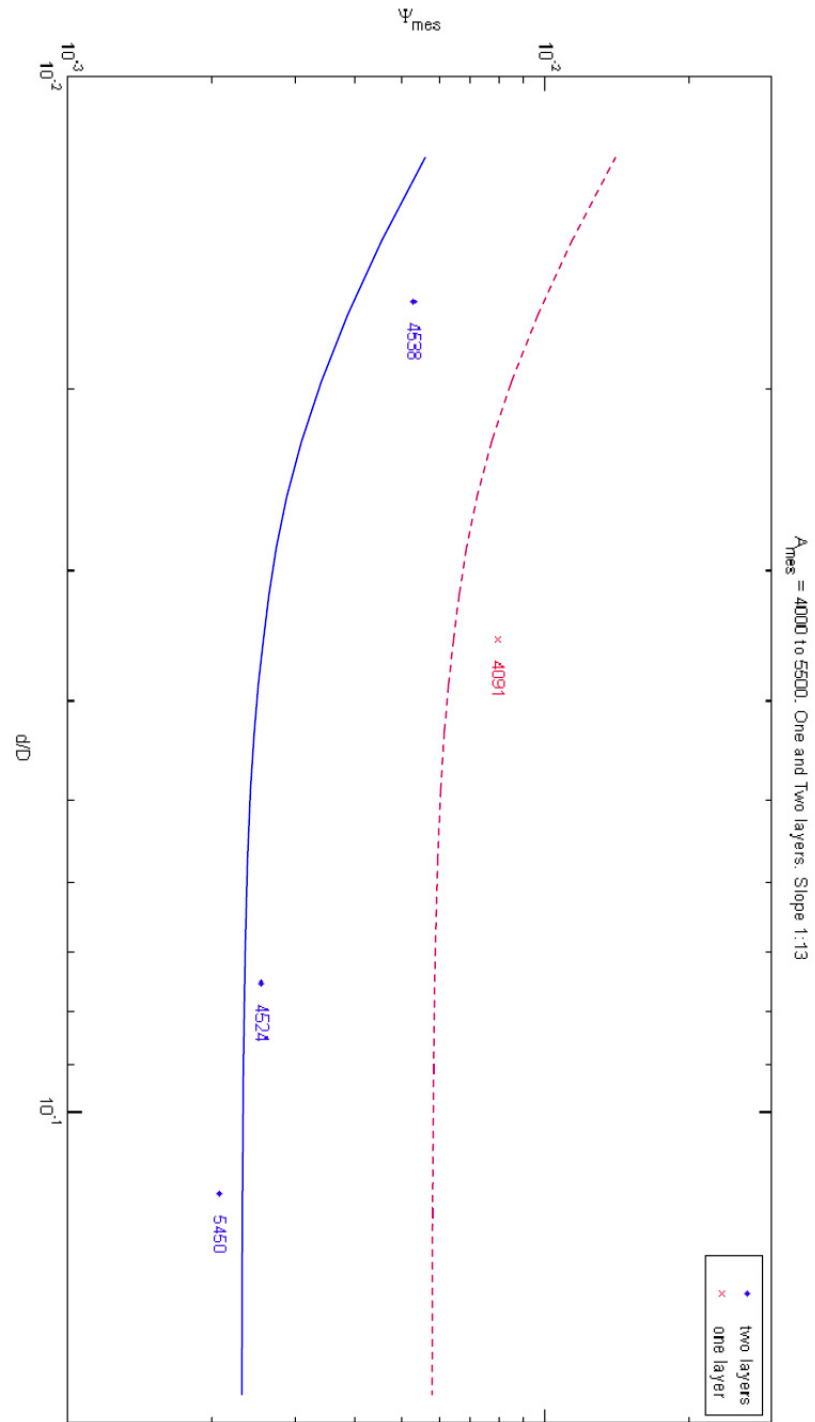


Figure 6.14: Comparison of the results of one and two layers of scour protection by using Ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes}=4000$ to 5500. Slope 1:13. Blue dots: 1 layer. Red crosses: 2 layers

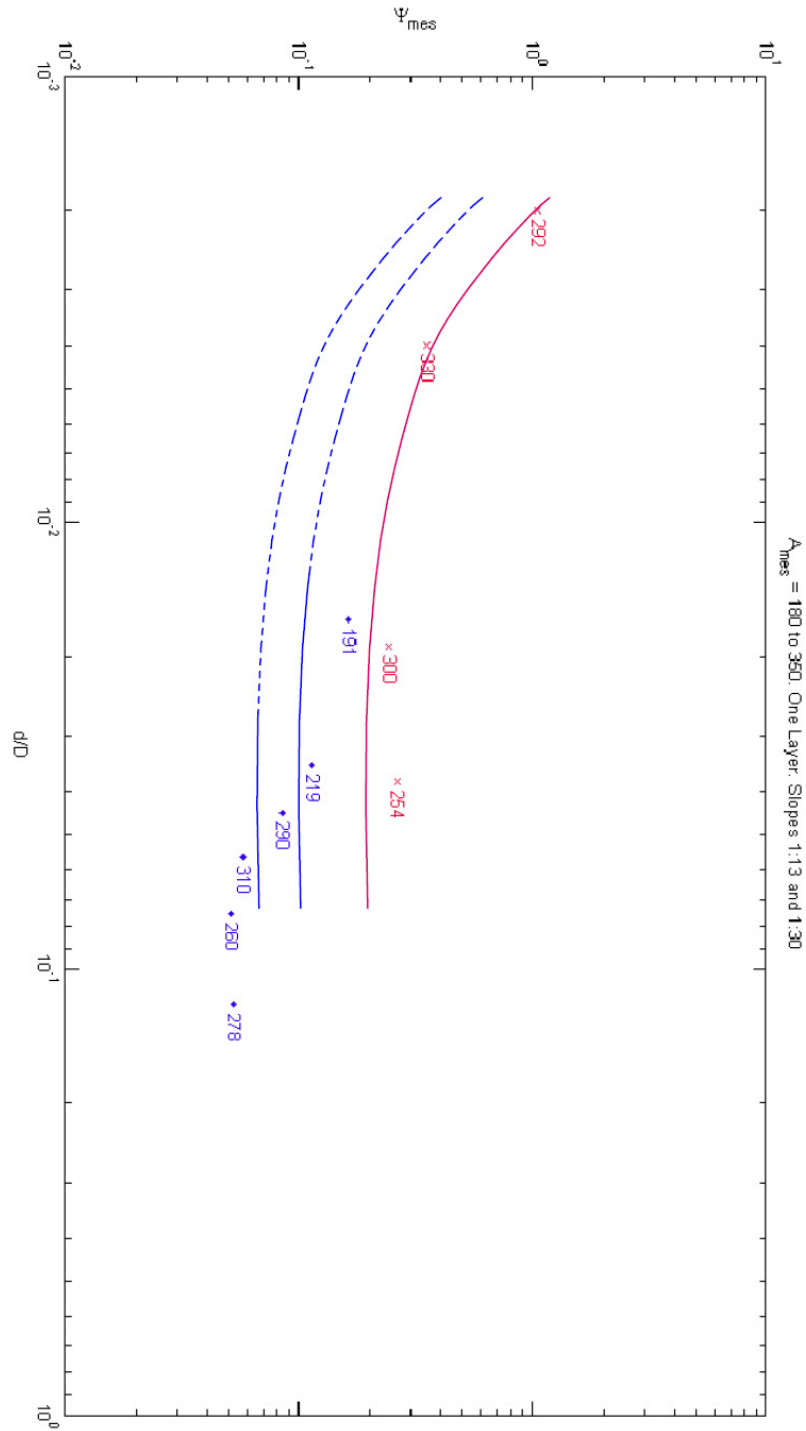


Figure 6.15: Comparison of the results for two slopes with one layer of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes} = 180$ to 350. Blue dots: slope 1:13. Red crosses: slope 1:30

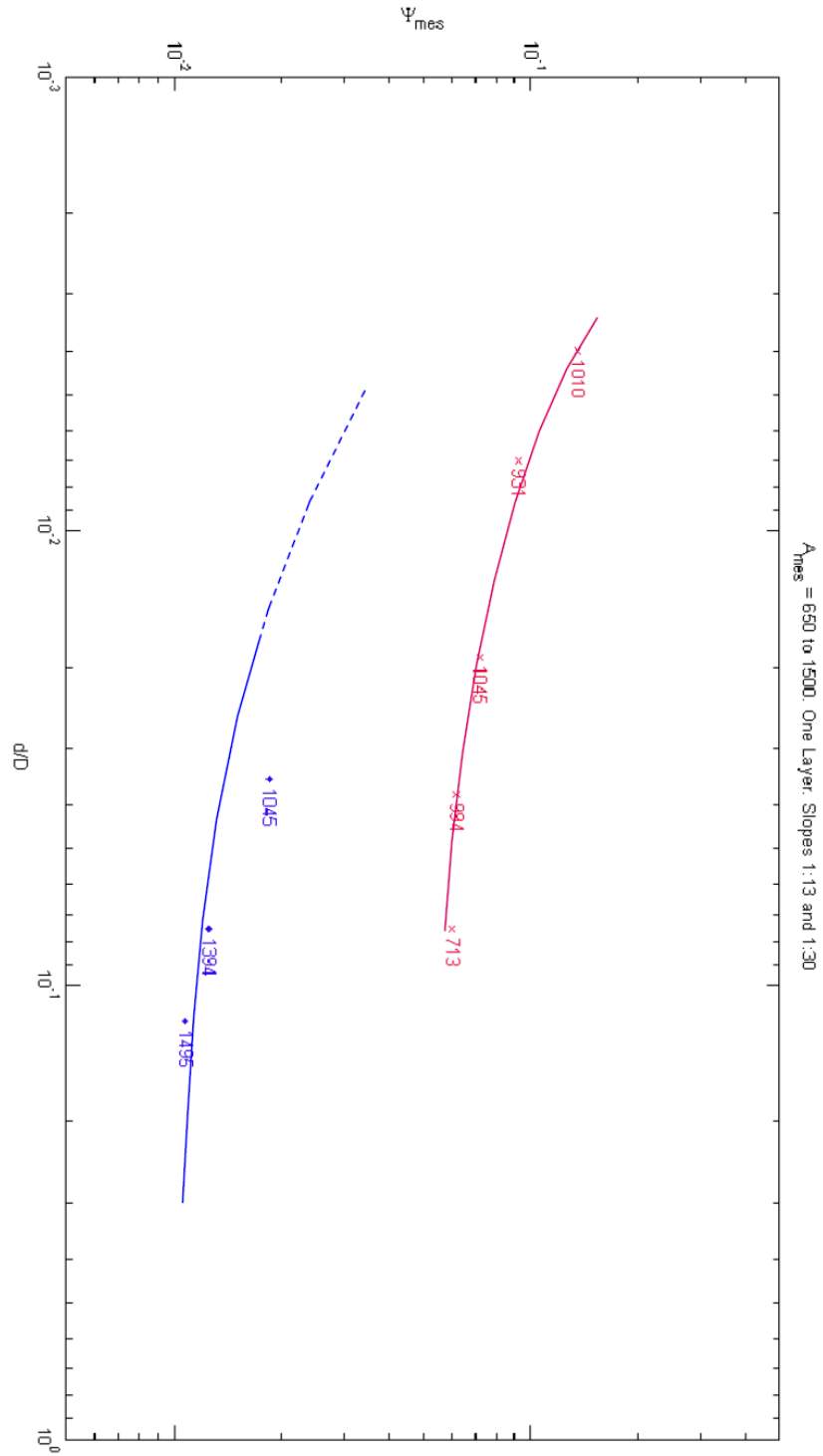


Figure 6.16: Comparison of the results for two slopes with one layer of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes} = 650$ to 1500 . Blue dots: slope 1:13. Red crosses: slope 1:30

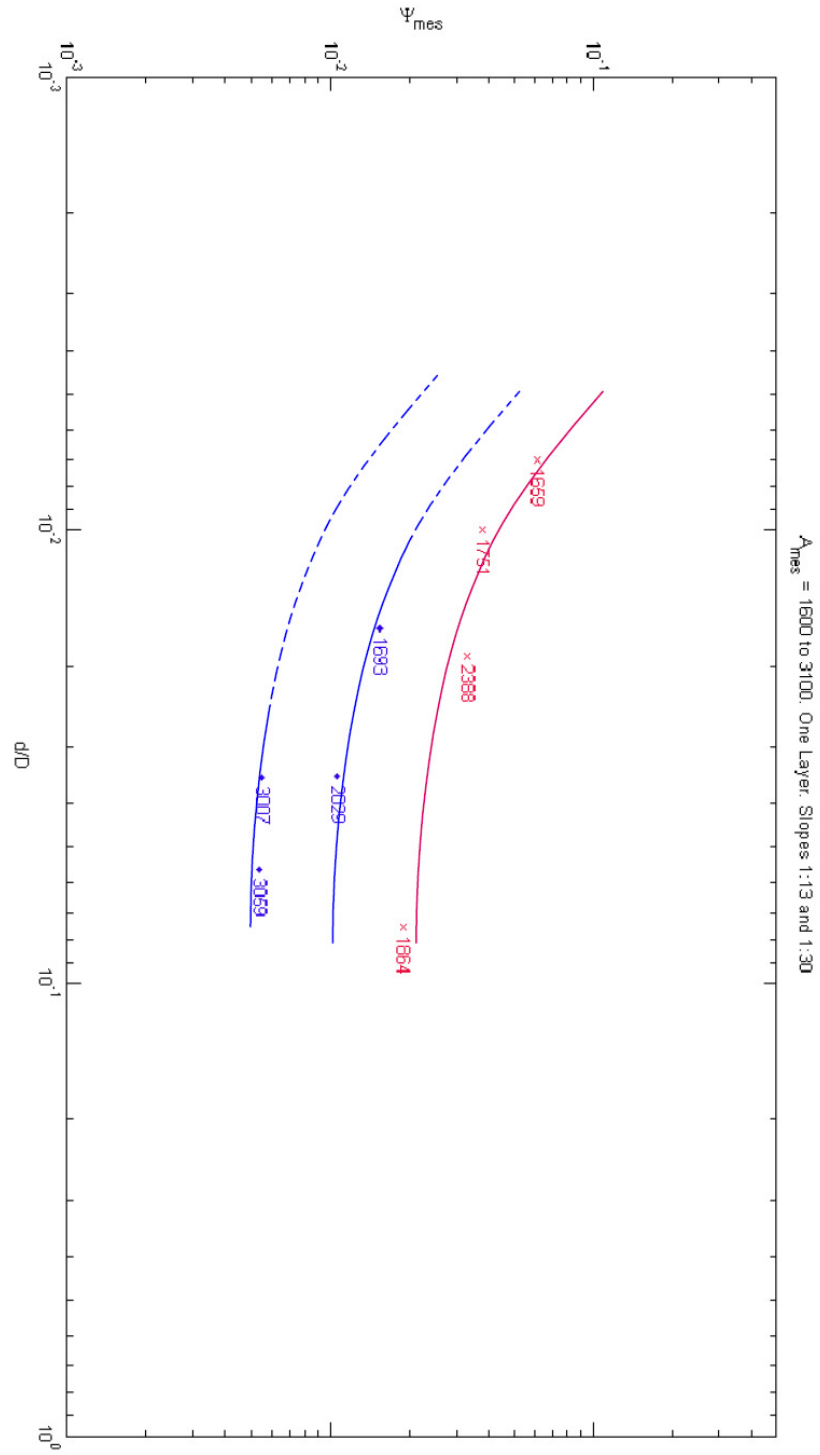


Figure 6.17: Comparison of the results for two slopes with one layer of scour protection by using ψ_{mes} and $A_{mes} = 1600$ to 3100 . Blue dots: slope 1:13. Red crosses: slope 1:30

6.4 Has one layer of protection the same effect as two layers of protection with half size stones?

To answer this question, three comparisons have been carried out depending on the size of the stone layer and the sediment, so the d/D is equal or very similar.

In each comparison, the mobility number ψ_0 vs. d/D is plotted for each test, to have a visualization of which test has a higher mobility number with similar A parameter values.

TEST INFORMATION		STONES		SEDIMENT		d/D	FLOW PROPERTIES				
Test Number	D [cm]	Number of layers	d_{50} [cm]	$s=\rho_s/\rho$	Single/Sediment		h_0 [cm]	H_0 [cm]	T [s]	ψ_0	A_0
7	4	2 of 2.5 cm	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.035	38.1	4.5	5.5	0.0030	6829
8	4	2 of 2.5 cm	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.035	38.6	6.8	3.4	0.0178	1667
9	4	2 of 2.5 cm	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.035	39.3	10.3	1.1	0.3956	117
11	7.5	2 of 4.0 cm	0.38	1.39	Single	0.0507	38.0	4.7	1.2	0.1378	269
15	4	1	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.035	37.3	3.9	5.0	0.0029	6374
16	4	1	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.035	36.0	2.9	3.0	0.0043	3213
17	4	1	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.035	36.5	5.3	1.1	0.1071	238
18	7.5	2 of 4.0 cm	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.0187	39.4	6.5	5.1	0.0071	4003
20	8.5	1	0.38	1.39	Single	0.0447	39.2	3.9	1.5	0.1094	254
25	8.5	1	0.14	2.65	Sediment	0.0165	38.4	5.6	4.5	0.0057	4495

Table 6.5: Data for the comparisons.

6.4.1 First Comparison

Sediment:

- $d_{50} = 0.14$

Armour protection:

- 2 layers of 1 $D_{50} = 2.5$ cm. Tests: 7,8, 9
- 1 layer of $D_{50} = 4$ cm. Tests: 15,16,17

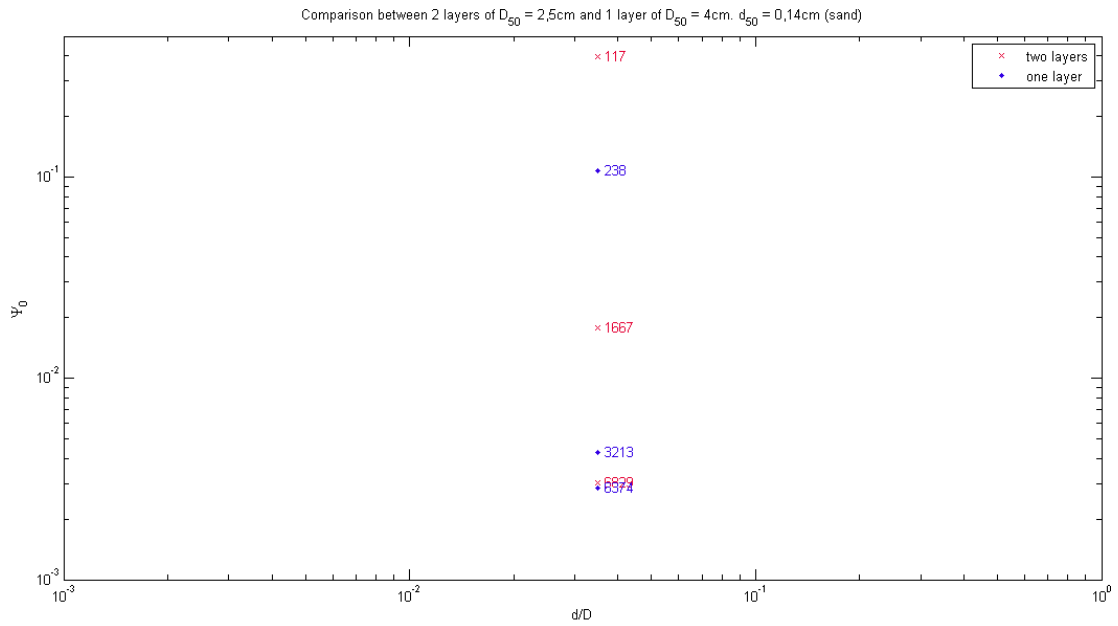


Figure 6.18: Plot using ψ_0 and A_0 of the tests 7, 8 and 9 of the case 3 and tests 15, 16 and 17 of the case 6

It can be seen that the difference of mobility number between the two tests with A_0 around 6500 is much smaller than for the tests with $A_0 = 110-250$.

6.4.2 Second Comparison

Single particles (plastic):

- $d_{50} = 0.38$

Armour protection:

- 2 layers of 1 $D_{50} = 4$ cm. Test: 11
- 1 layer of $D_{50} = 8,5$ cm. Test: 20

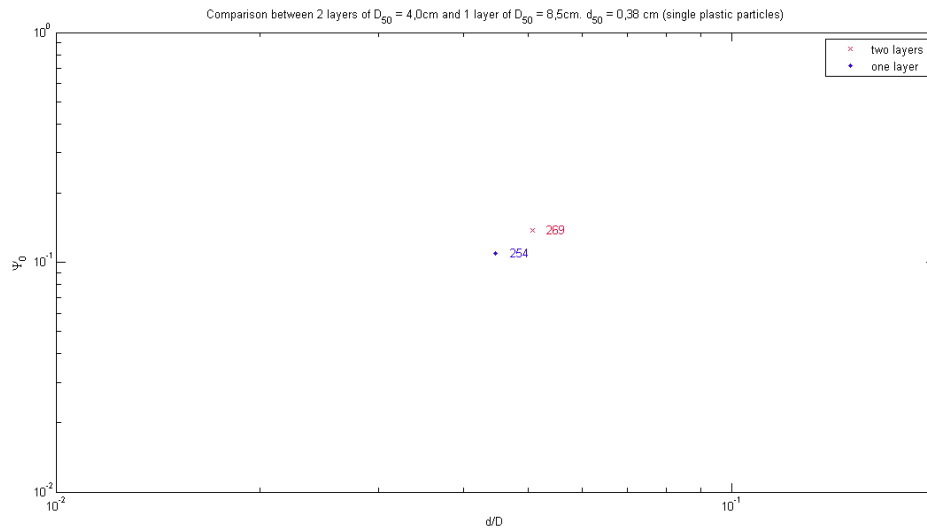


Figure 6.19: Plot using ψ_0 and A_0 of test 11 of the case 4 and test 20 of the case 8.

6.4.3 Third Comparison

Sediment:

- $d_{50} = 0.14$

Armour protection:

- 2 layers of 1 $D_{50} = 4\text{ cm}$. Test: 18
- 1 layer of $D_{50} = 8.5\text{ cm}$. Test: 25

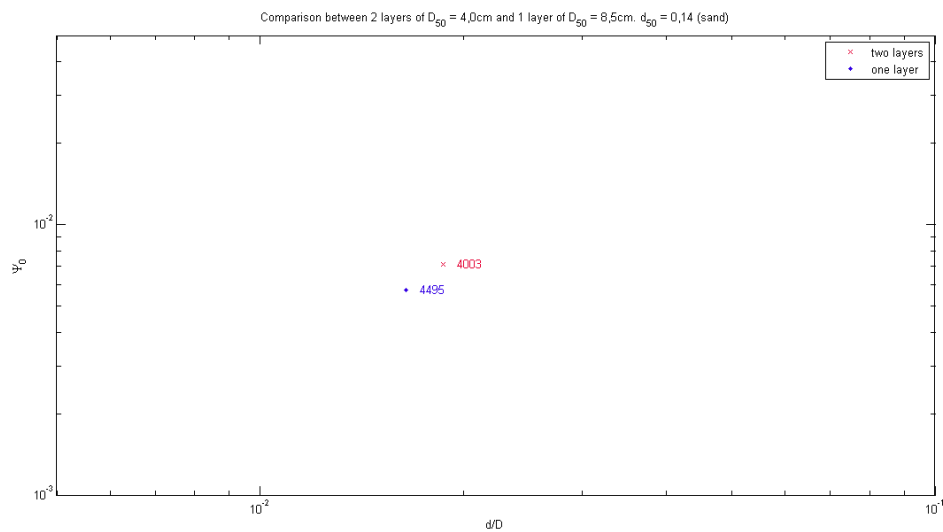


Figure 6.20: Plot using ψ_0 and A_0 of test 18 of the case 7 and test 25 of the case 10.

Looking at the figures 6.18, 6.19 and 6.20 the following comments can be observed: when there are two layers a higher mobility number is required than for one layer of the same size. The reason is that with one layer, the holes between the stones are bigger than in the case of two layers.

The recirculation of the water in between the stones in the case of two layers is much more difficult and it finds more obstacles to arrive to the main flow over the protection compared with the case of one layer of stones of the same size. (see figure 6.20).

Therefore, the suction in the case of two layers is more complicated than in the case of one layer.

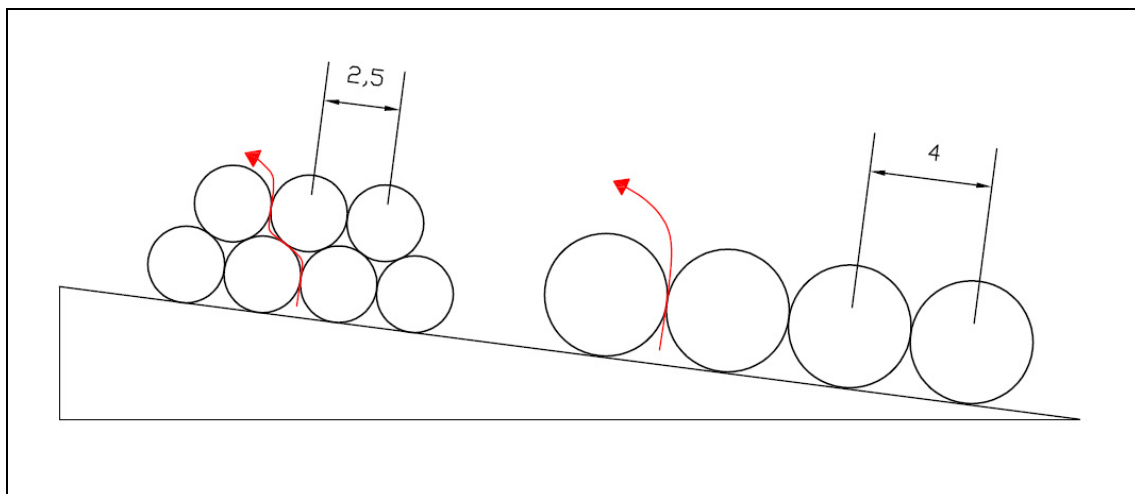


Figure 6,21: Recirculation of the water and/or sediment in between the scour protection in the cases of two layers and one layer of protection.

6.5 The practical application of the critical suction curve - an example

A concrete breakwater parallel to the coast line needs to be protected from scour in its foundation because of some large waves before they reach the breakwater. The waves, which are breaking before the breakwater, have a period of $T = 7\text{ s}$ and a height of $H_0 = 1.6\text{ m}$. This gives a breaking parameter:

$$A = \frac{T^2 g}{H} = \frac{49\text{s}^2 \cdot 9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{1.6\text{m}} = 300.43 \approx 300$$

The following scenario can be studied.

6.5.1 Scenario

A single rip-rap layer is placed around the breakwater. Because of the situation before the breakwater was established, the sediment changes along the breakwater from a sand size of $d_{50} = 0.2\text{ mm}$ to $d_{50} = 3\text{ mm}$. It is found that the breakwater can be split in 3 regions depending on the sand size:

- $d_{50(1)} = 0.5\text{ mm}$
- $d_{50(2)} = 0.8\text{ mm}$

- $d_{50(3)} = 2.0 \text{ mm}$

All the sediment has a specific gravity of $s = 2.65$.

$$\Psi = \frac{(H/T)^2}{g(s-1)d}$$

The mobility number ψ_0 gives:

$$\psi_{0(1)} = 6.45$$

$$\psi_{0(2)} = 4.03$$

$$\psi_{0(3)} = 1.61$$

Checking the figure 6.7, the d/D for critical suction in each of the 3 regions can be found, looking at the curve for $A_0 \approx 300$ and they are around:

$$d/D_{(1)} = 0.0010$$

$$d/D_{(2)} = 0.00105$$

$$d/D_{(3)} = 0.0018$$

Then, the thickness of the layer for each zone:

$$D_{(1)} = 500 \text{ mm.} = 0.5 \text{ m.}$$

$$D_{(2)} = 763 \text{ mm.} = 0.77 \text{ m.}$$

$$D_{(3)} = 1111 \text{ mm.} = 1.12 \text{ m.}$$

7. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

1. For different values of the wave breaking parameter A (different H_o and T), d/D , and mobility number ψ_o ; the critical mobility number ψ_o , that induces suction, has been determined for a 1:13 slope and one or two layers of stones protection, See figures 6.2, 6.3, 6.10 and 6.11.
2. Comparison diagrams for critical suction for one and two layers cases have been worked out, finding that for two layers the suction is much more difficult to happen.
3. Comparison diagrams for critical suction for two different slopes: 1:13 and 1:30 have been plotted in the case of one layer of stones protection. It has been found out that both slopes have a similar behaviour, but with a slight displacement. See figures 6.7, 6.8, 6.15, 6.16 and 6.17. From here it is possible to conclude that the slope effect is considerable in the mobility number. Therefore, for the same value of the breaking parameter (A), smoother slopes require higher mobility numbers to induce suction than steeper slopes.
4. One of the main contributions of these experiments is that the following question has been answered: *“Has one layer of protection the same effect as two layers of protection with half size stones?”* For example: is it the same to use one layer of 4 cm. or two layers of 2,5 cm. both with a $D_{50} = 4$ cm.? (See figure 6.21 for a visual example).

It has been found out that the use of two layers protects better than one layer of the same size due to the difficulty of the recirculation of the water in between the stones in the two layers case. See figures 6.18, 6.19 and 6.20.

5. An important vagueness of this research is the fact that it was carried out using regular waves (monochromatic waves). In nature wave usually are random and irregular. Applications of these results to natural conditions must be subjected to validation for specific conditions. Therefore a suggestion for a possible work for future is to carry out these experiments with irregular waves and if possible at a higher scale for longitudes (h_0 , H_0 and D_{50}).

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APPENDIX A

CASE 1		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,045	4,2	5,6	4,2	5,0	n	1	0,0017	0,0015	0,0026	0,0014	5450	5802	4378	5901	4,34
1	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,045	4,2	5,6	4,2	5,0	n	2	0,0017	0,0015	0,0026	0,0014	5450	5802	4378	5901	4,34
1	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,045	4,2	5,6	4,2	5,0	n	3	0,0017	0,0015	0,0026	0,0014	5450	5802	4378	5901	4,34
1	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,045	4,2	5,6	4,2	5,0	n	4	0,0017	0,0015	0,0026	0,0014	5450	5802	4378	5901	4,34
2	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,050	4,9	6,0	5,1	5,0	n	1	0,0021	0,0019	0,0029	0,0021	4905	5050	4107	4843	4,4
2	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,050	4,9	6,0	5,1	5,0	n	2	0,0021	0,0019	0,0029	0,0021	4905	5050	4107	4843	4,4
2	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,050	4,9	6,0	5,1	5,0	n	3	0,0021	0,0019	0,0029	0,0021	4905	5050	4107	4843	4,4
2	27/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,050	4,9	6,0	5,1	5,0	n	4	0,0021	0,0019	0,0029	0,0021	4905	5050	4107	4843	4,4
3	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,055	5,7	3,6	4,2	5,2	n	1	0,0023	0,0025	0,0010	0,0013	4823	4670	7469	6381	4,34
3	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,055	5,7	3,6	4,2	5,2	n	2	0,0023	0,0025	0,0010	0,0013	4823	4670	7469	6381	4,34
3	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,055	5,7	3,6	4,2	5,2	n	3	0,0023	0,0025	0,0010	0,0013	4823	4670	7469	6381	4,34
3	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,055	5,7	3,6	4,2	5,2	n	4	0,0023	0,0025	0,0010	0,0013	4823	4670	7469	6381	4,34
4	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,060	6,2	3,6	4,7	5,3	n	1	0,0026	0,0028	0,0009	0,0016	4593	4435	7757	5829	4,4
4	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,060	6,2	3,6	4,7	5,3	s	2	0,0026	0,0028	0,0009	0,0016	4593	4435	7757	5829	4,4
4	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,060	6,2	3,6	4,7	5,3	n	3	0,0026	0,0028	0,0009	0,0016	4593	4435	7757	5829	4,4
4	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37,5	0,060	6,2	3,6	4,7	5,3	n	4	0,0026	0,0028	0,0009	0,0016	4593	4435	7757	5829	4,4
5	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,065	7,5	3,4	5,5	5,5	n	1	0,0029	0,0038	0,0008	0,0021	4565	3947	8850	5394	4,34
5	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,065	7,5	3,4	5,5	5,5	s	2	0,0029	0,0038	0,0008	0,0021	4565	3947	8850	5394	4,34
5	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,065	7,5	3,4	5,5	5,5	s	3	0,0029	0,0038	0,0008	0,0021	4565	3947	8850	5394	4,34
5	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,065	7,5	3,4	5,5	5,5	n	4	0,0029	0,0038	0,0008	0,0021	4565	3947	8850	5394	4,34
6	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36,5	0,070	8,9	3,6	6,8	5,7	s	1	0,0031	0,0050	0,0008	0,0029	4553	3588	8969	4691	4,4
6	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36,5	0,070	8,9	3,6	6,8	5,7	s	2	0,0031	0,0050	0,0008	0,0029	4553	3588	8969	4691	4,4
6	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36,5	0,070	8,9	3,6	6,8	5,7	s	3	0,0031	0,0050	0,0008	0,0029	4553	3588	8969	4691	4,4
6	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36,5	0,070	8,9	3,6	6,8	5,7	s	4	0,0031	0,0050	0,0008	0,0029	4553	3588	8969	4691	4,4
7	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37	0,040	4,5	3,4	4,2	3,0	n	1	0,0037	0,0046	0,0027	0,0040	2207	1975	2573	2104	4,3
7	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37	0,040	4,5	3,4	4,2	3,0	n	2	0,0037	0,0046	0,0027	0,0040	2207	1975	2573	2104	4,3
7	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37	0,040	4,5	3,4	4,2	3,0	n	3	0,0037	0,0046	0,0027	0,0040	2207	1975	2573	2104	4,3
7	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	37	0,040	4,5	3,4	4,2	3,0	n	4	0,0037	0,0046	0,0027	0,0040	2207	1975	2573	2104	4,3
8	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,050	3,0	5,0	5,4	3,2	n	1	0,0050	0,0018	0,0050	0,0059	2009	3328	2008	1856	4,25
8	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,050	3,0	5,0	5,4	3,2	n	2	0,0050	0,0018	0,0050	0,0059	2009	3328	2008	1856	4,25
8	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,050	3,0	5,0	5,4	3,2	n	3	0,0050	0,0018	0,0050	0,0059	2009	3328	2008	1856	4,25
8	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,050	3,0	5,0	5,4	3,2	n	4	0,0050	0,0018	0,0050	0,0059	2009	3328	2008	1856	4,25
9	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,060	3,8	5,6	8,3	3,4	s	1	0,0064	0,0026	0,0056	0,0124	1890	2962	2021	1360	4,25
9	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,060	3,8	5,6	8,3	3,4	s	2	0,0064	0,0026	0,0056	0,0124	1890	2962	2021	1360	4,25
9	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,060	3,8	5,6	8,3	3,4	n	3	0,0064	0,0026	0,0056	0,0124	1890	2962	2021	1360	4,25
9	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36	0,060	3,8	5,6	8,3	3,4	n	4	0,0064	0,0026	0,0056	0,0124	1890	2962	2021	1360	4,25
10	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	36,5	0,065	5,7	5,2	8,6	3,5	s	1	0,0071	0,0056	0,0046	0,					

13	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,070	5,6	5,8	6,8	1,2	n	3	0,0701	0,0445	0,0479	0,0654	202	253	244	209	4,1
13	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,070	5,6	5,8	6,8	1,2	n	4	0,0701	0,0445	0,0479	0,0654	202	253	244	209	4,1
14	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,080	6,7	6,2	7,0	1,3	s	1	0,0780	0,0540	0,0461	0,0592	207	249	270	238	4,1
14	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,080	6,7	6,2	7,0	1,3	n	2	0,0780	0,0540	0,0461	0,0592	207	249	270	238	4,1
14	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,080	6,7	6,2	7,0	1,3	n	3	0,0780	0,0540	0,0461	0,0592	207	249	270	238	4,1
14	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,080	6,7	6,2	7,0	1,3	n	4	0,0780	0,0540	0,0461	0,0592	207	249	270	238	4,1
15	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	34,5	0,090	7,0	6,7	7,3	1,5	s	1	0,0741	0,0450	0,0409	0,0491	245	315	330	301	4,1
15	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	34,5	0,090	7,0	6,7	7,3	1,5	s	2	0,0741	0,0450	0,0409	0,0491	245	315	330	301	4,1
15	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	34,5	0,090	7,0	6,7	7,3	1,5	n	3	0,0741	0,0450	0,0409	0,0491	245	315	330	301	4,1
15	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	34,5	0,090	7,0	6,7	7,3	1,5	n	4	0,0741	0,0450	0,0409	0,0491	245	315	330	301	4,1
16	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,100	7,9	7,1	6,9	1,5	s	1	0,0915	0,0577	0,0458	0,0439	221	278	312	319	4,1
16	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,100	7,9	7,1	6,9	1,5	s	2	0,0915	0,0577	0,0458	0,0439	221	278	312	319	4,1
16	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,100	7,9	7,1	6,9	1,5	s	3	0,0915	0,0577	0,0458	0,0439	221	278	312	319	4,1
16	30/3/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,12	35	0,100	7,9	7,1	6,9	1,5	s	4	0,0915	0,0577	0,0458	0,0439	221	278	312	319	4,1

CASE 2		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																	
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		d/D	Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	4,5	4,1	4,6	4,8	n		1	0,0017	0,0040	0,0032	0,0041	7534	4972	5544	4895	4,35
1	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	4,5	4,1	4,6	4,8	n		2	0,0017	0,0040	0,0032	0,0041	7534	4972	5544	4895	4,35
1	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	4,5	4,1	4,6	4,8	n		3	0,0017	0,0040	0,0032	0,0041	7534	4972	5544	4895	4,35
1	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	4,5	4,1	4,6	4,8	n		4	0,0017	0,0040	0,0032	0,0041	7534	4972	5544	4895	4,35
2	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,045	5,1	3,8	5,7	5,0	n		1	0,0036	0,0045	0,0026	0,0057	5450	4848	6448	4300	4,35
2	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,045	5,1	3,8	5,7	5,0	s		2	0,0036	0,0045	0,0026	0,0057	5450	4848	6448	4300	4,35
2	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,045	5,1	3,8	5,7	5,0	n		3	0,0036	0,0045	0,0026	0,0057	5450	4848	6448	4300	4,35
2	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,045	5,1	3,8	5,7	5,0	n		4	0,0036	0,0045	0,0026	0,0057	5450	4848	6448	4300	4,35
3	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,050	5,9	2,8	6,4	5,2	s		1	0,0041	0,0057	0,0013	0,0067	5305	4478	9410	4136	4,35
3	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,050	5,9	2,8	6,4	5,2	s		2	0,0041	0,0057	0,0013	0,0067	5305	4478	9410	4136	4,35
3	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,050	5,9	2,8	6,4	5,2	n		3	0,0041	0,0057	0,0013	0,0067	5305	4478	9410	4136	4,35
3	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,050	5,9	2,8	6,4	5,2	n		4	0,0041	0,0057	0,0013	0,0067	5305	4478	9410	4136	4,35
4	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,055	4,1	3,3	3,1	5,4	s		1	0,0046	0,0025	0,0017	0,0015	5201	7003	8635	9213	4,35
4	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,055	4,1	3,3	3,1	5,4	s		2	0,0046	0,0025	0,0017	0,0015	5201	7003	8635	9213	4,35
4	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,055	4,1	3,3	3,1	5,4	s		3	0,0046	0,0025	0,0017	0,0015	5201	7003	8635	9213	4,35
4	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	37,5	0,055	4,1	3,3	3,1	5,4	s		4	0,0046	0,0025	0,0017	0,0015	5201	7003	8635	9213	4,35
5	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	3,1	2,4	1,9	3,0	n		1	0,0044	0,0047	0,0029	0,0018	2943	2854	3636	4654	4,25
5	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	3,1	2,4	1,9	3,0	n		2	0,0044	0,0047	0,0029	0,0018	2943	2854	3636	4654	4,25
5	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	3,1	2,4	1,9	3,0	n		3	0,0044	0,0047	0,0029	0,0018	2943	2854	3636	4654	4,25
5	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,030	3,1	2,4	1,9	3,0	n		4	0,0044	0,0047	0,0029	0,0018	2943	2854	3636	4654	4,25
6	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	4,7	3,9	4,1	3,0	s		1	0,0078	0,0106	0,0074	0,0081	2207	1894	2270	2176	4,3
6	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	4,7	3,9	4,1	3,0	s		2	0,0078	0,0106	0,0074	0,0081	2207	1894	2270	2176	4,3
6	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	4,7	3,9	4,1	3,0	n		3	0,0078	0,0106	0,0074	0,0081	2207	1894	2270	2176	4,3
6	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	4,7	3,9	4,1	3,0	n		4	0,0078	0,0106	0,0074	0,0081	2207	1894	2270	2176	4,3
7	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,050	2,4	3,9	2,7	3,0	s		1	0,0123	0,0029	0,0076	0,0037	1766	3636	2247	3230	4,25
7	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,050	2,4	3,9	2,7	3,0	s		2	0,0123	0,0029	0,0076	0,0037	1766	3636	2247	3230	4,25
7	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,050	2,4	3,9	2,7	3,0	s		3	0,0123	0,0029	0,0076	0,0037	1766	3636	2247	3230	4,25
7	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,050	2,4	3,9	2,7	3,0	s		4	0,0123	0,0029	0,0076	0,0037	1766	3636	2247	3230	4,25
8	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,035	3,3	2,9	2,9	1,0	n		1	0,0541	0,0492	0,0362	0,0381	280	294	342	334	4,1
8	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,035	3,3	2,9	2,9	1,0	n		2	0,0541	0,0492	0,0362	0,0381	280	294	342	334	4,1
8	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,035	3,3	2,9	2,9	1,0	n		3	0,0541	0,0492	0,0362	0,0381	280	294	342	334	4,1
8	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,035	3,3	2,9	2,9	1,0	n		4	0,0541	0,0492	0,0362	0,0381	280	294	342	334	4,1
9	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	3,0	3,0	3,7	1,1	s		1	0,0584	0,0337	0,0330	0,0505	297	390	395	319	4,1
9	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	3,0	3,0	3,7	1,1	s		2	0,0584	0,0337	0,0330	0,0505	297	390	395	319	4,1
9	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	3,0	3,0	3,7	1,1	s		3	0,0584	0,0337	0,0330	0,0505	297	390	395	319	4,1

9	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36	0,040	3,0	3,0	3,7	1,1	n	4	0,0584	0,0337	0,0330	0,0505	297	390	395	319	4,1
10	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,050	4,0	4,0	5,2	1,2	s	1	0,0766	0,0494	0,0495	0,0827	283	352	352	272	4,1
10	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,050	4,0	4,0	5,2	1,2	s	2	0,0766	0,0494	0,0495	0,0827	283	352	352	272	4,1
10	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,050	4,0	4,0	5,2	1,2	s	3	0,0766	0,0494	0,0495	0,0827	283	352	352	272	4,1
10	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,050	4,0	4,0	5,2	1,2	n	4	0,0766	0,0494	0,0495	0,0827	283	352	352	272	4,1
11	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,6	6,6	1,3	s	1	0,0940	0,0529	0,0553	0,1129	276	368	360	252	4,1
11	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,6	6,6	1,3	s	2	0,0940	0,0529	0,0553	0,1129	276	368	360	252	4,1
11	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,6	6,6	1,3	s	3	0,0940	0,0529	0,0553	0,1129	276	368	360	252	4,1
11	02/04/2009	2,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,056	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,6	6,6	1,3	s	4	0,0940	0,0529	0,0553	0,1129	276	368	360	252	4,1

CASE 3		STONES			SEDIMENT			d/D	FLOW PROPERTIES																
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{q1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{q1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{q1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	3,4	3,7	3,6	5,0	n	1	0,0028	0,0020	0,0024	0,0023	6131	7273	6665	6784	4,34
1	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	3,4	3,7	3,6	5,0	n	2	0,0028	0,0020	0,0024	0,0023	6131	7273	6665	6784	4,34
1	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	3,4	3,7	3,6	5,0	n	3	0,0028	0,0020	0,0024	0,0023	6131	7273	6665	6784	4,34
1	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	3,4	3,7	3,6	5,0	n	4	0,0028	0,0020	0,0024	0,0023	6131	7273	6665	6784	4,34
2	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,055	5,2	3,8	4,5	5,2	n	1	0,0049	0,0044	0,0024	0,0034	4823	5134	6961	5841	4,4
2	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,055	5,2	3,8	4,5	5,2	n	2	0,0049	0,0044	0,0024	0,0034	4823	5134	6961	5841	4,4
2	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,055	5,2	3,8	4,5	5,2	n	3	0,0049	0,0044	0,0024	0,0034	4823	5134	6961	5841	4,4
2	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,055	5,2	3,8	4,5	5,2	n	4	0,0049	0,0044	0,0024	0,0034	4823	5134	6961	5841	4,4
3	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,065	6,5	3,5	6,3	5,4	n	1	0,0064	0,0064	0,0019	0,0060	4401	4391	8079	4546	4,34
3	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,065	6,5	3,5	6,3	5,4	n	2	0,0064	0,0064	0,0019	0,0060	4401	4391	8079	4546	4,34
3	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,065	6,5	3,5	6,3	5,4	n	3	0,0064	0,0064	0,0019	0,0060	4401	4391	8079	4546	4,34
3	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,065	6,5	3,5	6,3	5,4	n	4	0,0064	0,0064	0,0019	0,0060	4401	4391	8079	4546	4,34
4	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,075	7,6	3,9	6,5	5,4	n	1	0,0085	0,0088	0,0023	0,0064	3814	3744	7329	4401	4,4
4	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,075	7,6	3,9	6,5	5,4	n	2	0,0085	0,0088	0,0023	0,0064	3814	3744	7329	4401	4,4
4	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,075	7,6	3,9	6,5	5,4	s	3	0,0085	0,0088	0,0023	0,0064	3814	3744	7329	4401	4,4
4	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,075	7,6	3,9	6,5	5,4	n	4	0,0085	0,0088	0,0023	0,0064	3814	3744	7329	4401	4,4
5	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,085	9,6	4,2	7,2	5,5	s	1	0,0105	0,0134	0,0025	0,0076	3491	3098	7142	4107	4,34
5	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,085	9,6	4,2	7,2	5,5	n	2	0,0105	0,0134	0,0025	0,0076	3491	3098	7142	4107	4,34
5	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,085	9,6	4,2	7,2	5,5	s	3	0,0105	0,0134	0,0025	0,0076	3491	3098	7142	4107	4,34
5	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,085	9,6	4,2	7,2	5,5	n	4	0,0105	0,0134	0,0025	0,0076	3491	3098	7142	4107	4,34
6	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,100	10,1	6,1	9,0	5,7	s	1	0,0136	0,0138	0,0050	0,0111	3187	3157	5234	3530	4,4
6	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,100	10,1	6,1	9,0	5,7	s	2	0,0136	0,0138	0,0050	0,0111	3187	3157	5234	3530	4,4
6	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,100	10,1	6,1	9,0	5,7	s	3	0,0136	0,0138	0,0050	0,0111	3187	3157	5234	3530	4,4
6	03/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,100	10,1	6,1	9,0	5,7	s	4	0,0136	0,0138	0,0050	0,0111	3187	3157	5234	3530	4,4
7	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,055	5,7	4,5	5,6	3,0	n	1	0,0148	0,0161	0,0100	0,0156	1605	1543	1952	1566	4,3
7	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,055	5,7	4,5	5,6	3,0	n	2	0,0148	0,0161	0,0100	0,0156	1605	1543	1952	1566	4,3
7	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,055	5,7	4,5	5,6	3,0	n	3	0,0148	0,0161	0,0100	0,0156	1605	1543	1952	1566	4,3
7	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,055	5,7	4,5	5,6	3,0	n	4	0,0148	0,0161	0,0100	0,0156	1605	1543	1952	1566	4,3
8	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,065	4,1	6,9	6,7	3,2	n	1	0,0182	0,0074	0,0203	0,0196	1545	2426	1462	1490	4,3
8	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,065	4,1	6,9	6,7	3,2	n	2	0,0182	0,0074	0,0203	0,0196	1545	2426	1462	1490	4,3
8	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,065	4,1	6,9	6,7	3,2	n	3	0,0182	0,0074	0,0203	0,0196	1545	2426	1462	1490	4,3
8	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,065	4,1	6,9	6,7	3,2	n	4	0,0182	0,0074	0,0203	0,0196	1545	2426	1462	1490	4,3
9	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,075	6,1	6,9	7,2	3,4	s	1	0,0215	0,0143	0,0180	0,0201	1512	1856	1650	1565	4,3
9	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,075	6,1	6,9	7,2	3,4	s	2	0,0215	0,0143	0,0180	0,0201	1512	1856	1650	1565	4,3
9	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,075	6,1	6,9	7,2	3,4	n	3	0,0215	0,0143	0,0180	0,0201	1512	1856	1650	1565	4,3
9	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,075	6,1	6,9	7,2	3,4	n	4	0,0215	0,0143	0,0180	0,0201	1512	1856	1650	1565	4,3
10	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,085	7,9	6,4	8,6	3,5	s	1	0,0260	0,0223	0,0149	0,0269	1414	1526	1870	1390	4,3
10	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,085	7,9	6,4	8,6	3,5	s	2	0,0260	0,0223	0,0149	0,0269	1414	1526	1870	1390	4,3
10	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,085	7,9	6,4	8,6	3,5	s	3	0,0260	0,0223	0,0149	0,0269	1414	1526	1870	1390	4,3
10	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,085	7,9	6,4	8,6	3,5	n	4	0,0260	0,0223	0,0149	0,0269	1414	1526	1870	1390	4,3

11	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	40	0,095	9,1	7,0	8,8	3,5	s	1	0,0325	0,0300	0,0174	0,0279	1265	1316	1727	1365	4,3
11	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	40	0,095	9,1	7,0	8,8	3,5	s	2	0,0325	0,0300	0,0174	0,0279	1265	1316	1727	1365	4,3
11	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	40	0,095	9,1	7,0	8,8	3,5	s	3	0,0325	0,0300	0,0174	0,0279	1265	1316	1727	1365	4,3
11	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	40	0,095	9,1	7,0	8,8	3,5	s	4	0,0325	0,0300	0,0174	0,0279	1265	1316	1727	1365	4,3
12	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,070	4,6	6,2	4,8	1,0	n	1	0,2162	0,0942	0,1697	0,1017	140	212	158	204	4,15
12	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,070	4,6	6,2	4,8	1,0	n	2	0,2162	0,0942	0,1697	0,1017	140	212	158	204	4,15
12	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,070	4,6	6,2	4,8	1,0	n	3	0,2162	0,0942	0,1697	0,1017	140	212	158	204	4,15
12	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,070	4,6	6,2	4,8	1,0	n	4	0,2162	0,0942	0,1697	0,1017	140	212	158	204	4,15
13	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,080	5,7	6,9	5,2	1,0	n	1	0,2824	0,1429	0,2104	0,1186	123	172	142	189	4,1
13	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,080	5,7	6,9	5,2	1,0	n	2	0,2824	0,1429	0,2104	0,1186	123	172	142	189	4,1
13	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,080	5,7	6,9	5,2	1,0	n	3	0,2824	0,1429	0,2104	0,1186	123	172	142	189	4,1
13	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,080	5,7	6,9	5,2	1,0	n	4	0,2824	0,1429	0,2104	0,1186	123	172	142	189	4,1
14	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,090	6,7	7,5	5,9	1,0	n	1	0,3574	0,2007	0,2475	0,1518	109	145	131	167	4,1
14	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,090	6,7	7,5	5,9	1,0	n	2	0,3574	0,2007	0,2475	0,1518	109	145	131	167	4,1
14	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,090	6,7	7,5	5,9	1,0	n	3	0,3574	0,2007	0,2475	0,1518	109	145	131	167	4,1
14	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	38	0,090	6,7	7,5	5,9	1,0	n	4	0,3574	0,2007	0,2475	0,1518	109	145	131	167	4,1
15	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,105	8,2	8,2	7,0	1,1	n	1	0,4021	0,2427	0,2459	0,1797	113	146	145	169	4,1
15	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,105	8,2	8,2	7,0	1,1	n	2	0,4021	0,2427	0,2459	0,1797	113	146	145	169	4,1
15	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,105	8,2	8,2	7,0	1,1	n	3	0,4021	0,2427	0,2459	0,1797	113	146	145	169	4,1
15	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,105	8,2	8,2	7,0	1,1	n	4	0,4021	0,2427	0,2459	0,1797	113	146	145	169	4,1
16	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,120	9,1	9,8	6,8	1,1	s	1	0,5252	0,3016	0,3519	0,1693	99	131	121	174	4,1
16	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,120	9,1	9,8	6,8	1,1	n	2	0,5252	0,3016	0,3519	0,1693	99	131	121	174	4,1
16	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,120	9,1	9,8	6,8	1,1	n	3	0,5252	0,3016	0,3519	0,1693	99	131	121	174	4,1
16	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39	0,120	9,1	9,8	6,8	1,1	n	4	0,5252	0,3016	0,3519	0,1693	99	131	121	174	4,1
17	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,130	10,2	10,3	7,1	1,1	s	1	0,6163	0,3787	0,3852	0,1844	91	116	115	167	4,1
17	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,130	10,2	10,3	7,1	1,1	s	2	0,6163	0,3787	0,3852	0,1844	91	116	115	167	4,1
17	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,130	10,2	10,3	7,1	1,1	s	3	0,6163	0,3787	0,3852	0,1844	91	116	115	167	4,1
17	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,130	10,2	10,3	7,1	1,1	n	4	0,6163	0,3787	0,3852	0,1844	91	116	115	167	4,1
18	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,140	11,0	11,1	6,7	1,1	s	1	0,7148	0,4400	0,4458	0,1614	85	108	107	178	4,1
18	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,140	11,0	11,1	6,7	1,1	s	2	0,7148	0,4400	0,4458	0,1614	85	108	107	178	4,1
18	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,140	11,0	11,1	6,7	1,1	s	3	0,7148	0,4400	0,4458	0,1614	85	108	107	178	4,1
18	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,140	11,0	11,1	6,7	1,1	n	4	0,7148	0,4400	0,4458	0,1614	85	108	107	178	4,1
19	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,150	11,8	11,8	6,1	1,1	s	1	0,8206	0,5094	0,5064	0,1360	79	100	101	194	4,1
19	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,150	11,8	11,8	6,1	1,1	s	2	0,8206	0,5094	0,5064	0,1360	79	100	101	194	4,1
19	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,150	11,8	11,8	6,1	1,1	s	3	0,8206	0,5094	0,5064	0,1360	79	100	101	194	4,1
19	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,150	11,8	11,8	6,1	1,1	n	4	0,8206	0,5094	0,5064	0,1360	79	100	101	194	4,1
20	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,160	12,7	12,7	5,4	1,1	s	1	0,9336	0,5868	0,5863	0,1051	74	94	94	221	4,1
20	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,160	12,7	12,7	5,4	1,1	s	2	0,9336	0,5868	0,5863	0,1051	74	94	94	221	4,1
20	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,160	12,7	12,7	5,4	1,1	s	3	0,9336	0,5868	0,5863	0,1051	74	94	94	221	4,1
20	09/04/2009	4	2x2.5cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	39,5	0,160	12,7	12,7	5,4	1,1	s	4	0,9336	0,5868	0,5863	0,1051	74	94	94	221	4,1

CASE 4		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																	
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		d/D	Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	2,6	3,3	5,7	2,4	n		1	0,0299	0,0251	0,0252	0,0338	1130	1233	1230	1063	4,3
1	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	2,6	3,3	5,7	2,4	n		2	0,0299	0,0251	0,0252	0,0338	1130	1233	1230	1063	4,3
1	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	2,6	3,3	5,7	2,4	n		3	0,0299	0,0251	0,0252	0,0338	1130	1233	1230	1063	4,3
1	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	2,6	3,3	5,7	2,4	n		4	0,0299	0,0251	0,0252	0,0338	1130	1233	1230	1063	4,3
2	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	4,4	4,4	5,1	2,5	n		1	0,0275	0,0158	0,0247	0,0293	1226	1618	1294	1189	4,3
2	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	4,4	4,4	5,1	2,5	n		2	0,0275	0,0158	0,0247	0,0293	1226	1618	1294	1189	4,3
2	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	4,4	4,4	5,1	2,5	n		3	0,0275	0,0158	0,0247	0,0293	1226	1618	1294	1189	4,3
2	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,050	4,4	4,4	5,1	2,5	n		4	0,0275	0,0158	0,0247	0,0293	1226	1618	1294	1189	4,3

3	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,055	3,7	4,6	4,9	2,5	n	1	0,0333	0,0161	0,0265	0,0323	1115	1603	1249	1132	4,3
3	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,055	3,7	4,6	4,9	2,5	s	2	0,0333	0,0161	0,0265	0,0323	1115	1603	1249	1132	4,3
3	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,055	3,7	4,6	4,9	2,5	s	3	0,0333	0,0161	0,0265	0,0323	1115	1603	1249	1132	4,3
3	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,055	3,7	4,6	4,9	2,5	n	4	0,0333	0,0161	0,0265	0,0323	1115	1603	1249	1132	4,3
4	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,060	3,7	4,7	5,2	2,6	n	1	0,0366	0,0128	0,0175	0,0438	1105	1867	1599	1011	4,3
4	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,060	3,7	4,7	5,2	2,6	s	2	0,0366	0,0128	0,0175	0,0438	1105	1867	1599	1011	4,3
4	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,060	3,7	4,7	5,2	2,6	s	3	0,0366	0,0128	0,0175	0,0438	1105	1867	1599	1011	4,3
4	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,060	3,7	4,7	5,2	2,6	n	4	0,0366	0,0128	0,0175	0,0438	1105	1867	1599	1011	4,3
5	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,065	3,0	3,9	6,2	2,7	s	1	0,0399	0,0328	0,0159	0,0626	1100	1213	1744	878	4,3
5	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,065	3,0	3,9	6,2	2,7	s	2	0,0399	0,0328	0,0159	0,0626	1100	1213	1744	878	4,3
5	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,065	3,0	3,9	6,2	2,7	s	3	0,0399	0,0328	0,0159	0,0626	1100	1213	1744	878	4,3
5	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38,5	0,065	3,0	3,9	6,2	2,7	s	4	0,0399	0,0328	0,0159	0,0626	1100	1213	1744	878	4,3
6	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,040	5,7	3,9	7,8	1,0	n	5	0,1101	0,0541	0,0706	0,0660	245	350	306	317	4,2
6	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,040	5,7	3,9	7,8	1,0	n	6	0,1101	0,0541	0,0706	0,0660	245	350	306	317	4,2
6	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,040	5,7	3,9	7,8	1,0	n	7	0,1101	0,0541	0,0706	0,0660	245	350	306	317	4,2
6	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,040	5,7	3,9	7,8	1,0	n	8	0,1101	0,0541	0,0706	0,0660	245	350	306	317	4,2
7	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,050	2,6	3,0	2,8	1,2	n	5	0,1194	0,0911	0,1067	0,1116	283	324	299	292	4,2
7	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,050	2,6	3,0	2,8	1,2	n	6	0,1194	0,0911	0,1067	0,1116	283	324	299	292	4,2
7	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,050	2,6	3,0	2,8	1,2	s	7	0,1194	0,0911	0,1067	0,1116	283	324	299	292	4,2
7	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,050	2,6	3,0	2,8	1,2	n	8	0,1194	0,0911	0,1067	0,1116	283	324	299	292	4,2
8	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,055	4,0	4,5	4,4	1,2	n	5	0,1445	0,1022	0,1262	0,1282	257	305	275	273	4,2
8	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,055	4,0	4,5	4,4	1,2	n	6	0,1445	0,1022	0,1262	0,1282	257	305	275	273	4,2
8	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,055	4,0	4,5	4,4	1,2	s	7	0,1445	0,1022	0,1262	0,1282	257	305	275	273	4,2
8	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,055	4,0	4,5	4,4	1,2	n	8	0,1445	0,1022	0,1262	0,1282	257	305	275	273	4,2
9	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,060	4,4	4,9	4,8	1,2	s	5	0,1720	0,1194	0,1514	0,1398	235	283	251	261	4,2
9	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,060	4,4	4,9	4,8	1,2	s	6	0,1720	0,1194	0,1514	0,1398	235	283	251	261	4,2
9	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,060	4,4	4,9	4,8	1,2	s	7	0,1720	0,1194	0,1514	0,1398	235	283	251	261	4,2
9	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,060	4,4	4,9	4,8	1,2	n	8	0,1720	0,1194	0,1514	0,1398	235	283	251	261	4,2
10	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,065	4,6	5,4	4,9	1,2	s	5	0,2018	0,1416	0,1657	0,1590	217	259	240	245	4,2
10	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,065	4,6	5,4	4,9	1,2	s	6	0,2018	0,1416	0,1657	0,1590	217	259	240	245	4,2
10	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,065	4,6	5,4	4,9	1,2	s	7	0,2018	0,1416	0,1657	0,1590	217	259	240	245	4,2
10	09/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,065	4,6	5,4	4,9	1,2	n	8	0,2018	0,1416	0,1657	0,1590	217	259	240	245	4,2
11	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,2	5,7	5,1	1,2	s	5	0,2341	0,1510	0,1858	0,1722	202	251	226	235	4,2
11	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,2	5,7	5,1	1,2	s	6	0,2341	0,1510	0,1858	0,1722	202	251	226	235	4,2
11	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,2	5,7	5,1	1,2	s	7	0,2341	0,1510	0,1858	0,1722	202	251	226	235	4,2
11	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,2	5,7	5,1	1,2	n	8	0,2341	0,1510	0,1858	0,1722	202	251	226	235	4,2
12	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,3	6,0	5,6	1,3	s	5	0,1994	0,1850	0,1693	0,1881	237	246	257	244	4,2
12	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,3	6,0	5,6	1,3	s	6	0,1994	0,1850	0,1693	0,1881	237	246	257	244	4,2
12	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,3	6,0	5,6	1,3	s	7	0,1994	0,1850	0,1693	0,1881	237	246	257	244	4,2
12	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,070	5,3	6,0	5,6	1,3	n	8	0,1994	0,1850	0,1693	0,1881	237	246	257	244	4,2
13	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,075	6,5	6,1	6,1	1,3	s	5	0,2289	0,2158	0,2003	0,1976	221	228	236	238	4,2
13	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,075	6,5	6,1	6,1	1,3	s	6	0,2289	0,2158	0,2003	0,1976	221	228	236	238	4,2
13	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,075	6,5	6,1	6,1	1,3	s	7	0,2289	0,2158	0,2003	0,1976	221	228	236	238	4,2
13	10/03/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0507	38	0,075	6,5	6,1	6,1	1,3	s	8	0,2289	0,2158	0,2003	0,1976	221	228	236	238	4,2

CASE 5		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																	
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		d/D	Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
	19/3/2009																									
1	19/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,030	3,1	3,4	3,2	1,0	n		1	0,0185	0,0196	0,0240	0,0215	327	318	287	303	4,4
1	19/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,030	3,1	3,4	3,2	1,0	n		2	0,0185	0,0196	0,0240	0,0215	327	318	287	303	4,4
1	19/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,030	3,1	3,4	3,2	1,0	n		3	0,0185	0,0196	0,0240	0,0215	327	318	287	303	4,4
1	19/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,030	3,1	3,4	3,2	1,0	n		4	0,0185	0,0196	0,0240	0,0215	327	318	287	303	4,4

2	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,040	3,3	3,7	4,5	1,0	n	1	0,0329	0,0228	0,0282	0,0415	245	295	265	218	4,4
2	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,040	3,3	3,7	4,5	1,0	n	2	0,0329	0,0228	0,0282	0,0415	245	295	265	218	4,4
2	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,040	3,3	3,7	4,5	1,0	n	3	0,0329	0,0228	0,0282	0,0415	245	295	265	218	4,4
2	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,040	3,3	3,7	4,5	1,0	n	4	0,0329	0,0228	0,0282	0,0415	245	295	265	218	4,4
3	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,050	4,8	5,2	5,3	1,1	n	1	0,0425	0,0391	0,0456	0,0483	237	248	229	223	4,4
3	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,050	4,8	5,2	5,3	1,1	n	2	0,0425	0,0391	0,0456	0,0483	237	248	229	223	4,4
3	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,050	4,8	5,2	5,3	1,1	n	3	0,0425	0,0391	0,0456	0,0483	237	248	229	223	4,4
3	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37,5	0,050	4,8	5,2	5,3	1,1	n	4	0,0425	0,0391	0,0456	0,0483	237	248	229	223	4,4
4	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,060	5,4	5,9	6,0	1,1	n	1	0,0613	0,0494	0,0584	0,0616	198	220	203	197	4,4
4	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,060	5,4	5,9	6,0	1,1	n	2	0,0613	0,0494	0,0584	0,0616	198	220	203	197	4,4
4	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,060	5,4	5,9	6,0	1,1	n	3	0,0613	0,0494	0,0584	0,0616	198	220	203	197	4,4
4	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,060	5,4	5,9	6,0	1,1	n	4	0,0613	0,0494	0,0584	0,0616	198	220	203	197	4,4
5	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,070	5,7	6,2	6,3	1,2	n	1	0,0701	0,0459	0,0551	0,0572	202	249	227	223	4,4
5	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,070	5,7	6,2	6,3	1,2	n	2	0,0701	0,0459	0,0551	0,0572	202	249	227	223	4,4
5	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,070	5,7	6,2	6,3	1,2	n	3	0,0701	0,0459	0,0551	0,0572	202	249	227	223	4,4
5	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,070	5,7	6,2	6,3	1,2	n	4	0,0701	0,0459	0,0551	0,0572	202	249	227	223	4,4
6	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,075	7,4	6,9	6,4	1,2	n	1	0,0804	0,0789	0,0687	0,0582	188	190	204	221	4,4
6	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,075	7,4	6,9	6,4	1,2	n	2	0,0804	0,0789	0,0687	0,0582	188	190	204	221	4,4
6	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,075	7,4	6,9	6,4	1,2	n	3	0,0804	0,0789	0,0687	0,0582	188	190	204	221	4,4
6	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,075	7,4	6,9	6,4	1,2	n	4	0,0804	0,0789	0,0687	0,0582	188	190	204	221	4,4
7	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,085	8,0	7,6	7,0	1,3	n	1	0,0880	0,0781	0,0699	0,0592	195	207	219	238	4,4
7	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,085	8,0	7,6	7,0	1,3	s	2	0,0880	0,0781	0,0699	0,0592	195	207	219	238	4,4
7	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,085	8,0	7,6	7,0	1,3	s	3	0,0880	0,0781	0,0699	0,0592	195	207	219	238	4,4
7	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,085	8,0	7,6	7,0	1,3	n	4	0,0880	0,0781	0,0699	0,0592	195	207	219	238	4,4
8	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	4,0	3,0	4,8	1,3	s	1	0,0987	0,0197	0,0109	0,0285	184	412	554	343	4,4
8	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	4,0	3,0	4,8	1,3	s	2	0,0987	0,0197	0,0109	0,0285	184	412	554	343	4,4
8	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	4,0	3,0	4,8	1,3	s	3	0,0987	0,0197	0,0109	0,0285	184	412	554	343	4,4
8	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	4,0	3,0	4,8	1,3	s	4	0,0987	0,0197	0,0109	0,0285	184	412	554	343	4,4
9	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,040	6,0	3,7	6,1	3,0	n	5	0,0037	0,0081	0,0032	0,0086	2207	1482	2376	1443	4,4
9	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,040	6,0	3,7	6,1	3,0	n	6	0,0037	0,0081	0,0032	0,0086	2207	1482	2376	1443	4,4
9	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,040	6,0	3,7	6,1	3,0	n	7	0,0037	0,0081	0,0032	0,0086	2207	1482	2376	1443	4,4
9	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,040	6,0	3,7	6,1	3,0	n	8	0,0037	0,0081	0,0032	0,0086	2207	1482	2376	1443	4,4
10	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,050	6,3	5,0	7,7	3,1	n	5	0,0054	0,0086	0,0053	0,0127	1885	1489	1894	1224	4,4
10	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,050	6,3	5,0	7,7	3,1	n	6	0,0054	0,0086	0,0053	0,0127	1885	1489	1894	1224	4,4
10	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,050	6,3	5,0	7,7	3,1	n	7	0,0054	0,0086	0,0053	0,0127	1885	1489	1894	1224	4,4
10	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,050	6,3	5,0	7,7	3,1	n	8	0,0054	0,0086	0,0053	0,0127	1885	1489	1894	1224	4,4
11	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,060	4,5	6,5	7,6	3,1	n	5	0,0077	0,0043	0,0090	0,0122	1571	2111	1452	1249	4,4
11	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,060	4,5	6,5	7,6	3,1	n	6	0,0077	0,0043	0,0090	0,0122	1571	2111	1452	1249	4,4
11	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,060	4,5	6,5	7,6	3,1	n	7	0,0077	0,0043	0,0090	0,0122	1571	2111	1452	1249	4,4
11	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,060	4,5	6,5	7,6	3,1	n	8	0,0077	0,0043	0,0090	0,0122	1571	2111	1452	1249	4,4
12	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,070	5,5	7,4	8,4	3,2	n	5	0,0099	0,0061	0,0109	0,0141	1435	1817	1363	1201	4,3
12	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,070	5,5	7,4	8,4	3,2	n	6	0,0099	0,0061	0,0109	0,0141	1435	1817	1363	1201	4,3
12	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,070	5,5	7,4	8,4	3,2	n	7	0,0099	0,0061	0,0109	0,0141	1435	1817	1363	1201	4,3
12	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	37	0,070	5,5	7,4	8,4	3,2	n	8	0,0099	0,0061	0,0109	0,0141	1435	1817	1363	1201	4,3
13	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,080	6,2	8,2	9,1	3,2	n	5	0,0129	0,0078	0,0135	0,0165	1256	1610	1224	1109	4,4
13	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,080	6,2	8,2	9,1	3,2	n	6	0,0129	0,0078	0,0135	0,0165	1256	1610	1224	1109	4,4
13	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,080	6,2	8,2	9,1	3,2	n	7	0,0129	0,0078	0,0135	0,0165	1256	1610	1224	1109	4,4
13	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	38	0,080	6,2	8,2	9,1	3,2	n	8	0,0129	0,0078	0,0135	0,0165	1256	1610	1224	1109	4,4
14	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	7,6	8,8	9,2	3,4	n	5	0,0144	0,0103	0,0138	0,0151	1260	1488	1289	1234	4,4
14	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	7,6	8,8	9,2	3,4	n	6	0,0144	0,0103	0,0138	0,0151	1260	1488	1289	1234	4,4
14	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	7,6	8,8	9,2	3,4	n	7	0,0144	0,0138	0,0138	0,0151	1260	1289	1289	1234	4,4
14	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	7,6	8,8	9,2	3,4	s	8	0,0144	0,0103	0,0138	0,0151	1260	1488	1289	1234	4,4
15	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	6,4	7,3	6,7	3,4	s	5	0,0178	0,0072	0,0095	0,0079	1134	1780	1552	1702	4,4
15	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	6,4	7,3	6,7	3,4	s	6	0,0178	0,0072	0,0095	0,0079	1134	1780	1552	1702	4,4
15	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	6,4	7,3	6,7	3,4	s	7	0,0178	0,0072	0,0095	0,0079	1134	1780	1552	1702	4,4

15	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	6,4	7,3	6,7	3,4	s	8	0,0178	0,0072	0,0095	0,0079	1134	1780	1552	1702	4,4
16	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,070	7,0	7,6	5,9	5,0	n	9	0,0040	0,0041	0,0047	0,0029	3504	3486	3235	4136	4,08
16	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,070	7,0	7,6	5,9	5,0	n	10	0,0040	0,0041	0,0047	0,0029	3504	3486	3235	4136	4,08
16	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,070	7,0	7,6	5,9	5,0	n	11	0,0040	0,0041	0,0047	0,0029	3504	3486	3235	4136	4,08
16	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,070	7,0	7,6	5,9	5,0	n	12	0,0040	0,0041	0,0047	0,0029	3504	3486	3235	4136	4,08
17	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,080	8,1	6,9	5,8	5,0	s	9	0,0053	0,0054	0,0039	0,0028	3066	3024	3569	4219	4,08
17	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,080	8,1	6,9	5,8	5,0	s	10	0,0053	0,0054	0,0039	0,0028	3066	3024	3569	4219	4,08
17	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,080	8,1	6,9	5,8	5,0	n	11	0,0053	0,0054	0,0039	0,0028	3066	3024	3569	4219	4,08
17	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	35	0,080	8,1	6,9	5,8	5,0	n	12	0,0053	0,0054	0,0039	0,0028	3066	3024	3569	4219	4,08
18	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	s	9	0,0062	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2947	2950	4197	4871	4,4
18	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	s	10	0,0062	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2947	2950	4197	4871	4,4
18	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	n	11	0,0062	0,0030	0,0030	0,0023	2947	4197	4197	4871	4,4
18	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,090	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	n	12	0,0062	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2947	2950	4197	4871	4,4
19	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	s	9	0,0076	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2653	2950	4197	4871	4,4
19	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	s	10	0,0076	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2653	2950	4197	4871	4,4
19	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	s	11	0,0076	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2653	2950	4197	4871	4,4
19	20/3/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,075	39	0,100	9,0	6,3	5,4	5,2	s	12	0,0076	0,0062	0,0030	0,0023	2653	2950	4197	4871	4,4

CASE 6		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																	
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		d/D	Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{q1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{q1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{q1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,030	3,2	4,7	2,4	4,8	n		1	0,0017	0,0019	0,0043	0,0011	7534	7143	4792	9357	4,32
1	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,030	3,2	4,7	2,4	4,8	n		2	0,0017	0,0019	0,0043	0,0011	7534	7143	4792	9357	4,32
1	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,030	3,2	4,7	2,4	4,8	n		3	0,0017	0,0019	0,0043	0,0011	7534	7143	4792	9357	4,32
1	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,030	3,2	4,7	2,4	4,8	n		4	0,0017	0,0019	0,0043	0,0011	7534	7143	4792	9357	4,32
2	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,035	2,4	4,1	2,2	4,8	n		1	0,0023	0,0011	0,0032	0,0009	6458	9337	5572	10380	4,32
2	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,035	2,4	4,1	2,2	4,8	s		2	0,0023	0,0011	0,0032	0,0009	6458	9337	5572	10380	4,32
2	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,035	2,4	4,1	2,2	4,8	s		3	0,0023	0,0011	0,0032	0,0009	6458	9337	5572	10380	4,32
2	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,035	2,4	4,1	2,2	4,8	n		4	0,0023	0,0011	0,0032	0,0009	6458	9337	5572	10380	4,32
3	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	2,8	3,8	3,7	5,0	n		1	0,0028	0,0014	0,0026	0,0025	6131	8651	6393	6580	4,32
3	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	2,8	3,8	3,7	5,0	n		2	0,0028	0,0014	0,0026	0,0025	6131	8651	6393	6580	4,32
3	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	2,8	3,8	3,7	5,0	n		3	0,0028	0,0014	0,0026	0,0025	6131	8651	6393	6580	4,32
3	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,040	2,8	3,8	3,7	5,0	n		4	0,0028	0,0014	0,0026	0,0025	6131	8651	6393	6580	4,32
4	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,050	4,1	3,4	4,2	5,2	s		1	0,0041	0,0028	0,0019	0,0029	5305	6414	7820	6261	4,32
4	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,050	4,1	3,4	4,2	5,2	s		2	0,0041	0,0028	0,0019	0,0029	5305	6414	7820	6261	4,32
4	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,050	4,1	3,4	4,2	5,2	s		3	0,0041	0,0028	0,0019	0,0029	5305	6414	7820	6261	4,32
4	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,050	4,1	3,4	4,2	5,2	n		4	0,0041	0,0028	0,0019	0,0029	5305	6414	7820	6261	4,32
5	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,060	5,4	3,3	5,4	5,3	s		1	0,0057	0,0045	0,0018	0,0046	4593	5122	8232	5116	4,32
5	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,060	5,4	3,3	5,4	5,3	s		2	0,0057	0,0045	0,0018	0,0046	4593	5122	8232	5116	4,32
5	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,060	5,4	3,3	5,4	5,3	s		3	0,0057	0,0045	0,0018	0,0046	4593	5122	8232	5116	4,32
5	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37,5	0,060	5,4	3,3	5,4	5,3	s		4	0,0057	0,0045	0,0018	0,0046	4593	5122	8232	5116	4,32
6	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,030	3,7	2,0	3,2	3,0	n		1	0,0044	0,0069	0,0020	0,0049	2943	2361	4368	2787	4,28
6	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,030	3,7	2,0	3,2	3,0	n		2	0,0044	0,0069	0,0020	0,0049	2943	2361	4368	2787	4,28
6	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,030	3,7	2,0	3,2	3,0	n		3	0,0044	0,0069	0,0020	0,0049	2943	2361	4368	2787	4,28
6	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,030	3,7	2,0	3,2	3,0	n		4	0,0044	0,0069	0,0020	0,0049	2943	2361	4368	2787	4,28
7	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	4,5	2,9	4,6	3,0	s		1	0,0078	0,0099	0,0040	0,0105	2207	1963	3081	1910	4,28
7	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	4,5	2,9	4,6	3,0	s		2	0,0078	0,0099	0,0040	0,0105	2207	1963	3081	1910	4,28
7	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	4,5	2,9	4,6	3,0	n		3	0,0078	0,0099	0,0040	0,0105	2207	1963	3081	1910	4,28
7	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	4,5	2,9	4,6	3,0	n		4	0,0078	0,0099	0,0040	0,0105	2207	1963	3081	1910	4,28
8	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	5,2	3,8	5,8	3,0	s		1	0,0123	0,0132	0,0071	0,0168	1766	1702	2323	1510	4,28
8	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	5,2	3,8	5,8	3,0	s		2	0,0123	0,0132	0,0071	0,0168	1766	1702	2323	1510	4,28

8	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	5,2	3,8	5,8	3,0	s	3	0,0123	0,0132	0,0071	0,0168	1766	1702	2323	1510	4,28
8	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	5,2	3,8	5,8	3,0	s	4	0,0123	0,0132	0,0071	0,0168	1766	1702	2323	1510	4,28
9	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,035	2,5	2,8	2,8	1,0	n	1	0,0541	0,0279	0,0357	0,0338	280	390	345	355	4,1
9	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,035	2,5	2,8	2,8	1,0	n	2	0,0541	0,0279	0,0357	0,0338	280	390	345	355	4,1
9	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,035	2,5	2,8	2,8	1,0	n	3	0,0541	0,0279	0,0357	0,0338	280	390	345	355	4,1
9	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,035	2,5	2,8	2,8	1,0	n	4	0,0541	0,0279	0,0357	0,0338	280	390	345	355	4,1
10	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	2,8	3,2	3,2	1,0	n	1	0,0706	0,0343	0,0464	0,0445	245	352	303	309	4,1
10	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	2,8	3,2	3,2	1,0	n	2	0,0706	0,0343	0,0464	0,0445	245	352	303	309	4,1
10	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	2,8	3,2	3,2	1,0	n	3	0,0706	0,0343	0,0464	0,0445	245	352	303	309	4,1
10	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,040	2,8	3,2	3,2	1,0	n	4	0,0706	0,0343	0,0464	0,0445	245	352	303	309	4,1
11	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	3,8	3,3	4,0	1,1	n	1	0,0912	0,0520	0,0386	0,0570	237	314	365	300	4,1
11	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	3,8	3,3	4,0	1,1	n	2	0,0912	0,0520	0,0386	0,0570	237	314	365	300	4,1
11	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	3,8	3,3	4,0	1,1	n	3	0,0912	0,0520	0,0386	0,0570	237	314	365	300	4,1
11	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36	0,050	3,8	3,3	4,0	1,1	n	4	0,0912	0,0520	0,0386	0,0570	237	314	365	300	4,1
12	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,1	4,7	1,1	s	1	0,1313	0,0749	0,0628	0,0798	198	262	286	254	4,1
12	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,1	4,7	1,1	n	2	0,1313	0,0749	0,0628	0,0798	198	262	286	254	4,1
12	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,1	4,7	1,1	n	3	0,1313	0,0749	0,0628	0,0798	198	262	286	254	4,1
12	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,060	4,5	4,1	4,7	1,1	n	4	0,1313	0,0749	0,0628	0,0798	198	262	286	254	4,1
13	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,070	5,1	4,9	5,6	1,1	s	1	0,1787	0,0932	0,0881	0,1128	170	235	241	213	4,1
13	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,070	5,1	4,9	5,6	1,1	n	2	0,1787	0,0932	0,0881	0,1128	170	235	241	213	4,1
13	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,070	5,1	4,9	5,6	1,1	n	3	0,1787	0,0932	0,0881	0,1128	170	235	241	213	4,1
13	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,070	5,1	4,9	5,6	1,1	n	4	0,1787	0,0932	0,0881	0,1128	170	235	241	213	4,1
14	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,080	5,6	5,6	6,3	1,1	s	1	0,2334	0,1144	0,1124	0,1435	148	212	214	189	4,1
14	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,080	5,6	5,6	6,3	1,1	n	2	0,2334	0,1144	0,1124	0,1435	148	212	214	189	4,1
14	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,080	5,6	5,6	6,3	1,1	s	3	0,2334	0,1144	0,1124	0,1435	148	212	214	189	4,1
14	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,080	5,6	5,6	6,3	1,1	s	4	0,2334	0,1144	0,1124	0,1435	148	212	214	189	4,1
15	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,090	6,9	6,7	5,9	1,1	s	1	0,2954	0,1744	0,1617	0,1266	132	172	178	201	4,1
15	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,090	6,9	6,7	5,9	1,1	n	2	0,2954	0,1744	0,1617	0,1266	132	172	178	201	4,1
15	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,090	6,9	6,7	5,9	1,1	s	3	0,2954	0,1744	0,1617	0,1266	132	172	178	201	4,1
15	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	36,5	0,090	6,9	6,7	5,9	1,1	s	4	0,2954	0,1744	0,1617	0,1266	132	172	178	201	4,1
16	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,100	7,8	7,3	6,1	1,1	s	1	0,3647	0,2201	0,1928	0,1373	119	153	163	193	4,1
16	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,100	7,8	7,3	6,1	1,1	s	2	0,3647	0,2201	0,1928	0,1373	119	153	163	193	4,1
16	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,100	7,8	7,3	6,1	1,1	s	3	0,3647	0,2201	0,1928	0,1373	119	153	163	193	4,1
16	10/04/2009	4	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,035	37	0,100	7,8	7,3	6,1	1,1	s	4	0,3647	0,2201	0,1928	0,1373	119	153	163	193	4,1

CASE 7		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																	
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		d/D	Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,065	6,0	5,9	6,7	5,0	n		1	0,0075	0,0064	0,0061	0,0078	3773	4065	4185	3680	4,32
1	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,065	6,0	5,9	6,7	5,0	n		2	0,0075	0,0064	0,0061	0,0078	3773	4065	4185	3680	4,32
1	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,065	6,0	5,9	6,7	5,0	n		3	0,0075	0,0064	0,0061	0,0078	3773	4065	4185	3680	4,32
1	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,065	6,0	5,9	6,7	5,0	n		4	0,0075	0,0064	0,0061	0,0078	3773	4065	4185	3680	4,32
2	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,075	6,5	5,7	7,3	5,1	n		1	0,0095	0,0072	0,0055	0,0090	3402	3925	4465	3502	4,32
2	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,075	6,5	5,7	7,3	5,1	n		2	0,0095	0,0072	0,0055	0,0090	3402	3925	4465	3502	4,32
2	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,075	6,5	5,7	7,3	5,1	n		3	0,0095	0,0072	0,0055	0,0090	3402	3925	4465	3502	4,32
2	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,075	6,5	5,7	7,3	5,1	n		4	0,0095	0,0072	0,0055	0,0090	3402	3925	4465	3502	4,32
3	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39	0,085	7,8	5,9	8,4	5,1	s		1	0,0123	0,0102	0,0059	0,0121	3002	3288	4313	3023	4,32
3	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39	0,085	7,8	5,9	8,4	5,1	n		2	0,0123	0,0102	0,0059	0,0121	3002	3288	4313	3023	4,32
3	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39	0,085	7,8	5,9	8,4	5,1	n		3	0,0123	0,0102	0,0059	0,0121	3002	3288	4313	3023	4,32
3	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39	0,085	7,8	5,9	8,4	5,1	n		4	0,0123	0,0102	0,0059	0,0121	3002	3288	4313	3023	4,32
4	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,095	8,7	7,1	9,4	5,1	s		1	0,0153	0,0128	0,0085	0,0151	2686	2935	3602	2703	4,32
4	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,095	8,7	7,1	9,4	5,1	s		2	0,0153	0,0128	0,0085	0,0151	2686	2935	3602	2703	4,32
4	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,095	8,7	7,1	9,4	5,1	s		3	0,0153	0,0128	0,0085	0,0151	2686	2935	3602	2703	4,32

4	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,095	8,7	7,1	9,4	5,1	n	4	0,0153	0,0128	0,0085	0,0151	2686	2935	3602	2703	4,32
5	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,105	11,0	7,0	9,1	5,2	s	1	0,0180	0,0197	0,0079	0,0134	2526	2411	3813	2928	4,32
5	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,105	11,0	7,0	9,1	5,2	s	2	0,0180	0,0197	0,0079	0,0134	2526	2411	3813	2928	4,32
5	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,105	11,0	7,0	9,1	5,2	s	3	0,0180	0,0197	0,0079	0,0134	2526	2411	3813	2928	4,32
5	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,105	11,0	7,0	9,1	5,2	s	4	0,0180	0,0197	0,0079	0,0134	2526	2411	3813	2928	4,32
6	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	36,5	0,065	6,7	4,4	8,4	3,0	n	1	0,0207	0,0223	0,0096	0,0344	1358	1309	1997	1054	4,12
6	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	36,5	0,065	6,7	4,4	8,4	3,0	n	2	0,0207	0,0223	0,0096	0,0344	1358	1309	1997	1054	4,12
6	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	36,5	0,065	6,7	4,4	8,4	3,0	n	3	0,0207	0,0223	0,0096	0,0344	1358	1309	1997	1054	4,12
6	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	36,5	0,065	6,7	4,4	8,4	3,0	n	4	0,0207	0,0223	0,0096	0,0344	1358	1309	1997	1054	4,12
7	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,075	7,7	5,8	9,0	3,0	n	1	0,0276	0,0293	0,0164	0,0394	1177	1142	1525	985	4,12
7	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,075	7,7	5,8	9,0	3,0	n	2	0,0276	0,0293	0,0164	0,0394	1177	1142	1525	985	4,12
7	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,075	7,7	5,8	9,0	3,0	n	3	0,0276	0,0293	0,0164	0,0394	1177	1142	1525	985	4,12
7	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,075	7,7	5,8	9,0	3,0	n	4	0,0276	0,0293	0,0164	0,0394	1177	1142	1525	985	4,12
8	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,085	8,2	6,9	9,4	3,0	n	1	0,0354	0,0328	0,0235	0,0434	1039	1079	1276	938	4,12
8	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,085	8,2	6,9	9,4	3,0	n	2	0,0354	0,0328	0,0235	0,0434	1039	1079	1276	938	4,12
8	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,085	8,2	6,9	9,4	3,0	n	3	0,0354	0,0328	0,0235	0,0434	1039	1079	1276	938	4,12
8	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,085	8,2	6,9	9,4	3,0	n	4	0,0354	0,0328	0,0235	0,0434	1039	1079	1276	938	4,12
9	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,095	8,7	8,0	9,6	3,0	n	1	0,0443	0,0375	0,0315	0,0448	929	1009	1101	924	4,12
9	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,095	8,7	8,0	9,6	3,0	n	2	0,0443	0,0375	0,0315	0,0448	929	1009	1101	924	4,12
9	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,095	8,7	8,0	9,6	3,0	n	3	0,0443	0,0375	0,0315	0,0448	929	1009	1101	924	4,12
9	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	37,5	0,095	8,7	8,0	9,6	3,0	n	4	0,0443	0,0375	0,0315	0,0448	929	1009	1101	924	4,12
10	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,105	9,3	10,0	9,7	3,0	n	1	0,0541	0,0426	0,0486	0,0466	841	947	887	906	4,12
10	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,105	9,3	10,0	9,7	3,0	n	2	0,0541	0,0426	0,0486	0,0466	841	947	887	906	4,12
10	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,105	9,3	10,0	9,7	3,0	n	3	0,0541	0,0426	0,0486	0,0466	841	947	887	906	4,12
10	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,105	9,3	10,0	9,7	3,0	n	4	0,0541	0,0426	0,0486	0,0466	841	947	887	906	4,12
11	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,115	10,2	10,6	9,5	3,0	n	1	0,0648	0,0508	0,0556	0,0439	768	867	829	933	4,12
11	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,115	10,2	10,6	9,5	3,0	n	2	0,0648	0,0508	0,0556	0,0439	768	867	829	933	4,12
11	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,115	10,2	10,6	9,5	3,0	n	3	0,0648	0,0508	0,0556	0,0439	768	867	829	933	4,12
11	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,115	10,2	10,6	9,5	3,0	n	4	0,0648	0,0508	0,0556	0,0439	768	867	829	933	4,12
12	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,125	10,5	11,7	8,6	3,0	s	1	0,0766	0,0542	0,0676	0,0363	706	840	752	1027	4,12
12	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,125	10,5	11,7	8,6	3,0	n	2	0,0766	0,0542	0,0676	0,0363	706	840	752	1027	4,12
12	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,125	10,5	11,7	8,6	3,0	n	3	0,0766	0,0542	0,0676	0,0363	706	840	752	1027	4,12
12	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,125	10,5	11,7	8,6	3,0	n	4	0,0766	0,0542	0,0676	0,0363	706	840	752	1027	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,135	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	s	1	0,0894	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	654	787	671	1041	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,135	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	n	2	0,0894	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	654	787	671	1041	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,135	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	n	3	0,0894	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	654	787	671	1041	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,135	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	n	4	0,0894	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	654	787	671	1041	4,12
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39,5	0,145	11,6	14,8	7,9	3,0	s	1	0,1031	0,0658	0,1070	0,0305	609	762	598	1120	4,12
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39,5	0,145	11,6	14,8	7,9	3,0	s	2	0,1031	0,0658	0,1070	0,0305	609	762	598	1120	4,12
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39,5	0,145	11,6	14,8	7,9	3,0	n	3	0,1031	0,0658	0,1070	0,0305	609	762	598	1120	4,12
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	39,5	0,145	11,6	14,8	7,9	3,0	s	4	0,1031	0,0658	0,1070	0,0305	609	762	598	1120	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40,5	0,155	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	s	1	0,1178	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	570	787	671	1041	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40,5	0,155	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	s	2	0,1178	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	570	787	671	1041	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40,5	0,155	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	s	3	0,1178	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	570	787	671	1041	4,12
13	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40,5	0,155	11,2	13,2	8,5	3,0	s	4	0,1178	0,0617	0,0849	0,0353	570	787	671	1041	4,12
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,120	11,6	14,8	7,9	1,0	n	1	0,6355	0,5922	0,9628	0,2744	82	85	66	124	4,15
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,120	11,6	14,8	7,9	1,0	n	2	0,6355	0,5922	0,9628	0,2744	82	85	66	124	4,15
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,120	11,6	14,8	7,9	1,0	n	3	0,6355	0,5922	0,9628	0,2744	82	85	66	124	4,15
14	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	38,5	0,120	11,6	14,8	7,9	1,0	n	4	0,6355	0,5922	0,9628	0,2744	82	85	66	124	4,15
15	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,135	12,2	15,6	7,9	1,0	n	1	0,8042	0,6622	1,0765	0,2768	73	80	63	124	4,1
15	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,135	12,2	15,6	7,9	1,0	n	2	0,8042	0,6622	1,0765	0,2768	73	80	63	124	4,1
15	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,135	12,2	15,6	7,9	1,0	n	3	0,8042	0,6622	1,0765	0,2768	73	80	63	124	4,1
15	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	40	0,135	12,2	15,6	7,9	1,0	n	4	0,8042	0,6622	1,0765	0,2768	73	80	63	124	4,1
1																									

16	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,150	8,7	10,1	7,2	1,0	n	2	0,9929	0,3345	0,4521	0,2257	65	113	97	137	4,1
16	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,150	8,7	10,1	7,2	1,0	n	3	0,9929	0,3345	0,4521	0,2257	65	113	97	137	4,1
16	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,150	8,7	10,1	7,2	1,0	n	4	0,9929	0,3345	0,4521	0,2257	65	113	97	137	4,1
17	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,160	10,3	11,3	8,0	1,0	n	1	1,1297	0,4679	0,5635	0,2800	61	95	87	123	4,1
17	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,160	10,3	11,3	8,0	1,0	n	2	1,1297	0,4679	0,5635	0,2800	61	95	87	123	4,1
17	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,160	10,3	11,3	8,0	1,0	n	3	1,1297	0,4679	0,5635	0,2800	61	95	87	123	4,1
17	12/04/2009	7,5	2x4cm	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0187	41	0,160	10,3	11,3	8,0	1,0	n	4	1,1297	0,4679	0,5635	0,2800	61	95	87	123	4,1

CASE 8		STONES			SEDIMENT			d/D	FLOW PROPERTIES																
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=p _s /p		Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	2,8	4,4	3,5	5,0	s	1	0,0034	0,0022	0,0052	0,0034	7007	8720	5621	6967	4,34
1	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	2,8	4,4	3,5	5,0	s	2	0,0034	0,0022	0,0052	0,0034	7007	8720	5621	6967	4,34
1	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	2,8	4,4	3,5	5,0	s	3	0,0034	0,0022	0,0052	0,0034	7007	8720	5621	6967	4,34
2	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	4,7	2,9	3,7	3,0	s	1	0,0094	0,0171	0,0062	0,0105	2523	1869	3091	2382	4,34
2	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	4,7	2,9	3,7	3,0	s	2	0,0094	0,0171	0,0062	0,0105	2523	1869	3091	2382	4,34
2	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	4,7	2,9	3,7	3,0	s	3	0,0094	0,0171	0,0062	0,0105	2523	1869	3091	2382	4,34
3	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	2,9	3,3	2,7	1,0	n	1	0,0843	0,0564	0,0749	0,0520	280	343	297	357	4,34
3	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	2,9	3,3	2,7	1,0	n	2	0,0843	0,0564	0,0749	0,0520	280	343	297	357	4,34
3	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,035	2,9	3,3	2,7	1,0	n	3	0,0843	0,0564	0,0749	0,0520	280	343	297	357	4,34
4	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,045	3,6	4,0	3,8	1,0	s	2	0,1393	0,0903	0,1087	0,0997	218	271	247	258	4,34
4	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,045	3,6	4,0	3,8	1,0	s	3	0,1393	0,0903	0,1087	0,0997	218	271	247	258	4,34
4	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	39	0,045	3,6	4,0	3,8	1,0	n	4	0,1393	0,0903	0,1087	0,0997	218	271	247	258	4,34
5	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	40	0,055	4,8	5,1	3,9	1,0	s	2	0,2081	0,1588	0,1805	0,1040	178	204	191	252	4,34
5	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	40	0,055	4,8	5,1	3,9	1,0	s	3	0,2081	0,1588	0,1805	0,1040	178	204	191	252	4,34
5	11/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,38	1,39	0,0447	40	0,055	4,8	5,1	3,9	1,0	s	4	0,2081	0,1588	0,1805	0,1040	178	204	191	252	4,34

CASE 9		STONES			SEDIMENT			d/D	FLOW PROPERTIES																
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=p _s /p		Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}	L to breaking [m]
1	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,040	3,4	4,6	3,6	5,0	n	1	0,0013	0,0010	0,0017	0,0011	6131	7207	5385	6739	4,3
1	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,040	3,4	4,6	3,6	5,0	n	2	0,0013	0,0010	0,0017	0,0011	6131	7207	5385	6739	4,3
1	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,040	3,4	4,6	3,6	5,0	n	3	0,0013	0,0010	0,0017	0,0011	6131	7207	5385	6739	4,3
2	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,060	5,0	6,1	6,0	5,0	n	1	0,0030	0,0021	0,0031	0,0030	4088	4897	3990	4083	4,3
2	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,060	5,0	6,1	6,0	5,0	n	2	0,0030	0,0021	0,0031	0,0030	4088	4897	3990	4083	4,3
2	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,060	5,0	6,1	6,0	5,0	n	3	0,0030	0,0021	0,0031	0,0030	4088	4897	3990	4083	4,3
3	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,080	7,1	7,5	6,5	5,0	n	1	0,0053	0,0041	0,0046	0,0035	3066	3466	3268	3786	4,3
3	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,080	7,1	7,5	6,5	5,0	n	2	0,0053	0,0041	0,0046	0,0035	3066	3466	3268	3786	4,3
3	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,080	7,1	7,5	6,5	5,0	n	3	0,0053	0,0041	0,0046	0,0035	3066	3466	3268	3786	4,3
4	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41	0,090	7,3	7,4	8,0	5,0	n	2	0,0067	0,0044	0,0045	0,0053	2725	3340	3308	3051	4,3
4	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41	0,090	7,3	7,4	8,0	5,0	n	3	0,0067	0,0044	0,0045	0,0053	2725	3340	3308	3051	4,3
4	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41	0,090	7,3	7,4	8,0	5,0	n	4	0,0067	0,0044	0,0045	0,0053	2725	3340	3308	3051	4,3
5	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41	0,110	8,5	8,9	8,3	5,0	s	2	0,0100	0,0060	0,0065	0,0056	2230	2885	2770	2964	4,3
5	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41	0,110	8,5	8,9	8,3	5,0	n	3	0,0100	0,0060	0,0065	0,0056	2230	2885	2770	2964	4,3
5	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41	0,110	8,5	8,9	8,3	5,0	n	4	0,0100	0,0060	0,0065	0,0056	2230	2885	2770	2964	4,3
6	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41,5	0,130	9,7	9,8	9,1	5,0	s	2	0,0139	0,0077	0,0079	0,0068	1887	2539	2502	2690	4,3
6	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41,5	0,130	9,7	9,8	9,1	5,0	n	3	0,0139	0,0077	0,0079	0,0068	1887	2539	2502	2690	4,3

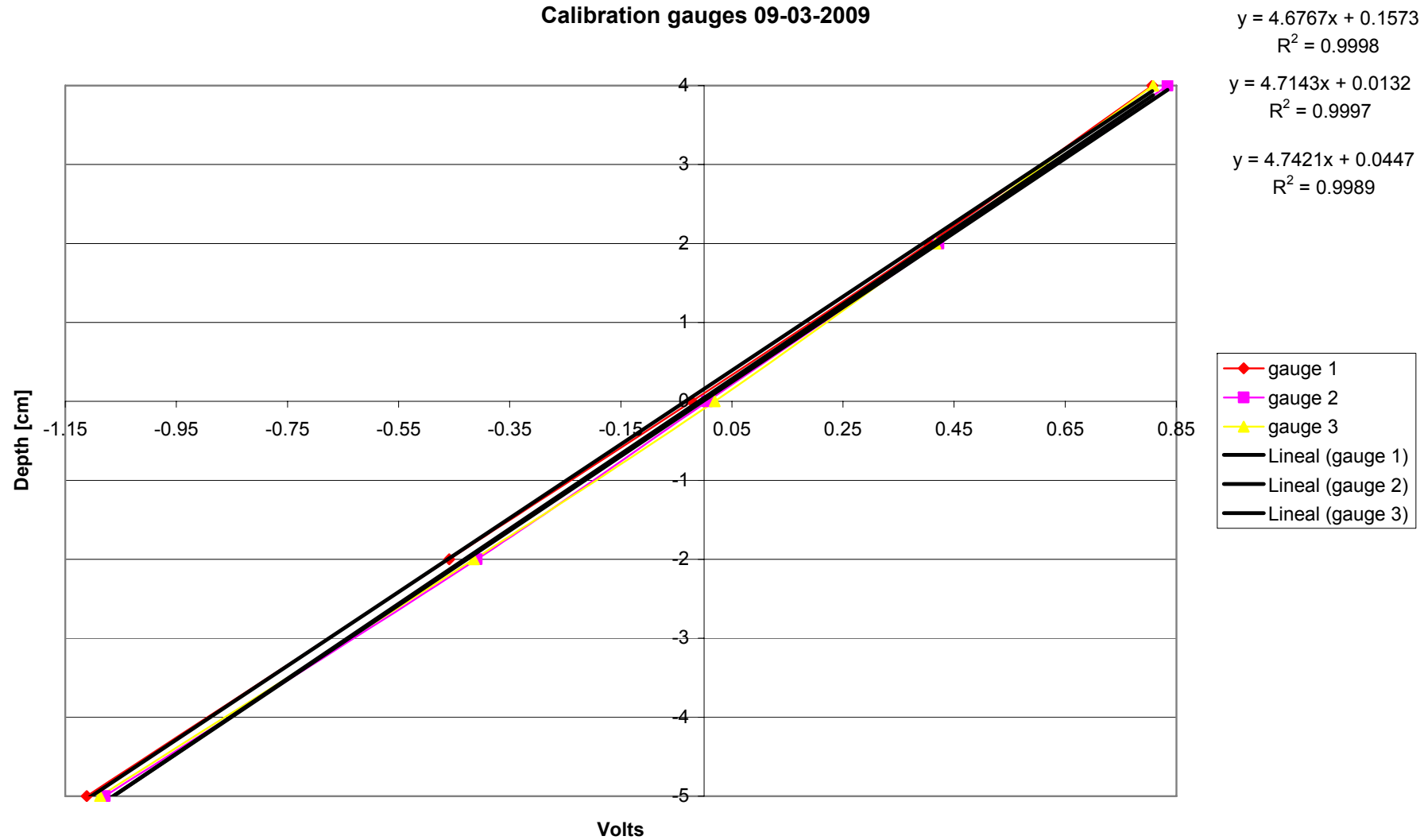
6	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	41,5	0,130	9,7	9,8	9,1	5,0	n	4	0,0139	0,0077	0,0079	0,0068	1887	2539	2502	2690	4,3
7	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,060	6,4	4,1	6,0	3,0	n	2	0,0082	0,0095	0,0039	0,0083	1472	1372	2134	1468	4,2
7	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,060	6,4	4,1	6,0	3,0	n	3	0,0082	0,0095	0,0039	0,0083	1472	1372	2134	1468	4,2
7	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,060	6,4	4,1	6,0	3,0	n	4	0,0082	0,0095	0,0039	0,0083	1472	1372	2134	1468	4,2
8	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,070	6,9	5,0	7,8	3,0	n	1	0,0112	0,0109	0,0056	0,0138	1261	1282	1782	1136	4,2
8	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,070	6,9	5,0	7,8	3,0	s	3	0,0112	0,0109	0,0056	0,0138	1261	1282	1782	1136	4,2
8	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,070	6,9	5,0	7,8	3,0	n	4	0,0112	0,0109	0,0056	0,0138	1261	1282	1782	1136	4,2
9	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,090	9,2	6,9	10,2	3,0	s	1	0,0185	0,0195	0,0109	0,0238	981	957	1282	866	4,2
9	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,090	9,2	6,9	10,2	3,0	s	3	0,0185	0,0195	0,0109	0,0238	981	957	1282	866	4,2
9	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,090	9,2	6,9	10,2	3,0	n	4	0,0185	0,0195	0,0109	0,0238	981	957	1282	866	4,2
10	05/12/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,100	10,1	7,8	11,0	3,0	s	2	0,0229	0,0235	0,0140	0,0278	883	871	1129	801	4,2
10	05/12/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,100	10,1	7,8	11,0	3,0	s	3	0,0229	0,0235	0,0140	0,0278	883	871	1129	801	4,2
10	05/12/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,100	10,1	7,8	11,0	3,0	s	4	0,0229	0,0235	0,0140	0,0278	883	871	1129	801	4,2
11	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,070	5,5	5,9	5,6	1,0	n	1	0,1009	0,0621	0,0711	0,0649	140	179	167	175	4,2
11	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,070	5,5	5,9	5,6	1,0	n	3	0,1009	0,0621	0,0711	0,0649	140	179	167	175	4,2
11	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,070	5,5	5,9	5,6	1,0	n	4	0,1009	0,0621	0,0711	0,0649	140	179	167	175	4,2
12	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,090	6,8	7,2	7,0	1,0	n	1	0,1668	0,0958	0,1058	0,1009	109	144	137	140	4,2
12	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,090	6,8	7,2	7,0	1,0	n	3	0,1668	0,0958	0,1058	0,1009	109	144	137	140	4,2
12	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	39	0,090	6,8	7,2	7,0	1,0	n	4	0,1668	0,0958	0,1058	0,1009	109	144	137	140	4,2
13	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,120	9,4	9,7	8,1	1,0	n	2	0,2965	0,1816	0,1944	0,1339	82	104	101	122	4,2
13	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,120	9,4	9,7	8,1	1,0	n	3	0,2965	0,1816	0,1944	0,1339	82	104	101	122	4,2
13	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40	0,120	9,4	9,7	8,1	1,0	n	4	0,2965	0,1816	0,1944	0,1339	82	104	101	122	4,2
14	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40,5	0,130	10,2	9,9	8,1	1,0	n	1	0,3480	0,2160	0,2031	0,1339	75	96	99	122	4,2
14	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40,5	0,130	10,2	9,9	8,1	1,0	n	3	0,3480	0,2160	0,2031	0,1339	75	96	99	122	4,2
14	12/05/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,3	2,65	0,0353	40,5	0,130	10,2	9,9	8,1	1,0	n	4	0,3480	0,2160	0,2031	0,1339	75	96	99	122	4,2

CASE 10		STONES			SEDIMENT				FLOW PROPERTIES																
Test number	date	D [cm]	Number of layers	Material	Material	d [cm]	s=ρ _s /ρ		d/D	Water depth [cm]	H _{in} [m]	H _{g1} [cm]	H ₀ [cm]	H _{mes} [cm]	T [s]	Suction? Yes=s NO=n	hole number of the section	ψ _{in}	ψ _{g1}	ψ ₀	ψ _{mes}	A _{in}	A _{g1}	A ₀	A _{mes}
1	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,7	0,035	2,8	2,7	1,9	1,0	n	1	0,0541	0,0351	0,0322	0,0161	280	348	363	513	4,27
1	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,7	0,035	2,8	2,7	1,9	1,0	n	2	0,0541	0,0351	0,0322	0,0161	280	348	363	513	4,27
1	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,7	0,035	2,8	2,7	1,9	1,0	n	3	0,0541	0,0351	0,0322	0,0161	280	348	363	513	4,27
2	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40	0,050	4,2	3,5	3,5	1,0	n	1	0,1103	0,0763	0,0528	0,0533	196	236	284	282	4,27
2	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40	0,050	4,2	3,5	3,5	1,0	n	2	0,1103	0,0763	0,0528	0,0533	196	236	284	282	4,27
2	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40	0,050	4,2	3,5	3,5	1,0	n	3	0,1103	0,0763	0,0528	0,0533	196	236	284	282	4,27
3	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40,5	0,070	5,7	5,9	5,7	1,1	n	1	0,1787	0,1205	0,1270	0,1177	170	206	201	209	4,27
3	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40,5	0,070	5,7	5,9	5,7	1,1	n	2	0,1787	0,1205	0,1270	0,1177	170	206	201	209	4,27
3	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40,5	0,070	5,7	5,9	5,7	1,1	n	3	0,1787	0,1205	0,1270	0,1177	170	206	201	209	4,27
4	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40,5	0,080	6,4	6,5	6,4	1,1	n	1	0,2334	0,1486	0,1549	0,1473	148	186	182	187	4,27
4	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40,5	0,080	6,4	6,5	6,4	1,1	n	2	0,2334	0,1486	0,1549	0,1473	148	186	182	187	4,27
4	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	40,5	0,080	6,4	6,5	6,4	1,1	n	3	0,2334	0,1486	0,1549	0,1473	148	186	182	187	4,27
5	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	41,5	0,095	7,6	8,2	7,0	1,1	n	1	0,3291	0,2112	0,2431	0,1794	125	156	145	169	4,27
5	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	41,5	0,095	7,6	8,2	7,0	1,1	n	2	0,3291	0,2112	0,2431	0,1794	125	156	145	169	4,27
5	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	41,5	0,095	7,6	8,2	7,0	1,1	s	3	0,3291	0,2112	0,2431	0,1794	125	156	145	169	4,27
6	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	42,3	0,105	8,5	9,1	7,6	1,1	n	1	0,4021	0,2647	0,3053	0,2096	113	139	130	157	4,28
6	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	42,3	0,105	8,5	9,1	7,6	1,1	n	2	0,4021	0,2647	0,3053	0,2096	113	139	130	157	4,28
6	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	42,3	0,105	8,5	9,1	7,6	1,1	s	3	0,4021	0,2647	0,3053	0,2096	113	139	130	157	4,28
7	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	42,3	0,125	9,4	10,2	6,6	1,2	s	1	0,4788	0,2680	0,3169	0,1323	113	151	139	215	4,28
7	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	42,3	0,125	9,4	10,2	6,6	1,2	n	2	0,4788	0,2680	0,3169	0,1323	113	151	139	215	4,28
7	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	42,3	0,125	9,4	10,2	6,6	1,2	s	3	0,4788	0,2680	0,3169	0,1323	113	151	139	215	4,28
8	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	43,3	0,140	11,6	10,7	8,1	1,3	s	1	0,5118	0,3540	0,2986	0,1698	118	142	155	206	4,28
8	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	43,3	0,140	11,6	10,7	8,1	1,3	s	2	0,5118	0,3540	0,2986	0,1698	118	142	155	206	4,28
8	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	43,3	0,140	11,6	10,7	8,1	1,3	s	3	0,5118	0,3540	0,2986	0,1698	118	142	155	206	4,28

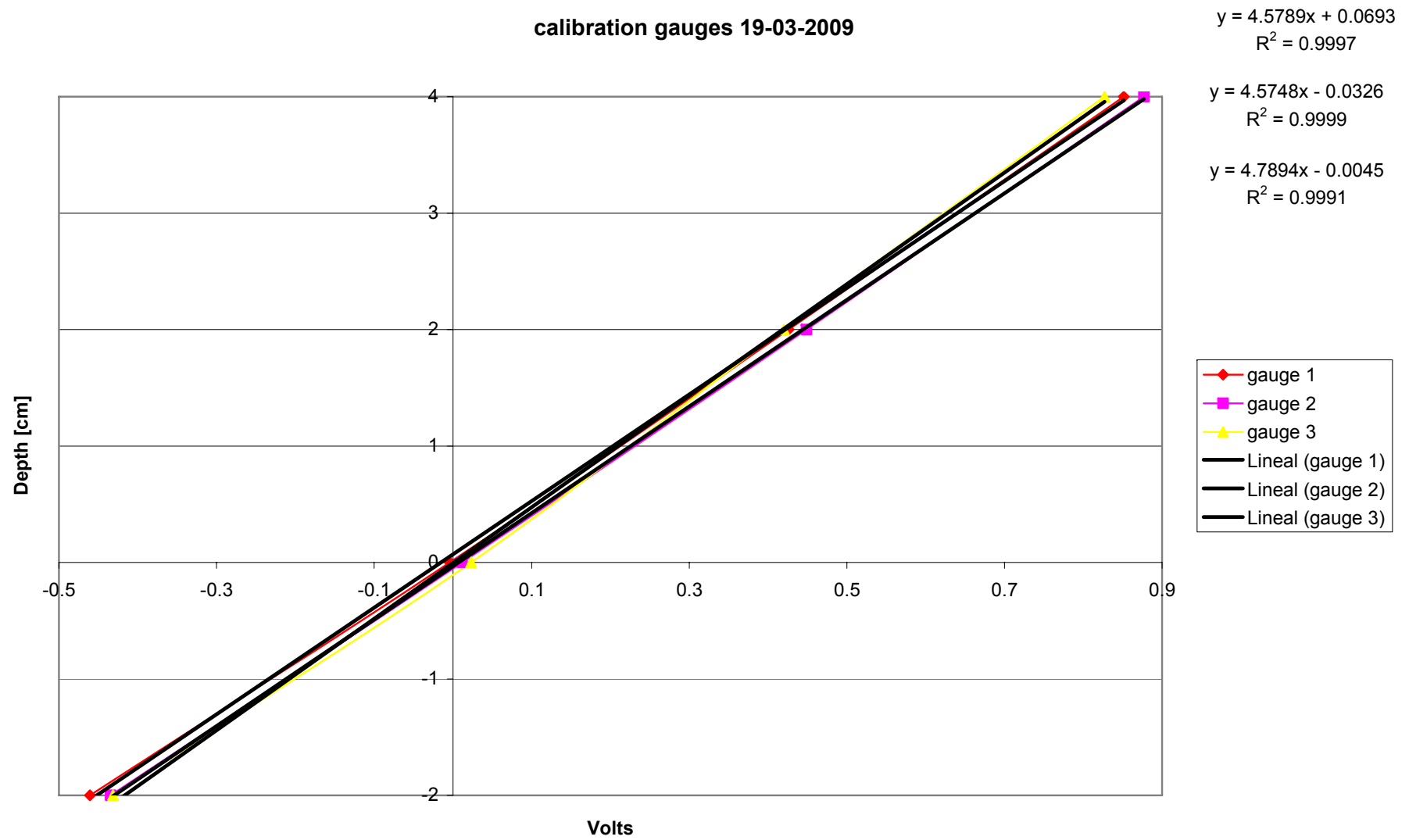
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9	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,030	3,3	1,7	3,3	3,0	n	2	0,0044	0,0053	0,0014	0,0055	2943	2693	5248	2642	4,25
9	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,030	3,3	1,7	3,3	3,0	n	3	0,0044	0,0053	0,0014	0,0055	2943	2693	5248	2642	4,25
10	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,050	4,8	3,4	5,5	3,0	n	1	0,0123	0,0112	0,0055	0,0146	1766	1846	2625	1618	4,25
10	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,050	4,8	3,4	5,5	3,0	s	2	0,0123	0,0112	0,0055	0,0146	1766	1846	2625	1618	4,25
10	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,050	4,8	3,4	5,5	3,0	n	3	0,0123	0,0112	0,0055	0,0146	1766	1846	2625	1618	4,25
11	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,060	5,7	4,5	6,6	3,0	s	1	0,0177	0,0160	0,0097	0,0216	1472	1544	1982	1331	4,25
11	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,060	5,7	4,5	6,6	3,0	s	2	0,0177	0,0160	0,0097	0,0216	1472	1544	1982	1331	4,25
11	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,060	5,7	4,5	6,6	3,0	s	3	0,0177	0,0160	0,0097	0,0216	1472	1544	1982	1331	4,25
12	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,030	2,6	3,9	4,9	5,0	n	1	0,0016	0,0012	0,0027	0,0042	8175	9473	6259	5004	4,25
12	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,030	2,6	3,9	4,9	5,0	n	2	0,0016	0,0012	0,0027	0,0042	8175	9473	6259	5004	4,25
12	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,030	2,6	3,9	4,9	5,0	n	3	0,0016	0,0012	0,0027	0,0042	8175	9473	6259	5004	4,25
13	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,040	3,5	5,4	4,9	5,0	s	1	0,0028	0,0021	0,0052	0,0043	6131	7084	4523	4967	4,25
13	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,040	3,5	5,4	4,9	5,0	n	2	0,0028	0,0021	0,0052	0,0043	6131	7084	4523	4967	4,25
13	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,040	3,5	5,4	4,9	5,0	n	3	0,0028	0,0021	0,0052	0,0043	6131	7084	4523	4967	4,25
14	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,050	4,0	6,0	6,0	5,0	s	1	0,0044	0,0029	0,0064	0,0063	4905	6068	4061	4108	4,25
14	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,050	4,0	6,0	6,0	5,0	n	2	0,0044	0,0029	0,0064	0,0063	4905	6068	4061	4108	4,25
14	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,050	4,0	6,0	6,0	5,0	s	3	0,0044	0,0029	0,0064	0,0063	4905	6068	4061	4108	4,25
15	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,060	4,8	6,9	6,0	5,0	s	1	0,0064	0,0041	0,0085	0,0064	4088	5090	3542	4070	4,25
15	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,060	4,8	6,9	6,0	5,0	s	2	0,0064	0,0041	0,0085	0,0064	4088	5090	3542	4070	4,25
15	14/4/2009	8,5	1	Natural stones	Particles	0,14	2,65	0,0165	38,4	0,060	4,8	6,9	6,0	5,0	s	3	0,0064	0,0041	0,0085	0,0064	4088	5090	3542	4070	4,25

APPENDIX B

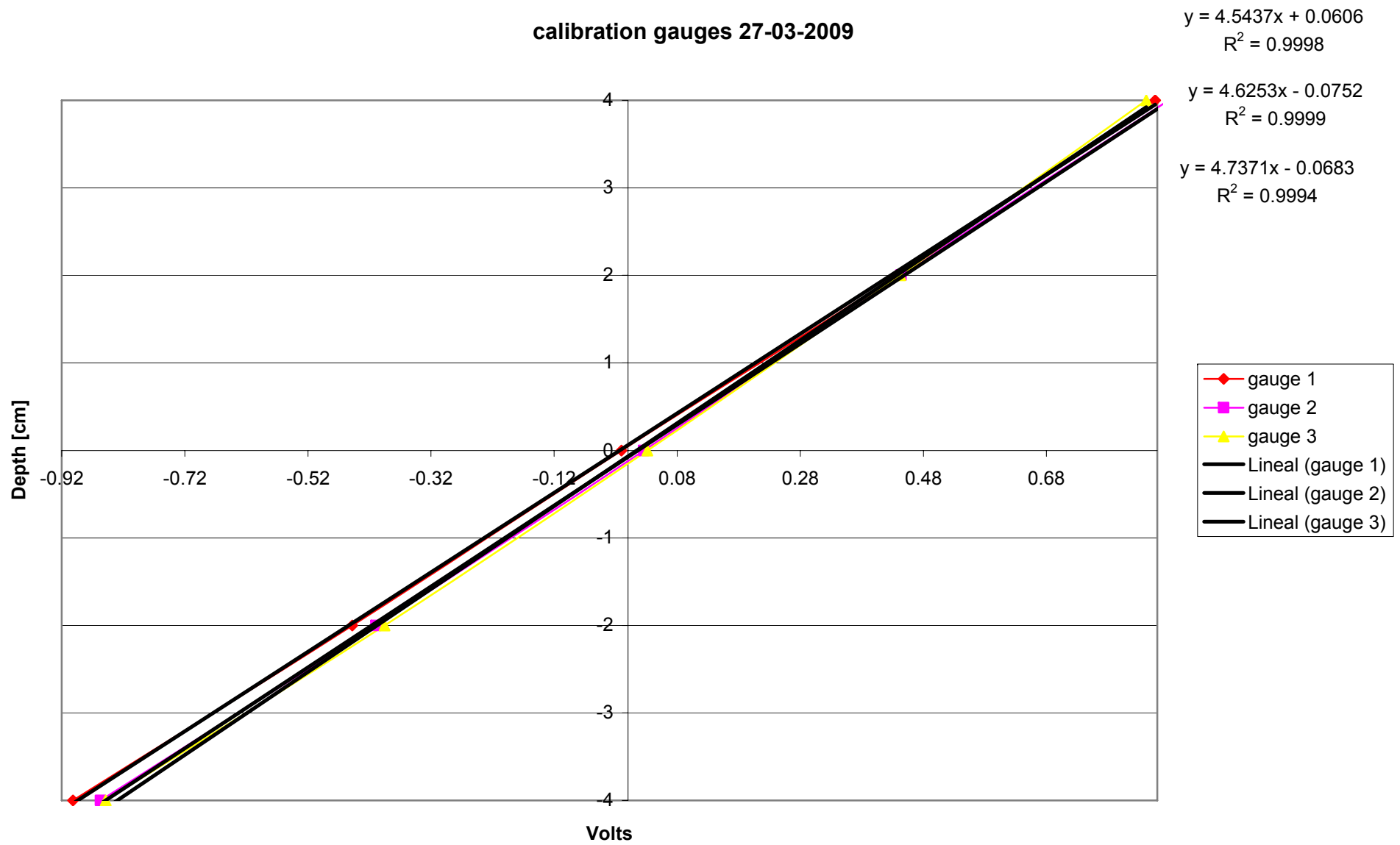
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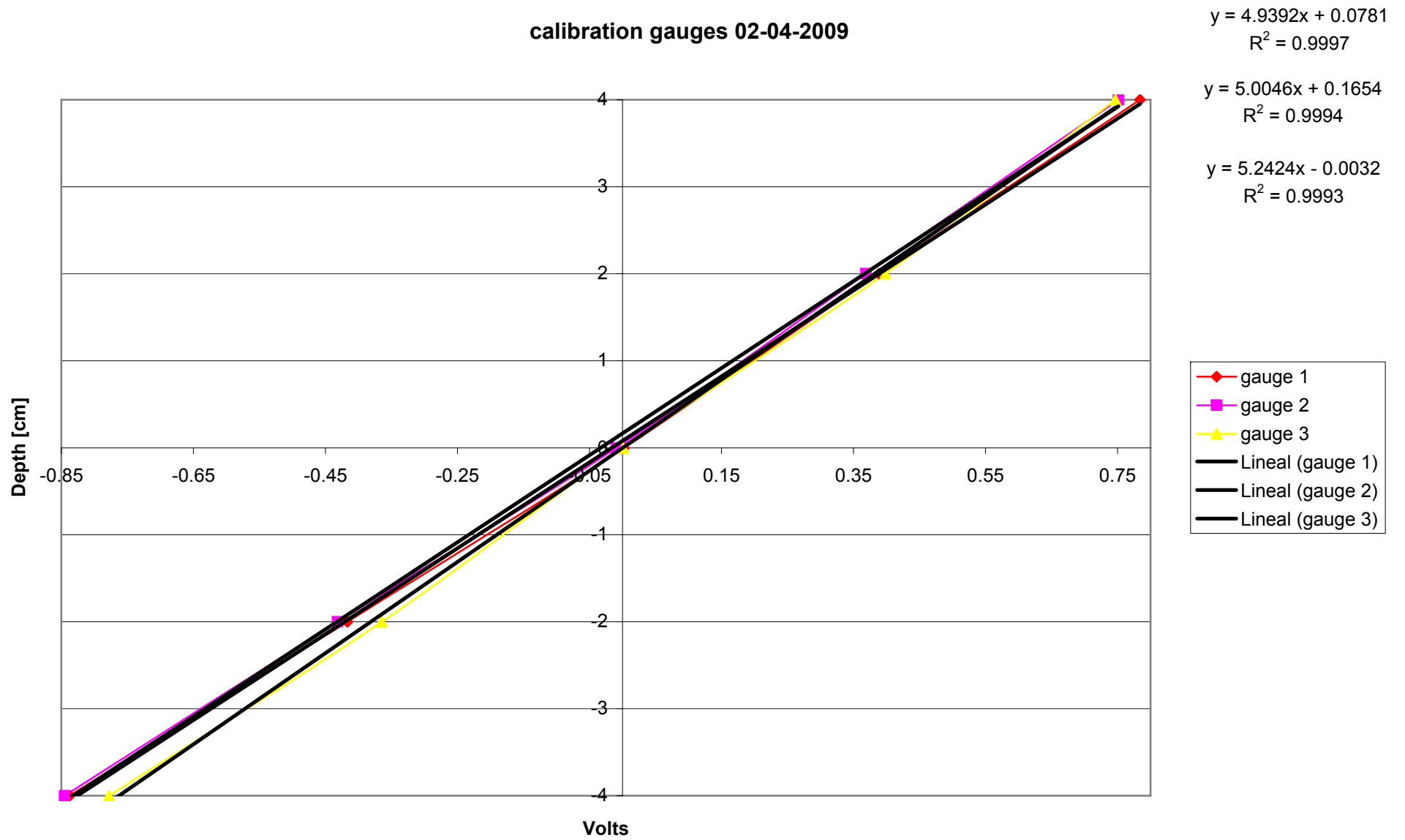
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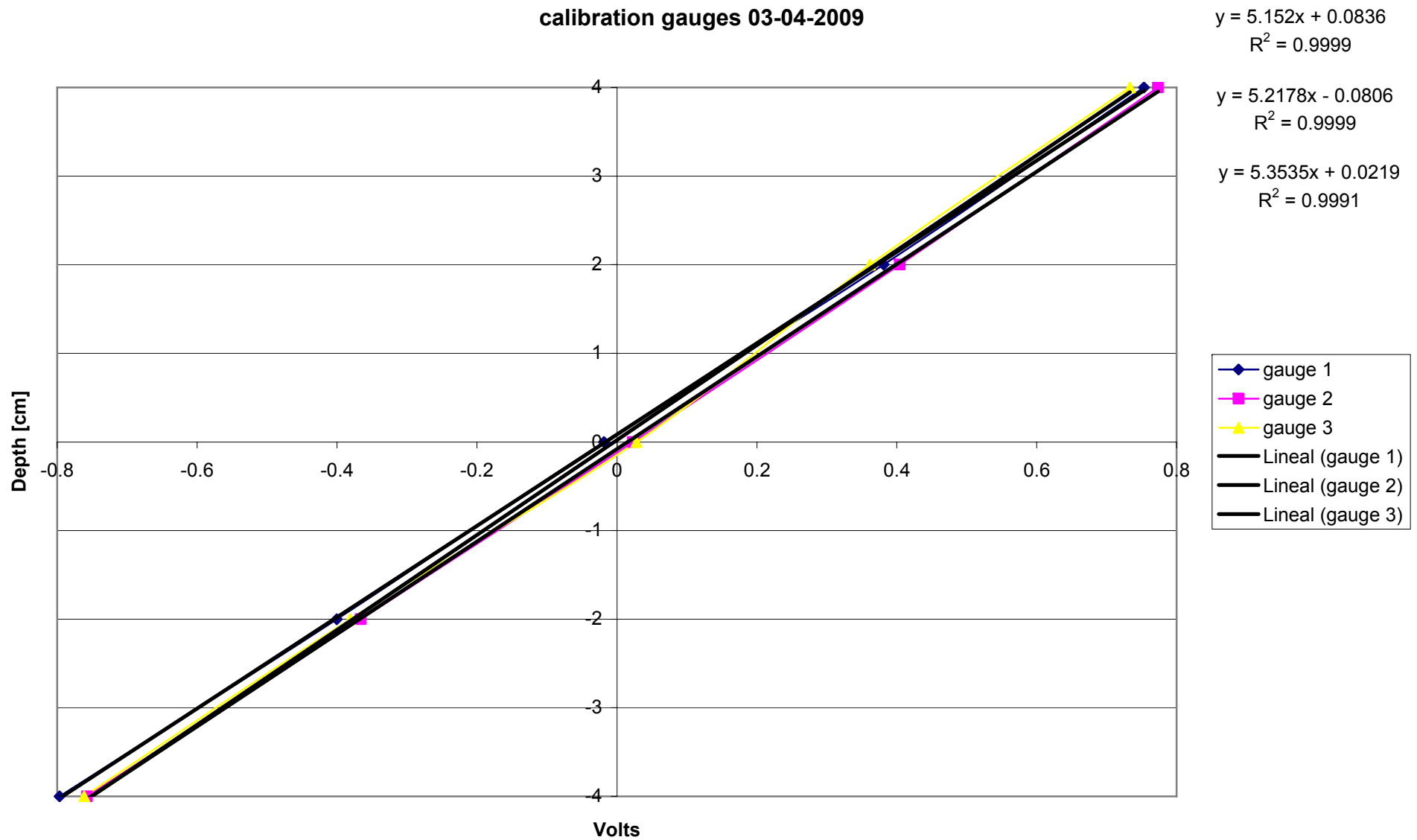
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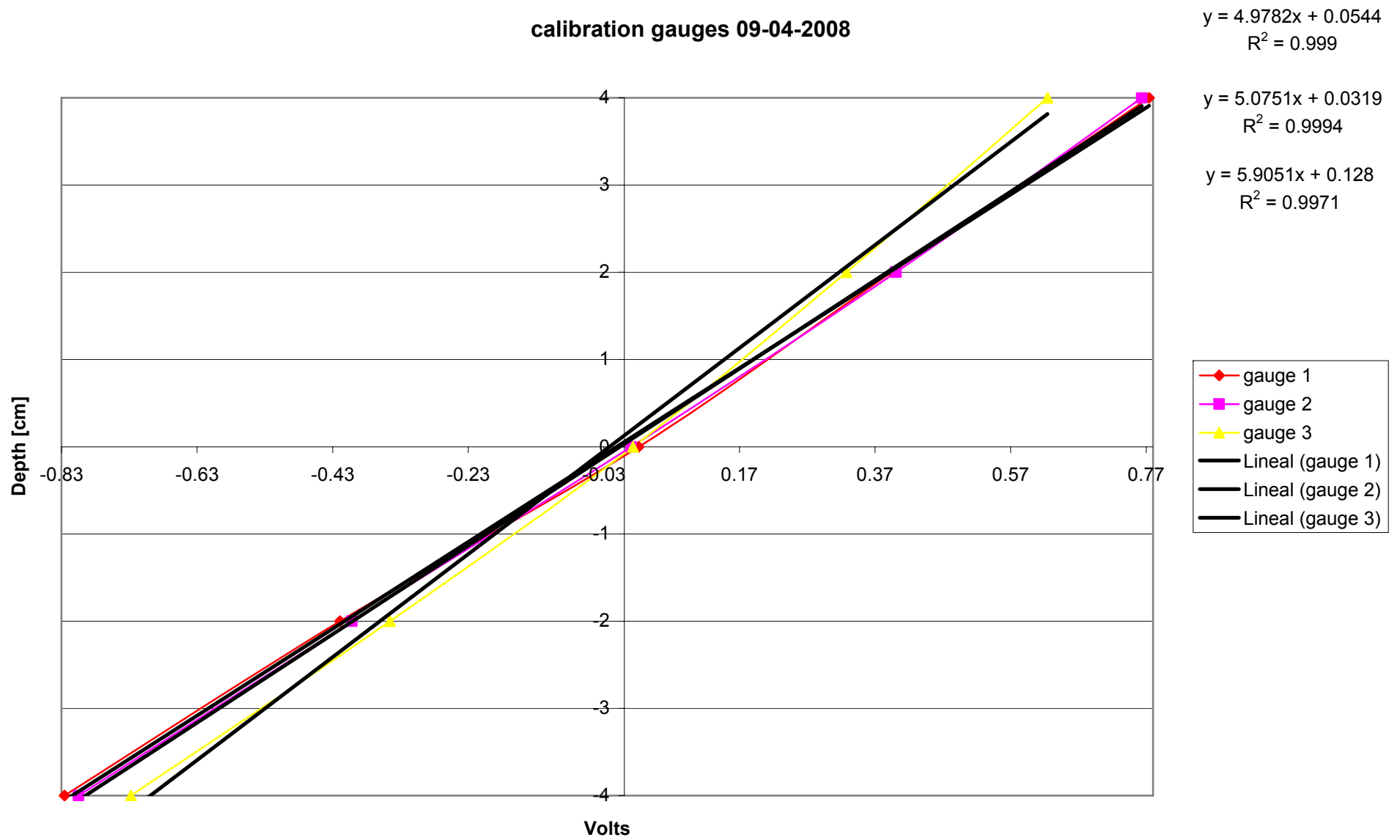
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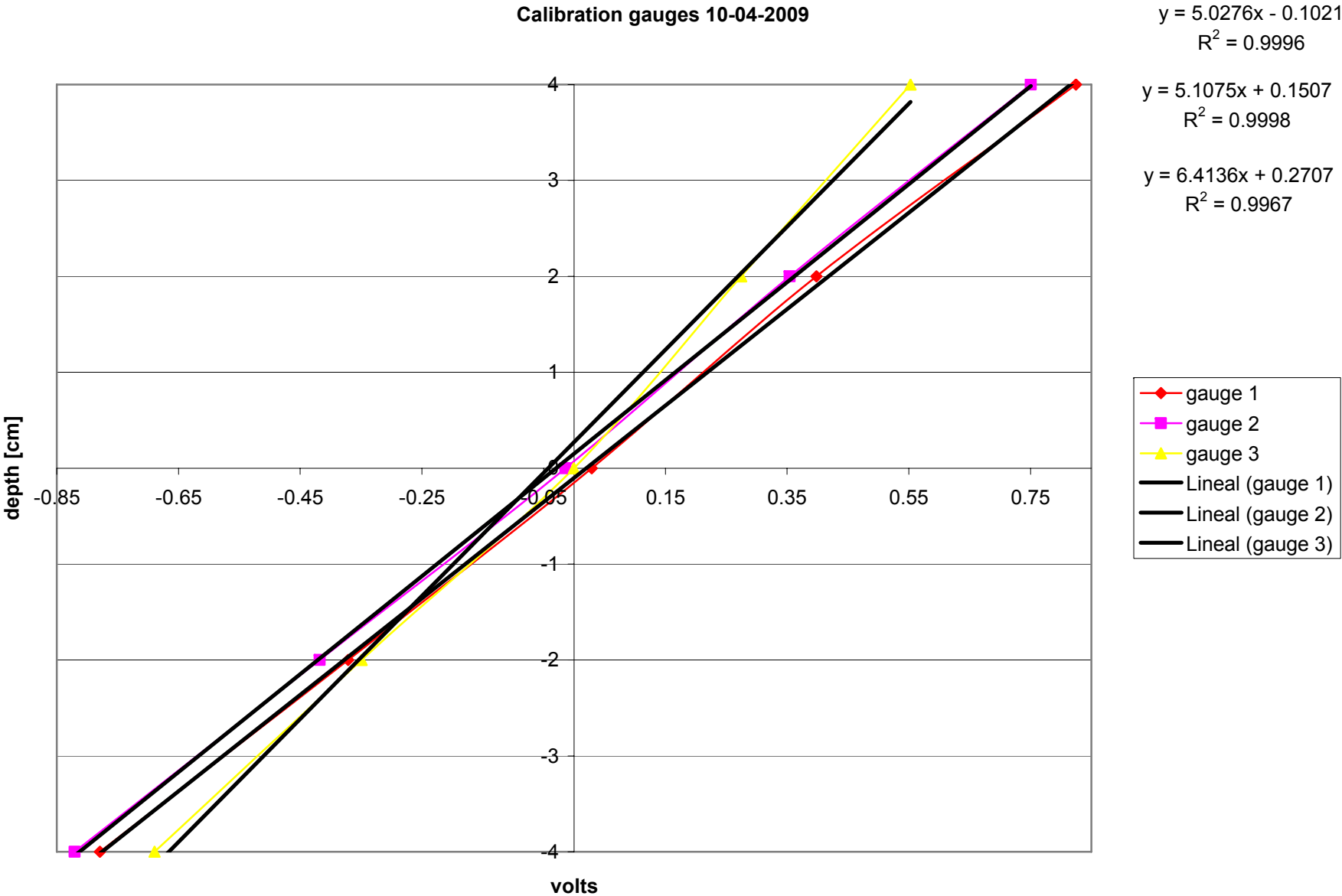
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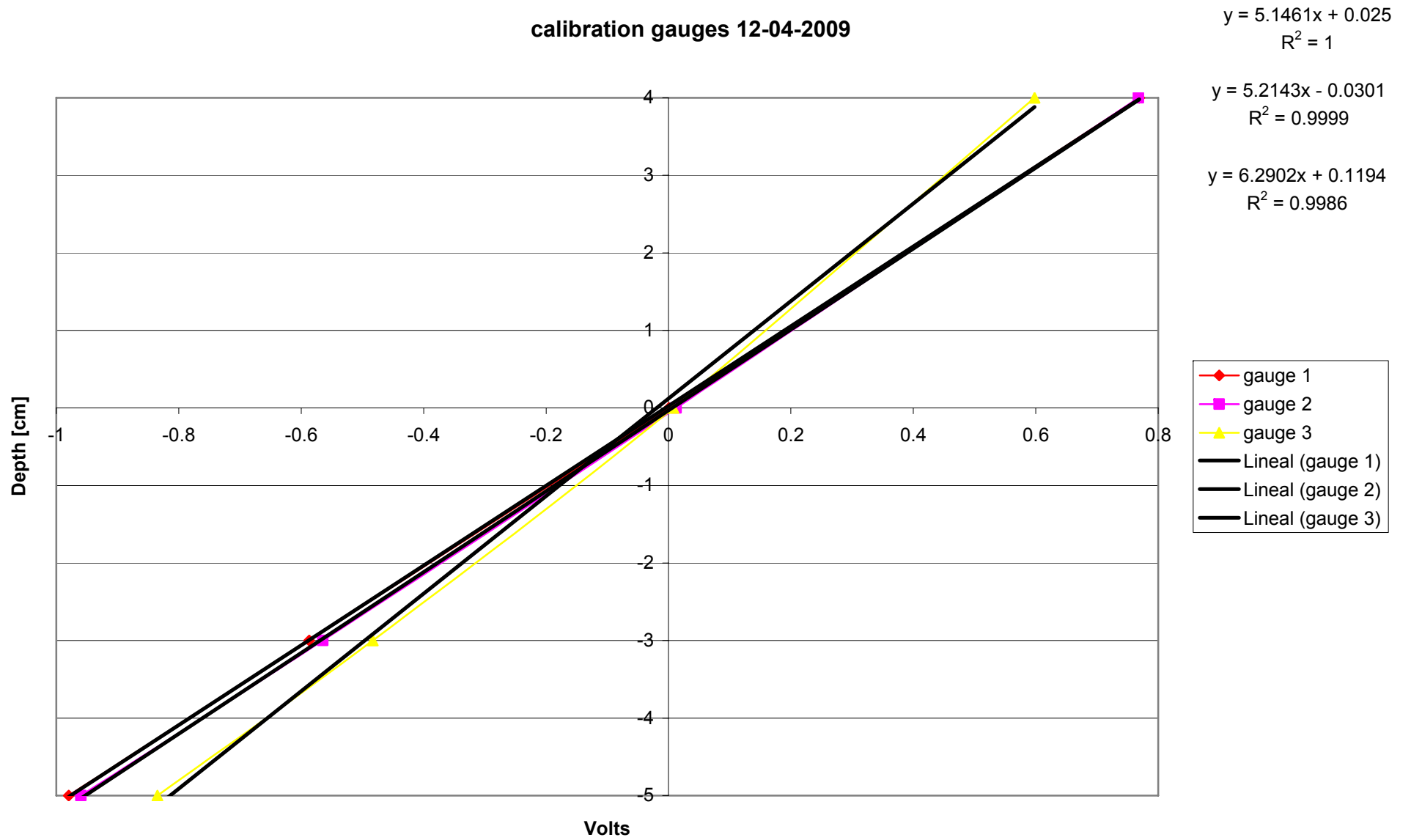
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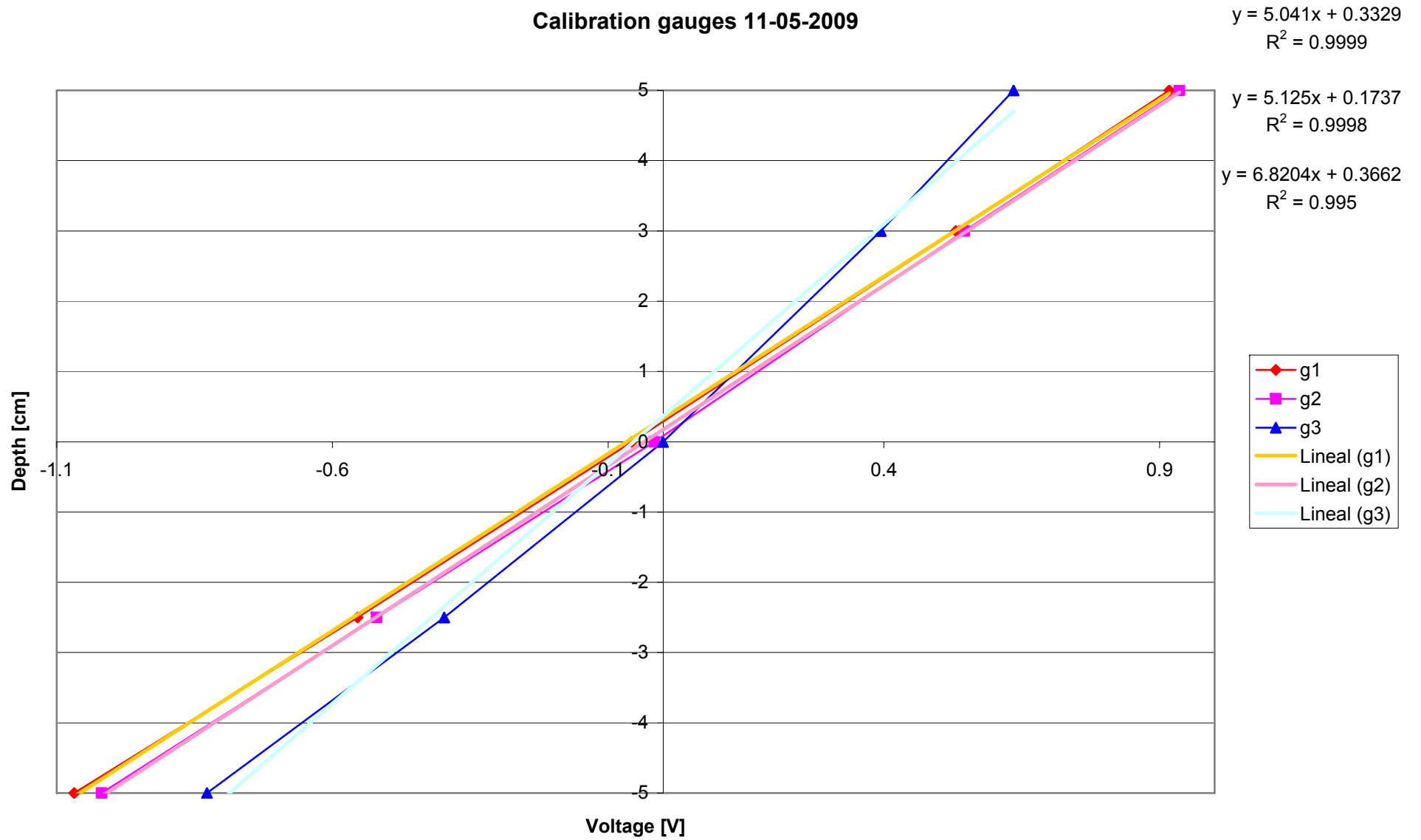
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